neapolis Elects

Other Officers Selected and

Business Transacted.

Minneapolis, Minn., September 9 .- (Spe-

T. Daniel, of Griffin, Ga., was elected great

This is the highest office in the gift of

the order and a position coveted by every

prominent Red Man in America. The elec-

it was received with great satisfaction

Judge Daniel is the first southern man

JUDGE R. T. DANIEL, of Griffin.

to hold this position and the youngest inco

His age will in nowise effect his adminis

tration, for his well-known ability, extra-

with his great energy and perseverance,

most successful and brilliant in the history

The office of great incohonee is the execu-

tive head of the order of Red Men and

for salary and traveling expenses connected with the office. The order has a mem-

bership of about 300,000 and is established in every state in the union. There are

about 3,000 Red Men in Georgia. The great

made in mileage and per diem of the mem-

bers was defeated. The recommendation that the semi-centennial be held in Phila

delphia next year will not be acted on until

honce the order has ever had.

city yesterday.

by the great council.

incohonee.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

ter Suitings in the

Place your order

ship

THERS.

G. 11 FFI 18. G. A. NICOLSON, Cashier, Asst. Cashie

NKING CO.

of the Southern

all Trunks and

or next 30 days.

MAN,

LIEBMAN & SON.

eachtree St.

Renting and Loans. 28

a home? If so, we have ins. A beautiful corner ill street; an elegant home ue: a perfect ideal of a street; just the home you Park. In fact, we have e city and at prices that peckethock

cetbook.
ttage well built, stable, orchard, 9¼ acres of arietta road, which we m, or trade for a home

on.

e very cheap homes for
the city, on very easy
to buy or exchange, call
out the property we have
we can do you good.
It is small, but we have a
yet to rent, and several
ses; also offices and bedu be looking for either,

tate Bargains

E. Ellis, 50x150, \$3,300.

uses near W. Fair, \$500.

t., 40x130; \$50 cash, \$15 per t. \$1,250.

iles from carshed, to ex-

exchange for city prop-

FORREST ADAIR

ind Renting Agent,

ortions of the city, on

nd very near Peachtree

bedroom has a private

rick, fronts east and has

and plazzas. I desire

arding houses of 12 rooms strable. Call or write mi. W. Adair, 14 Wall st.

H. SMITH.

EET, ATLANTA, GA

BOARDING HOUSE

Kimball House.

R RENT

. ADAIR.

nd avenue, \$3,000.

avenue, \$1,300.

TO BUY.

Stockholders' Liability \$320,000 IS A MASTERFUL DOCUMENT

> Splendid Array of Incontrovertible Free Coinage Facts.

> > TRUE DEMOCRATIC DOCTRINE

Notification Committee

Issues of Vital Importance Touched Upon Vigorously.

IS NO DODGING OF ANY QUESTION

Nebraskan Takes the Propositions of the Chicago Platform and Shows with Logical Terseness Their Strength and Their Necessity.

Lincoln, Neb., September 9.-Mr. Bryan today made public his letter accepting the democratic nomination. Its full text fol-

"Hon. Stephen M. White, and Other Members of the Notification Committee of the Democratic Party—Gentlemen: I accept the nomination tendered by you on behalf of the democratic party and in so doing desire to e you that I fully appreciate the high assure you that I tully applicable the honor which such a nomination confers and the grave responsibilities which accompany in election to the presidency of the United States. So deeply am I impressed with the magnitude of the power vested by the con-ditution in the chief executive of the na-tion and with the enormous influence which can wield for the benefit or injury of the people that I wish to enter the office, if circled, free from any personal desire, except the desire to prove worthy of the condence of my county. Human judgment is fallible enough when unblased by selfish considerations, and in order that I may not be tempted to use the patronage of an office to advance any personal ambition, I hereby announce, with all the emphas's words can express, my fixed determination not, under any circumstances, to be a candidate for re-election in case the campaign results in my

"I have carefully considered the platform adopted by the democratic national con-vention and unqualifiedly indorse every

plank thereon "Our institutions rest upon the position that all men being created equal are entitled to equal consideration at the hands created equal, it follows that no citizen has a right to injure another citizen. The main purpose of the government being to protect all citizens in the enjoyment of life, liberty the pursuit of happiness, th's purpos must lead the government, first to avoid acts of affirmative injustice and, second, to retstrain each citizen from trespassing upon the rights of any other citizen. A democratic form of government is conducive to the highest civilization, because it opens re each individual the greatest oppor tunities for development and stimulates to the highest endeavor by insuring to each the full enjoyment of all the rewards of toil, except such contribution as is neces sary to support the government which protects him. Democracy is indifferent to pedifferent deals with the individual rather than with his ancestors. Democracy ignores differences in wealth, neither riches against any citizen. Democracy knows no creed-recognizing the right of each individual to worship God according to the dic-tates of his own conscience, it welcomes all to a common brotherhood and guarantees equal treatment to all, no matter in what character or through what forms they commune with their Creator.

Having discussed portions of the platform at the time of its adoption, and again when its letter of notification was formally red, it will not be necessary at this time to touch upon all the subjects em-braced in its declarations. Honest differences of opinions have ever existed and ever will exist as to the most effective means of der all circumstances the absolute necessi-ty for the prompt and vigorous enforceent of law and the preservation of the

in a government like ours, law b but the crystillization of the will of the people; without it the citizen is neither the enjoyment of life and lib erty, nor protected in the pursuit of happl-

impossible. The democratic party is pledged to defend the constitution and en-force the laws of the United States, and it pledged to protect and defend the al scheme of government instituted by founders of the republic. The name the founders of the republic. The United States was happly chosen. ines the idea of national strength with the idea of local self-government and suggests 'an indissoluble union of inde

Local Self Government.

wise forefathers fearing the ten dency toward centralization, as well as the dangers of disintegration. guarded against both, and national safety, as well stic security, is to be found in the careful observance of the limitations which they impose. It will be noticed that while the United States guarantees to every a republican form of government and sempowered to protect each state against livas on, it is not authorized to interfere n the domestic affairs of any state, except on application of the legislature of the or upon the application of the ex-when the legislature cannot be

"This provision rests upon the sound thethe people of the state, act ng ugh their legally chosen representalives are, because of their more intimate acquaintance with local conditions, better fied than the president to judge of the necessity for federal interference. Those who framed our constitution wisely deter-

mined to make as broad an application of mined to make as broad an application of the principles of local self-government as circumstances would permit, and we cannot dispute the correctness of the position taken them without expressing a distrust of the people themselves. Economy.

"Since governments exist for the protection of the rights of the people and not for their spollation, no expenditure of public money can be justified unless that expenditure is necessary for the honest, economical administration of the government. In determining what appropriations are necessary, the interests of those who pay the taxes should be consulted rather than the wishes of those who receive or disburse public moneys. "Since governments exist for the protec-

Aman's Official Reply to the Bonds.

Bonds.

"An increase in the bonded debt of the United States at this time is entirely without excuse. The issue of interest-bearing bonds within the last few years has been defended on the ground that they were necessary to secure gold with which to redeem United States notes; but this necessity has been imaginary rather than real. Instead of exercising the legal right vested in the United States to redeem its bonds in either gold or silver, the executive branch of the government has followed a precedent established by former administration and surrendered the option to the holder of the obligations. This administrative policy leaves the government at the mercy of those who find pecuniary profit in bond issues.

"The fact that the dealers in money and accurates have been able to deplete or protect the treasury according to their changing whims shows how dangerous it is to permit them to exercise a controlling influence over the treasury department. The government of the United States, when administered in the interest of all the recoadministered in the interest of all the peo-ple, is able to establish and maintain its own financial policy, not only without the aid of any syndicates but in spite of any opposition which the syndicates may exert.
"To assert that the government is de-pendent upon the assistance or good will of a portion of the people other than a constitutional majority, is to assert that we have a government in form, but without

National Bank Currency.

"The position taken by the platform against the issue of paper money by naional banks is supported by the highest democratic authority, as well as demanded by the interests of the people. The pres-ent attempt of the national banks to force the retirement of United States notes and treasury notes n order to secure a basis for a larger issue of their own notes, illustrates the danger which arises from permitting them to issue their paper as a circulating medium. The national bank note, being redeemable in lawful money, has never been better than he United States note, which stands behind it, and yet the banks persistently demand that these United States notes, which draw to interest, shall give place to interest bearing bonds in order that the banks may collect the interest which the poeple now save. To empower national banks to issue circulating notes is to grant a valuable privilege to a favored class, surrender to private corporations the control over the volume of paper money, and build up a class which will claim a vested interest in the national financial policy.

"The United States notes, commonly known as greenbacks, being redeemable in either gold or silver at the option of the government, and not at the option of the holder, are safer and cheaper for the peo-ple than the national bank notes upon inter-est-bearing bonds.

The Monroe Doctrine.

"A dignified, but firm maintenance of the foreign policy first set forth by President Monroe and reiterated by the presidents who have succeeded him, instead of arousing hostility abroad, is the best guarantee of amicable relations with other nations. It is better for all concerned that the United States should resist any extension of European authority in the western hemisphere rather than invite the continual irritation rather than invite the continual irritation which would necessarily result from any attempt to increase the influence of monarchial institutions over that portion of the ial institutions over that portion of the Americas which has been dedicated to re-

Pensions. "No nation can afford to be unjust to its defenders. The care of those who have sufered in the military and naval service of

he country is a sacred duty. "A nation which, like the United States relies upon volunteer service rather than upon a large standing army, adds to its own security when it makes a generous rovision for those who have risked their ives in its defense, and for those who are dependent upon them.

Producers of Wealth. "Labor creates capital. Until wealth is produced by application of brain and muscle to the resources of this country there is nothing to divide among the non-producing classes of society. Since the products of wealth create the nation's prosperity in time of peace, and defend the nation's flag in time of peril, their interests ought at all times to be considered by those who stand in official positions. The democratic party has ever found its voting strength among those who are proud to be known as the common people, and it pledges itself to pronose and enact such legislation as is neces sary to protect the masses in the free exercise of every political right and in the enjoyment of their just share of the rewards

Arbitration. "I desire to give special emphasis to the

plank which recommends such legislation as is necessary to secure the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employes. Arbitration is not a new idea. It is simply an extension of the court of justice. The la-boring men of the country have expressed a desire for arbitration, and the railroads cannot reasonably object to the dec rendered by an impartial tribunal. Society has an interest even greater than the interest of employes, and has a right to pro tect itself by courts of arbitration against the growing inconvenience and embarrassnts occasioned by disputes by those who own the great arteries of commerce on the one hand and the laborers who operate them, upon the other.

Immigration. "While the democratic party welcomes to the country those who come with love for our institutions and with determination and ability to contribute to the prosperity of our nation, it is opposed to the dumping of criminal classes upon our shores and to the importation of either pauper or contract labor to compete with American la-

Injunctions.

"The recent abuses which have grown out of injunction proceedings have been so emphatically condemned by public opinion that the senate bill providing for trial by jury in certain contempt cases will meet with general approval.

Trusts. trusts. It would be recream to its duty to the reople of the country if it recognized either the moral or the legal right of those great aggregations of "The democratic party is opposed to of those great aggrerations of wealth to stifle competition, benkrupt rivals and then prey upon society. Corporations are the creatures of law and they must not be permitted to pass from under the control of permitted to exist upon the theory that

Continued on Second Page.

Objects to the Bulldozing Methods of Great Sun Council in Session at Min- New Jersey Democratic State Committee

the Railroads. RESENTMENT AT COERCION JUDGE DANIEL, OF GRIFFIN GREAT ENTHUSIASM SHOWN

Official Order Requests Railway Em- The Great Incohonee of the Order. ployes To Vote for Democracy.

FREE COINAGE RECEIVES FULL INDORSEMENT

Signers of the Circular Point Out to proved Order of Red Men convened in this the Members the Danger in McKinley.

Terre Haute, Ind., September 9.-The directors of the American Railway Union tonight issued an address to all members of the American Railway Union and to all railway employes in the United States denouncing the coercion of railway employes to join McKinley "sound money" clubs and calling on all wage earners to vote for Bryan. The address is signed by Eugene V. Debs, James H. Egan, Silves ter Kelihor, William E. Burns, R. M. Goodwin and M. J. Elliott.

The address says the coercion practiced is of monstrous importance, describes the methods practiced as "astounding," says the round houses, depots and shops have emporarily been converted into political wigwams and that employes are intimidated by the railway managers.

"We know of many instances," continu the address, "where employes are plainly given to understand that their continuance in service depends upon their supporting the gold standard candidates. The country stands amazed at such bold and shameless intimidation."

The address declares that it is not free liver alone that has enraged the railroad moloch, but the attack in the democratic platform on government by injunction. This, it says, is the milk in the cocoanut. The injunction history of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan road, and the Jenkins injunction restraining employes from quitting the service of the Northern Pacific because of a reduction of wages under penalty of being committed to jail are reviewed. The election of McKinley, the circular says, would mean the perpetration of government by injunction, the supremacy of the corporations and the elpless subjection of employes. The democratic platform is commended

In conclusion the address says: "We pledge our united and unwavering support to William J. Bryan and appeal to all railway employes and all workingmen to join with us in rebuking corporate tyranny.'

Judge Caldwell's designation of Bryan's nomination as the greatest since Lincol was heartily concurred in,

CIRCULARS OF RAILROAD MEN. Rouse's Article Against Free Coinage

Is Flooding Shops.
Sedalia, Mo., September 9.—(Special.)-Unusual efforts to enforce the vote of railway employes are being used throughout he southwest. Hundreds of circular letters have been received at the Sedalia

REPUBLICAN FRAUD AND CORRUPTION.

of the order.

James Creelman in The New York World. The worst element in this campaign is the part which Mark Hanna's fund is play-Candor compels me to give the facts without regard to whether Mr. Bryan's election would be a good thing or a bad thing. There is plenty of evidence, in my pinion, to show that this is rapidly becoming the most corrupt and corrupting political struggle known to the American people. Bryan may be defeated, but the influence of money and of Mark Hanna's meth-

ods upon the voters of Wisconsin, in common with the voters of other states, will ot disappear after election day. Let me give one example. I speak of a matter I know and understand. The Reliance machine works, owned by the Edward P. Allis Company, are situated in Mil-

waukee. There are employed in this establishment something like 1,800 men. Here the Bryan sentiment is very strong. It is an absolute fact that eighteen workingmen in this establishment are at this

coment on the pay roll of the republican state committee as secret political agitators. Their companions are ignorant of this fact and do not suspect it. The result is that these men have an influence which they could not possibly wield The republican committee has also, I am informed, upon its pay rolls a large

ingmen. In several of the factories here gold standard arguments are pinned each week to the envelopes containing wages. The republican committee has also sent men into the minings districts of Wisconsin to offer \$5 in Mexican silver for \$2.75 in American money.

It is impossible to make an honest statement of the political situation in Wiscon-

number of men in another establishment, which employs about two thousand work-

sin today without revealing these facts, but McKinley will carry the state without a doubt.

on railways and railway men, being a letter from Henry C. Rouse, president of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway Company, published by request, from The Railway Age, Chicago." The circular is dated 45 Wall street, New York, July 31st, and contains about 2,000 words. President Rouse declares in his letter

that the hard times are due to silver agitation, and after discussing the silver question at length, says:
"The effect of this upon the wageearner and all railway employes is self ev.dent, for unless wages double he will be a poorer man than he was before. The

"Free coinage-the effect it would have

a poorer man than he was before. The purchasing power of the so-called dollar is to be cut in half; to this extent he will be impoverished unless his wages advance proportionately. But all in the net reves of the railway companies are already expended in the payment of existing wages and other expenses, and there is nothing left to meet any fresh demand."

He says disaster to the railroads would be follow free coinage, because they could re-ceive revenue from traffic in silver and would have to pay interest on their mort-

gages in gold.

Fresident Rouse informs his thousands of employes that they would get but 53 cents for every dollar they have in savings banks. concludes by saying: eaving the higher motive of honesty patriotism out of consideration, self-

"Leaving the higher motive of nonesty and patriotism out of consideration, self-interest should prompt every workingman to announce by his vote in November for the 'sound money' standard."

The employes of the railway shops here have received these circulars. Some of the men became so indignant that they stamped these missives under their feet, wfile others dare not manifest their indignation. THORT NOTE OF THE EMBASSIES

Warning the Sultan in Regard to the Massacres. London, September 9.—Following is the text of the unanimous note from the va-rious embassies at Constantinople, sent to sultan, on August 17th; "We regret the events. They ought to cease immediately; otherwise they will bring prejudice upon Turkey and your dy-nasty."

Other officers elected were: Andrew Paton, Danvers, Mass., great rophet; George E. Green, Bingham great senior sagamore; E. D. Wiley, sMoines, Ia., great junior sagamore. Judge Robert T. Daniel, the great inco honee, is well and favorably known in At-lanta, and all over Georgia. He is one of the best and most successful of the young er lawyers in the state. While he has held but few political offices he is an active fac-tor in political matters. He is the mos

reported to have been increased to \$3:345.

prominent secret society man in and as an Odd Fellow and Red Man he is known and loved all over Georgia. He i an orator of unusual ability, a strong and HILL REMAINED IN THE CITY.

Did Not Go to the Seaside, but Met Political Leaders. New York, September 9. -Senator David B. Hill did not go to Normandie-by-the-sea

last evening, as he intended, but remained at Hotel Normandie, in this city.

He had an extended conference at the ho tel last evening with Chairman James D. Hinkley, of the state democratic committ ex-Lieutenant Governor William F. Shee-han and his brother, John C., who has recently been active in arranging for Tam-many's reception to William J. Bryan when ae returns to this city. Chairman Hinkley and Messrs. Stanch-

field and Collins, of Elmira, called upon Senator Hill again this morning, and the conferences upon the situation in this state were resumed. It is reported that Senator Hill is appealing to the Tammany leaders and others who preparing to force the indorsement of Bryan and the Chicago platform upon Buffalo convention next week, and urg-

ing that a compromise course be adopted in order to prevent a split in the democratic party in this state. Indiana Democratic Committee. Indianapol's, Ind., September 9.—The democratic state central committee will meet in this city tomorrow. Sterling R. Holt will tender his resignation as chairman of the

A. R. U. IS FOR BRYAN GOES TO A GEORGIAN SILVER WINS AGAIN

Declares for Bryan.

State Democracy Is Unanimously for Chicago Platform.

ALL ITS PLANKS UNEQUIVOCALLY INDORSED

cial.)-The Great Sun council of the Im-McMillin, of Tennessee, Made a Stiring Address to the Convention. The election of officers for the ensuing Harmonious Meeting. two years was held today. Judge Robert

Trenton, N. J., September 9 .- The democratic state convention met in the Taylor opera house today to select Bryan electors. At 12:30 o'clock Samuel Fowler, acting for tion of Judge Daniel was unanimous and Chairman Smith, of the state committee, called the convention to order, and the mention of Bryan's name was the signal for an outburst of applause three times repeated from all parts of the house. Mr. Fowler reported that the state committee had agreed on Hon. Augustus W. Cutler, of Morris county, for temporary chairman of the convention, and Mr. Cutler was received with

Mr. Cutler, in taking the chair, made an address in which he quoted Abraham Lincoln's speech at the close of the war, calling attention to the future danger from the concentration of wealth in the hands of the few as a creater menage to our national state of the few as of the few as a greater menace to our nation even than the civil war had been. Mr. utler declared that the time which Mr. Lincoln had feared was now upon us. He then delivered a free silver address.

The secretaries of the convention were anounced and the convention then proceeded to appoint committees on permanent organzation, credentials, rules and resolutions, which occupied the time till recess. It was decided that all resolutions should go direct the committee on resolutions.

Honored Yesterday by the Red Men at Minneapolis. The committee on permanent organization ecided on Senator William D. Daly, of Hudson, for permanent chairman, and the temporary secretaries to be continued. received with tumultuous applause. In taking the chair he made a brief address, excusing himself from lengthy remarks beordinary good judgment, familiarity with the laws and usages of the order, together cause of the distinguished gentleman who was to speak later, Mr. McMillin, of Ten-nessee. He concluded by presenting Mr. will enable him to make his administration what his friends confidently expect, the McMillin

Chicago Platform Indorsed. The hall rang with applause when he came to the front of the platform. Mr. Mc-Millin said, among other things, that we are the tenure of office is for two years. He trying to defeat an attempt to destroy one presides at all the meetings of the great of the constitutional forms of our currency council; has a general supervision over all the branches of the order; grants dispen-sations; hears all appeals and decides all and then made an eloquent speech for sil-

questions of law and usage that arise.
There is an annual appropriation of \$4,800 platform. It was adopted with one dis- following letter: senting voice.

It ratifles and indorses the national demo-eratic platform adopted at Chicago, and the candidates nominated thereon; pledges hon-

est, earnest and hearty endeavor to secure their election; insists that the platform adopted at Chicago is thoroughly democouncil devoted its morning session to the consideration of the finance committee's report. Its recommendation that a cut be cratic and purely American, and with its enforcement relief will come to the toil masses and it will advance the general prosperity of our country. It declares it to be a principle of free government that the minority should submit to the will of the majority; any other policy

would be destructive of self-government and party organization Denounces the interference of any em-ployer of labor, private or corporate, to coerce or intimidate the voter in the free ex-

ercise of the right of suffrage.

The convention adopted a resolution that the respective county committees fill vacancies caused by the resignations from the state committee. Another resolution urg-ing the organization of democratic clubs for affiliation with the national league of

for affiliation with the national league of clubs was adopted.

Presidential electors were then selected. A resolution prevalled formally instructing the electors to cast their ballots for Bryan and Sewall.

The convention at 4:20 o'clock adjourned.

"THULLOW WEED BARNES."

Mr. Cockran, in refusing the nomination. The convention at 4:30 o'clock adjourned.

THEY WILL UNDO THE WRONG. Pennsylvania Democrats Will Wipe Out Actions of Snap Convention.

Harrisburg, Pa., September 9.-Silver seniment is in the lead in the state capital onight, on the eve of the reconvened demeratic state convention. Of the four hundred and fifty odd delegates the gold leaders thus far only lay claim to fifty-one, and with this overwhelming majority against them, they will probaly not attempt enforce their claims for recognition in the organization of the convention. The question at issue, whether the officers of the original state convention at Allentown on April 29th should act in their capacities at the reconvened gathering, was decided adversely tonight by the state executive committee, and as a consequence the convention tomorrow will have all the elements of an entirely new body. There is an absence of enthusiasm and the customary ante-convention crowds are not in evidence, although it is stated that every county in the state will be represented at the convention.

THEY WILL INDORSE BRYAN. Colorado Republicans Meet at Denver Large Attendance. Denver, Col., September 9.-The republi-

an state convention met this morning in the Broadway theater. There was a very The convention was called to order by

Chairman Broad, of the state central comnittee. J. M. Downing, of Aspen. was elasted temporary chairman, and after the appointment of committees, the convention adjourned till 2 p. m. The convention will declare for Bryan and Sewall electors and for the return to the senate of H. M. Teller. It is not probable that a fusion on a state ticket will be agreed to, although an effort will be made to that end. COLORADO SILVER CONVENTION.

Committee Appointed To Meet One from the Populists.

Denver Col., September 9.—The state convention of the silver party met in the Tabor opera house today and discussed at some length the question of fusion.
was decided to appoint a committee eleven on conference to meet the confe ence committees of the populists and the silver republicans. The convention adopted resolutions indorsing Bryan and Sewall electors to be named by the fusion conference committee, and indorsed Senator Telence committee, and indoned to indorse ler for re-election, but declined to indorse Penresentatives Shafroth and Bell. No

The silver republican state conventio held two sessions in the Broadway theater but accomplished little. The democratic and silver party committees are ready to meet in conference, but the populist dele-gation from Pueblo has not arrived and the silver republicans have not yet selected their committee. The situation is most confusing tonight.

TALKED FUSION ALL DAY LONG. Republicans and Populists of North Carolina Still Wide Apart.

Raleigh, N. C., September 9.—(Special.)-The populists and republicans have mad a day of it. The republican sub-commit ee of the state committee and the popu list provisional committee, consisting of Chairman Ayer, Zach Garrett and John A liscussion was nearly all regarding state fusion. The populists were eager for D. L. Russell to be dropped as the head of the republican ticket, so Guthrie could get that place, and that Hendersen, republican for auditor, should be dropped in favor of Ayer, populist. The republicans said they were willing to have co-operation and give all the offices save the governor, but want ed Russuell and Guthrie to fight that out Marshall Mott, of the republican sub-com-mittee, declared that Russell should never come down and that if he did he (Mott) would take his place. Chairman Ayer de-clared Russell must come down as a con-dition of fusion.

The republican committee had a brief af-

ernoon session, but took another rewaiting to see what the populists would do.
At 7 o'clock the populist committee sent
its proposition to the republican committee.
It was that as to national matters neither party shall interfere with the other as upon the populists would indorse Robert M. Douglas for the supreme court, and Zeb Vance Walzer for auditor.

The first shape in which the proposition

as to national matters was prepared was that the republicans must allow the popu-lists to fuse with the democrats on the national ticket if they see fit. This was modified as above.

SILVER REPUBLICANS WON. Test of Their Strength in the Montana Convention.

Helena, Moi.., September 9.-The repub lican state convention met this atternoon The test strength of the silver When the convention reconvened at 2:30 and gold forces came on the o'clock his name was presented and was selection of the temporary chairman The silver men won by a majority of fifty. There are many contests, and the convention will not be organized before tomorrow.

REPUBLICANS WANT COCKRAN

Offier Him Congressional Nomination. He Refuses, but Says He Will Vote with Them.

New York, September 9 .- (Special.)-Bourke Cockran was today offered the republican nomination for congress, in the

following letter:

"The Hon. Bourke Cockran, New York—Dear Sir: As no pronounced sound money republican equipped to make a vigorous campaign has developed in the twelfth district as a candidate for congress, it has been suggested that yod, whose safe and conservative visws on this the great issue now before the people, are well known, and which would ensure your election, might be willing to accept the nomination from the republicon convention and stand in the district substantially on the platform in the district substantially on the platform lopted by the republican national conven-

tion.

"I am aware that you have no new laurels to gain by an election to congress, but the situation is peculiar and must be met in a patriotic spirit in view of the great pressure that is brought to send to congress men whose views on finance are crude and fantastic at a time when the prosperity of the country demands the sort of legislation that you are known to favor. The district in question is democratic; if the republicans fail to make a strong nomination that the sort is cetting a big popular subscription. district in question is democratic; if the republicans fail to make a strong nomination, it might be lost to the cause of sound money, whereas conditions may arise wherein your acceptance of the nomination as above would insure a congressional

unces for Major McKinley, despite the

fact that there are two democratic tickets out. In his reply he says, among other things: "I am deeply sensible of the compliment which you have paid me, in asking me to become a candidate for congress in the twelfth district. I have not the slightest doubt that any person who may be nominated by the republican convention and indorsed by the sound money emocrats will be elected by a decisive majority. but I am, nevertheless, constrained to de

cline the invitation with which you have honored me.
"The assault led by Mr. Bryan on American honor and industry is fraught with such danger to the country that I shall vote for Major McKinley as the most effective method by which I can aid in preventing its success."

ONLY INCREASES THE MAJORITY For the Democrats When Belated Returns Came In.

Little Rock, Ark., September 9.—The re-turns from the state election, received up to noon today, show increasing majorities in the various counties for the democratic

o be the only counties which elect full



D. W. JONES. Elected Governor of Arkansas by an Esti-mated Majority of 65,000.

republican tickets, while the populists are now confined to Clark county, whereas two years ago they captured five represen-tatives in the leg.slature and the republi-

cans four. It will be at least two weeks before all the returns will be in, but enough is now known to make the estimate of 65,000 ma-Representatives Shafroth and Bell. No state ticket was named and the convention jority for the democrats an assured fact.

Wall Street Grows Hysterical Over Growth of "Silver Craze,"

"SOMETHING MUST BE DONE"

Probable That Palmer and Buckner Will Be Scratched.

COCKRAN STICKS TO M'KINLEY

Senator Quay Says That Free Coinage Is a Lively Subject.

ARKANSAS ELECTION MAKES GOLD MEN SAD

They See in It a Small Suggestion of a Groundswell That Is Approaching from the Southwest and Sweeping Across the Country.

New York, September 9 .- (Special.)-Will the Indianapolis presidential ticket be with-

drawn before the election? This is the question that was being asked in Wall street today. According to the views of many of the

hard money democrats here the Palmer-Buckner combine is apt to handicap rather than aid the cause of the Canton statesman. There are so many deflections of silverites from the ranks of the republican party in various parts of the country that Wall street is beginning to be worried over the fact that the third ticket will cut off com-

pletely any compensating advantages from democratic goldbug votes. The logic of recent events according to Wall street's way of thinking, is to "fire both barrels" for McKinley, as Don Dickinson would say. The recent election in Arkansas has only tended to impress upon the gold standard people the urgency and wisdom of eliminating the Indianapolis tick-

et from the electoral equation.

here is getting a big popular subscription for the free silver campaign serves to stimulate the anti-silver people to renewed activity. Senator Quay is directing the republican bureau here in the absence of Hanna, and insists that the "silver craze" is the liveliest thing he has ever tackled. Hence the talk of withdrawing the third ticket.

Henry Hentz, chairman of the sound mony committee of the chamber of commerce, a goldbug democrat, announces that henceforth he will work hard for McKinley. He tells his friends that he is doing absolutely nothing for the third ticket, and that the chamber of commerce has turned over its so-called sound money "crusade" to the republican national committee

In short the Indianapolis ticket was only designed as a net to catch "fool democrats," as one of the leaders here puts it. Every goldbug, no matter what his party affiliations, will support McKinley, and this means Whitney, Flower, Hewitt, Fairchild and many other big democrats.

To be exact, Palmer and Buckner are playing the role of scarecrows in the presidential field, and the only thing they are scaring away is a big lot of voters from their own ranks. Hence Wall street is now onsidering the advisability of dispensing with the "relics of departed greatness," and letting the Ohio Napoleon's hat and Mr. Bryan's free silver headgear alone adorn

The action of Bourke Cockran today in announcing that he would vote for McKinley is another evidence of the situation. If the third ticket is not withdrawn the candidates will simply be a decoy by which gold men may cast McKinley votes

HANNA WILL HELP THEM OUT. Republicans and Gold Standard Democrats in Virginia in Funds.

Richmond, Va., September 9.—(Special.) The democratic managers assert that the republicans and the gold standard demorepublicans and the gold standard 'demo-crats have a campaign fund of \$100,000 which is to be used in this state. They pro-fess to be able to show that this fund has been assured by Hanna's national committee and certain large corporate in-terests. It is intimated that this money is to be used in part on election officers and in somewhat similar ways. The idea is, upon the pretense of compensating these officials for seeing that a fair election is held in the high negro districts, such officials is, apon. the precase of the state is a fair election is held in the big negro districts, such officials may be indirectly improperly influenced.

The Virginia campaign promises to be red-hot from now on to the day of election. Ex-Governor William E. Cameron, who headed the repudiation movement in the state issue of 1881, and Senator John W. Daniel, who stood for paying every deliar of the state's obligations, are now the most conspicuous champions of "sound money" and free silver respectively. Both these speakers have just opened their campaign at Danville, the scene of the bloody riot on the eve of the great political contest of 1883. Fifteen or twenty negroes lost their lives in that affair. Cameron was vent further bloodshed. He is now making ringing single standard speeches and ar ralgning Senator Daniel for his inconsist ency in supporting the plank in the Chi cago platform, which opposes resort to federal troops in state matters.

# BRYAN'S ITINERARY

Where He Will Speak and Complete List of His Second Tour.

ARRANCEMENTS ALL MADE

Before Returning He Will Invade Tom Reed's Home.

WILL ALSO GO THROUGH NEW YORK

Will Speak at Louisville, the Nest of Kentucky Goldbuggery, and North Carclina.

Lincoln, Neb., September 9.-Mr. Bryan today gave out a corrected itinerary of his scuthern and eastern trip as far as arranged. He will leave Lincoln Friday, September 11th, at 9:15 by the Missouri Pacific read, arriving in Kansas City at 7 o'clock the next morning, and leave there about 9 o'clock over the Wabash for St. Louis. He will not speak in Kansas City.

The route from Kansas City to St. Louis will enable him to make addresses at Mexico and Moberly. He will reach St. Louis Saturday evening about 6 o'clock, make three speeches there and go to Salem, Ill., his old home, that night or Sunday morning via the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern. Returning to St. Louis by the same route Sunday night or the next morning. Mr. Bryan will proceed by the Louisville and Nashville road to Louisville, stopping at Henderson, Ky., to make a speech there in the afternoon

Monday night will be spent in Louisville and Tuesday the candidate will go by the sville and Nashville to Lexington making speeches en route at Frankfort and Versailles. He will speak in Lexington in the afternoon, go to Maysville, Ky., immediately upon concluding his address and return to Lexington in the evening to take the 10 o'clock train for Asheville, N C., via Harriman, Tenn., and Knoxville Tenn. Asheville will be reached at 1 p. m. Wednesday, September 16th.

Mr. Bryan has not arranged his North Carolina itinerary, but he will spend two days in that state, going to Richmond, Va., by a route not yet selected, to speak there on the 18th, Washington in the afternoon of the 19th and Baltimore the same even ing. He will make speeches in Delaward and New Jersey after leaving Baltimore on the 20th, but the date of his arrival in New York is uncertain. He is scheduled to speak in Brooklyn on the 22d, but will not make an address in New York before his return from a trip through New Eng-

He will be back in New York in time to speak on the 28th instant. Boston will be visited on the New England trip and the candidate will also go into Maine to make some speeches. Mrs. Bryan will oot accompany her husband on this tour, but will probably join him before his return to Nebraska somewhere in the middle west.

at the Lincoln hotel to Chairman George A. Groot and the members of the national silver party's committee on notification. Bryan Will Speak at Fredericksburg. Fredericksburg, Va., September 9.—William J. Bryan, the democratic candidate

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan gave a dinner today

nt, will speak in this city September 19th, in the morning, on his way from Richmond to Washington

### OLD BANK CLOSES ITS DOORS. Charge of Defalcation, but Officers Are Reticent.

Washington, September 9.-Comptroller Eckels was notified this morning that the Union National bank, at New Orleans, had closed its doors. He directed Bank Examiner Johnson to take charge, who reported that the president of the bank explained the suspension as due to defalcation. Neither the amount of defalcation, nor the name of the guilty official is given. The Union National bank was founded in 1839 and is one of the oldest banks in the city. It had always been a prosperous and paying institution until some time ago it became known in business circles that it was not thoroughly sound. This shakiness dates back to the huge failure of V. & N. Meyer cotton factors and general merchants. The bank was badly crippled by their failure and has never recovered. Its depositors were principally cotton men, insurance and other corporations. It was almost strictly a commercial paper handler and made demand loans on ordinary unsecured paper to the last. This money generally went to the

Since the failure of the American National the distrust caused by that event has accentuated matters for the Union and the associated banks of the clearing house decided to lend it assistance and espe because of the excitement and flurry that ted. This got out and gave the depositors generally a chance to



downhill every day. They lose health and life just when the possibilities of life seem greatest. Some slight disorder, carelessly neglected, is reinforced by other kindred troubles. Indigestion, indicated by sourness of the stomach, flatulency, heartburn, and disfress after eating, are followed by disordered liver, constipation, headaches, kidney disease loss of appetite manner. young people start.
They lose health
he possibilities of life kidney disease, loss of appetite, nervous-ness, debility and loss of flesh. Loss of flesh prepares the way for the most scrious consequences. Weakness from any cause is an invitation to consumption. The germs of consumption are in the air and in our of consumption are in the air and in our food—in the water we drink. They are everywhere. But they are harmless to the perfectly healthy body. It is only when the body is weak that they do any harm. Prompt measures should be taken at the first indication of disease. When indigestion shows itself in any form it calls for the immediate use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This wonderful medicine is an invigorating tonic for the whole sysical Discovery. This wonderful medicine is an invigorating tonic for the whole system. It purifies and enriches the blood and searches out the disease germs wherever they may be in the body. It builds up firm, solid, healthy, useful flesh. It strengthens the nerves, stimulates the appetite, makes digestion and nutrition perfect and brings sound, refreshing sleep. The marvelous success of this truly wonderful medicine has brought into existence scores of imitations. Send 21 one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of mailing only, and receive free a copy, paper-covered, of "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," the most reliable and useful medical work ever published. For French cloth binding, send to cents additional (at cents in all). World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

themselves. A quiet run has been made by drawing checks through other banks and these went through the clearing house. The suspension was inevitable and was foreseen by the other banks ten days ago A telegram from New Orleans says that the report telegraphed from Washington about a defalcation in connection with the failure cannot be substantiated. A Southern Associated Press representative sent a note to President Chaleron informing him of the report and asking that it be affirmed or denied. The note was turned over to Bank Examiner Johnson and that gentleman informed the reporter he had nothing to say, as he was only temporarily in charge

"Is that the only answer you can give

'That's all I can say." said Mr. Johnson From a gentleman who is close to the affairs of the bank it is learned that while he individual deposit book of the bank showed that there was so much money in hand, the general ledger shows that there was eight times as much.

The vice president of the clearing house ssociation, Mr. E. Toby, of the bank, says he has heard nothing of the re-ported defalcation. The effect of the failure on general business is rather depress ing and other failures may follow shortly.

### WILL NOT SHARE THE DEBATE. Judge Moon Says He Is the Only Can-

didate Nominated. Chattanooga, Tenn., September 9. (al.)-The republican congressional execu tive committee today replied to the chal-lenge for a joint canvass between Colonel Joe Clift, the republican nominee, and John A. Moon, the democratic candidate. The reply says the joint canvass will be accepted two conditions-that Judge Moon resign rom the bench, so that the candidates may enter upon the canvass upon an equal foot-ing; and that a similar invitation be exended to the Hon. W. J. Farris, who is the populist candidate for congress in this district and entitled to a hearing before he people in any such joint discussion as

Judge Moon says he will resign if his comsays so. Relative to inviting the into the debate, Judge Moon says hat he isthe only legitimate nominee for the populists and that Mr. Farris was nominated by bolters. What the result will be cannot yet be told, but the indications are that there will be no joint debate

### FOUGHT WITH WINCHESTERS. Two Mississippi Farmers Fight at

Fifty Yards-One Killed. Miss., September 9.-W. B. Johnson and John Wilbourn, two prominent farmers, fought a duel with winchesters at fifty yards, near here today, which resulted in Johnson's death from four wounds. A feud had existed between the men for some time and as both were considered fearless, the death of one or both has been expected for some time. Both men owned adjoining farms and when they met today quarrel arose. There was only one witness to the affair. Wilbourn and the witness, Sam Lewis, had been hunting squirrels and while returning home they met Johnson, armed with a winchester. A dis-

ourn without warning. Wilbourn returned the fire and a regular fusilade was kept up between them, which resulted in Johnson's being pierced by four palls, Wilbourn escaping without injury. Wilbourn has been placed in jail. He claims that it was a case of self-defense. Johnson had many influential friends and later developments may change the aspect of the

pute arose and Johnson opened fire on Wil-

# DO NOT HAVE THE TOWER.

Tennessee Legislature Cannot Restore

the Ad Valcram Rate. Nashville, Tenn., September 9.—(Special.)— It is more than likely that the general aswould not restore the advalorem rate of taxation to 30 cents if it could, and it was discovered today that it could not if it would. Under the constitution nothing can be done except as expressly laid out in the governor's call, and this does not men-tion the restoration of the advalorem rate as one of the objects of the call, simply calling on the legislature "to provide a sufficient assessment of property and privileges; the increase of privileges and such other assessments as may be legitimate and proper to take care of the credit the state and meet its interest and ex-

The only thing that the assembly can de under the call is to raise the grade of petit larceny, create new privileges and increase those already created, pass an appropria-tion bill and adjourn. The call does not even mention the question of borrowing money, and the funding board cannot even be given that authority.

### NANSEN GETS TO CHRISTIANA. Given a National Reception-Buildings Decorated.

Christiania, Norway, September 9.-Dr Nansen, the arctic explorer who recently returned from an expedition in search of the north pole, arrived here this afternoon on board his vessel, the Fram, and wa given a great national reception.

The Fram was met by a small naval squadron and a fleet of seventy passenger steamers and escorted up the fjord.

Dr. Nansen proceeded to the royal palace where he was given a hearty welcome by King Oscar and the crown prince. This evening a state banquet was given in his honor. The king conferred upon Dr. Nansen the decoration of the grand cross of St. Olaf.

# VICEROY LI HUNG IN MANITOBA

On His Way to the Coast-Will Sail for China Next Sunday.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, September 9.-Li Hung Chang and party reached Winnipeg at 2:15 o'clock by a Canadian Pacific sp cial and remained for about two hours. Li Hung Chang will probably spend a day at Bank en route west, reaching Vancouver on Sunday night, whence he sails the following day for China.

Senator Washburn, of Minneapolis, joined the party here in his private car.

### SIXTEEN CONDEMED TO DEATH, Greek Officers Deserted Their Com-

mands and Joined Insurgents. Athens, September 9.—A number of officers in the Greek army, who deserted from their commands and joined the insurgents in the island of Crete, recently re-turned to Athens and gave themselves up the military authorities. Decrees have been signed condemning sixteen of them to death. The execution of the condemned men will take place at Nauplia.

# LAMONT CANNOT BE PRESENT.

Secretary Writes a Letter to Bynum

and Pledges Himself for Palmer. Washington, September 9.-A telegram addressed today by Hon. Daniel S. Lamont, secretary of war, explains thoroughly his position on the political issues now pending. Among other things, he says:
"Washington, D. C., September 9, 1896.—

Hon. William D. Bynum, Chairman: I regret that I am unable to accept the invitation of your committee to be present at the notification to Senator John M. Palmer the notification to senator John M. Paimer and Governor Simon B. Buckner of their nomination by the national democratic party for president and vice president of the United States. I shall cast my vote for Palmer and Buckner. "DANIEL S. LAMONT."

# MR. HOBART ACCEPTS

Republican Vice Presidential Candidate Writes a Letter.

REVIEWS RECENT TROUBLES

Says He Believes That the People Can Decide the Issues.

Takes Up the Tariff and Pronounces Encomiums on McKinley's Great Wisdom.

DEALS PRINCIPALLY WITH GOLD STANDARD

Paterson, N. J., September 9.-The letter of acceptance of Garret A. Hobart, repubcan vice presidential candidate, has been eceived by the notification committee of he republican national convention. Seven-eighths of the letter touches on

the financial question. Among other

things, he says: Charles W. Fairbanks and others of the Notification Committee of the Re-sublican National Convention—Gentlemen: 1 have already, in accepting the nomination for the office of the vice presidency tendered me by the national republican co vention, expressed my approval of the platform adopted by that body as the party basis of doctrine. In accordance with accepted usage, I beg now to supple-ment that brief statement of my views, by some additional reflections upon stions which are in debate before the

American people. "The platform declarations in reference to the money question express clearly and unmistakably the attitude of the republican party as to this supremely important subject. We stand unqualifiedly for hon-esty in finance, and the permanent adjustment of our menetary system, in the mul tifarious activities of trade and commerce, to the existing gold standard of value. We hold that every dollar of currency issued by the United States, whether of we hold that every donar of currency issued by the United States, whether of gold, silver or paper, must be worth a dollar in gois, whether in the pocket of the man who tods for his daily bread, in the vault of the savings bank which holds his deposits, or in the exchanges of the

"The necessity of a certain and fixed The necessity of a certain and fixed money value between nations as well as individuals has grown out of the interchange of commodities, the trade and business relationships which have arisen among the peoples of the world, with the enlargement of human wants and the broadening of human interests. This necessity has made gold the final standard of all enlightened nations. Other metals, including silver, have recognized commercial value, and silver, especially, has a value of great importance for subsidiary coinage. In view of a sedulous effort by the advocates of free coinage to create a contrary impression, it cannot be too strongly emphasized that the republican party in emphasized that the republican party in its platform affirms this value in silve and favors the largest possible use of this metal as actual money that can be main-tained with safety. Not only this, it will not antagonize, but will gladly assist in promoting a double standard whenever it can be secured by agreement and cooperation among the nations. The bimetallic currency, involving the free use of silver, which we now have, is cordially approved by republicans. But a standard
and a currency are vastly different things.
"Any attempt on the part of the government to create by its fiat money of a fictiment to create by its fiat money of a ficti-Any attempt on the part of the government to create by its flat, money of a fictitious value, would dishonor us in the eyes of other peoples, and bring infinite reproach upon the national character. The business and financial consequences of such an immoral act would be world wide, because

or other peoples, and oring infinite reproaca upon the national character. The business and financial consequences of such an immoral act would be world wide, because our commercial relations are world wide. All our settlements with other lands must be made, not with the money which may be, legally current in our own country, but in gold, the standard of all nations with which our relations are most cordial and extensive, and no legislative enactment can free us from that inevitable necessity. It is a known fact that more than 80 per cent of the commerce of the world is settled in gold or on a gold basis.

"Those who contend for the free and unlimited coinage of silver may believe in all honesty that while the present ratio of silver to gold is as 30 to 1 (not 16 to 1), silver will rise above the existing market value. If it does so rise, the effect will be to make the loss to all the people so much less, but such an opinion is but a hazardous conjecture at best, and is not much less, but such an opinion is but is hazardous conjecture at best, and is no justified by experience. Within the last twenty years this government has bough about 460,000,000 of ounces of silver from which it has coined approximately 430,000,000 of silver dollars and issued 130,000,000,000 ollars in silver certifications converse. ned approximately 430,000, dollars in silver certificates, and the price of the metal has steadily declined from \$1.15 per ounce to 68 cents per ounce. What will be the decline when the supply is augmented by the offerings of all the world? The loss upon these silver purchases to the people of this country has now been nearly \$15,600,000.

# Dollar of Our Fathers.

"The dollar of our fathers, about which so much is said, was an honest dollar, silver maintaining a full parity of intrin-The dollar of our fathers, about which so much is said, was an honest dollar, silver maintaining a full parity of intrinsic value with gold. The fathers would have spurned and ridiculed a proposition to make a silver dollar worth only 53 cents stand of equal value with a gold one worth 100 cents. The experience of all nations proves that any depreciation, however slight, of another standard, from the parity with gold, has driven the more valuable one out of circulation, and such experience in a matter of this kind is worth much more than mere interested speculative opinion. The fact that few gold coins are seen in ordinary circulation for domestic uses is no proof at all that the metal is not performing a most important function in business affairs. The foundation of the house is not always in sight, but the house would not stand an hour if there were no foundation. The great enginery that moves the occan steamship is not always in view of the passenger, but it is, all the same, the propelling force of the vessel, without which it would soon become a worthless derelict.

# Pensioners Discussed.

pening force of the vessel, without which it would soon become a worthless derelict.

Pensioners Discussed.

"One hundred and forty millions of dollars per annum is due to pensioners of the late war. That sum represents blood spilled and sufferings endured in order to preserve this nation from disintegration. In many cases, the sums so paid in pensions are exceedingly small; in few, if any, are they excessive. The spirit that would deplete these to the extent of a farthing is the same that would organize sedition, destroy the peace and security of the country, punish, rather than reward our veteran soldiers, and is unworthy of the country, punish, rather than reward our veteran soldiers, and is unworthy of the countenance, by thought or vote, of any patriotic citizen of whatever political faith. No party, until that which met in convention at chicago, has ever ventured to insult the honored survivors of our struggle for the national life by proposing to scale their pensions horizontally, and to pay them hereafter in depreciated dollars worth only 53 cents each.

"The proposition for free and unlimited silver coinage, carried to its logical conclusion, and but one is possible, means, as before estimated, legislative warrant for the repudiation of all existing indebtedness, public and private, to the extent of nearly 50 per cent of the face of all such indebtedness. It demands an unlimited volume of flat currency, irredeemable, and therefore without any standard value in the markets of the world. Every consideration of public honor demands that this proposition should be rejected by the American people.

"This country cannot afford to give its sanction to wholesale spoliation. It must hold fast to its integrity. It must still encourage thrift in all proper ways. It must not only educate its children to honor and respect the flag, but it should inculcate fidelity to the obligations of personal and national honor as well. Both these great principles should hereafter be taught in the commence of society and upon civ

by the constitution for the defense of indi-vidual rights and the public welfare, and it even threatens to destroy the integrity and independence of the supreme court, which has been considered the last refuge

of the citizen against every form of our rage and injustice.
"In the face of the serious peril which these propositions embody, it would seem that there could be but one sentiment among right-thinking citizens, as to the duty of the hour. All nen, of whatever party, who believe in law and have some regard for the sacredness of individual and institutional rights, must unite in defense of the endangered interests of the nation.

Deals with the Tariff.

"While the financial issue which has been thus considered and which has come as the result of the agitation of recent years to occupy a peculiar conspicuousness, is admittedly of primary importance, there is another question which must command careful and serious attention. Our financial and business condition is at this moment one of almost unprecedented depression. Our great industrial system is seriously paralyzed. Production in many important branches of manufacture has altogether ceased. Capital is without remunerative employment. Labor is idle. The revenues of the government are insufficient to meet its ordinary and necessary expenses. These conditions are the outcome of a mistaken economic policy deliberately enacted and applied. It would not be difficult and would not involve any violent disturbance of our existing commercial system to enact necessary tariff modifications along the lines of experience. tem to enact necessary tarks along the lines of experience.

"Our party holds that by a wise adjustment of the tariff, conceived in moderation and with a view to stability, we may secure and it declares that in

ment of the tariff, conceived in moderation and with a view to stability, we may secure all needed revenue, and it declares that in the event of its restoration to power, it will seek to accomplish that result. It holds, too, that it is the duty of the government to protect and encourage in all practicable ways the development of domestic industries, the elevation of hôme labor and the enlargement of the prosperity of the people. It does not favor any form of legislation which would lodge in the government the power to do what the people ought to do for themselves, but it believes that it is both wise and patriotic to discriminate in favor of our own material resources, and the utilization, under the best attainable conditions, of our own capital and our own available skill and industry.

"In 1892, when by universal consent we touched the high water mark of our national prosperity, we were under the same financial system that we have today. Gold was then the sole standard, and silver and paper were freely used as the common currency. We had a tariff framed by republican hands under the direction of the great statesman who now logically leads the contest for the restor ution of the policy whose reversal brought paralysis to so many of our industries and distress upon so large a body of our people. We were under the policy of reciprocity, formulated by another illustrious statesman of the genuine American type. We may, if we choose to do so, return to the prosperous condi-

uine American type. We may, if we choos to do so, return to the prosperous cond tions which existed before the present ad

tions which existed before the present ministration came into power.

"My sincere conviction is that my countrymen will prove wise enough to und stand the issues that confront them, a patriotic enough to apply safe and suppressed to the evils that oppressed. They will not, I am sure, accept again their face value, the promises of a pawhich, under desperate and perverted levership, has so recently dishonored solemn pledges, which has repudiated principles and policies which have given a new constituted, would endanger home private security and the public saty, and disastrously affect abroad both credit and good name. And foremost among the security and the public saty, and disastrously affect abroad both credit and good name. And foremost among the security and the public saty, and disastrously affect abroad both credit and good name. redit and good name. And foremost am hose who will decline to follow where the democracy leads will be thousands democrats aforetime and today who count country more than part and are unwilling even by indirection t to results so disastrous to o

have been nominated, it will be my earnes and constant endeavor, under divine guid ance, in the sphere of duty assigned to me, to serve the people loyally along the line of the principles and policies of the party "I am, gentle "GARRET A. HOBART."

### FORMAL LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

Continued from First Page.

must not be allowed to use their powers for the public injury.

"The right of the United States govern-ment to regulate interstate commerce can-not be questioned and the necessity for the vigorous exercise of that right is becoming more and more imperative. The interests of the triplet of the triplet is determined in the state of the whole people require such an largement of the powers of the interscommerce commission as will enable in prevent discrimination between persand places, and protect patrons from reasonable charges.

"The government cannot afford to dis-ctiminate between its debtors and must, ther dore presecute its legal claims against the Pacific railroads. Such a policy is nec-essary for the protection of the rights of the patrons as well as for the interests of the government.

"The people of the United States, happy in the enjoyment of the blessings of free government, feel a generous sympathy togovernment, feel a generous sympathy to-ward all who are endeavoring to secure like blessings for themselves. This sympathy, while respecting all treaty obligations, is especially active and earnest when excited by the struggling of neighboring peoples, who, like the Cubans, are near snough to cheerve the workings of a government which derives all its authority from the censent of the governed.

The Civil Service. "That the American people are not in evident from the fact that they, as a tule mik-frequent changes in their official representatives when those representatives ar resentatives when those representatives are chosen by ballot. A permanent office holding class is not in harmony with bur institutions. A fixed term in appointive offices, except where the federal constitution now provides otherwise, would open the public service to a larger number of citizens without impairing its efficiency.

The Territories. The Territories.

"The territorial form of government is temporary in its nature and should give way as soon as the territory is sufficiently advanced to take its place among the states. New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona are entitled to statehood and their early admission is demanded by their material and political interests. The demand of the platform that officials appointed to administer the government of the territories, the District of Columbia and Alaska should be bona fide residents of the territories or district is entirely in keeping with the democratic theory of home rule. I am also heartily in sympathy with the declaration that all public lands should be reserved for the establishment of free homes for American citizens.

# Waterways.

"The policy of improving the great water-ways of the country is justified by the national character of these waterways and the enormous tonnage borne upon them. Experience has demonstrated that continuing appropriations are, in the end, more economical than single appropriations se arated by long intervals.

"It is not necessary to discuss the tariff question at this time. Whatever may be the individual views of citizens as to the relative merits of protection and tariff reform, all must recognize that until the money question is fully and finally settled the American people will not consent to the consideration of any other important question.

respect the flag, but it should include the compensed upon those who are the voters of today and those who are to become the flums of assault upon property, the peace of society and upon civilization itself.

"Nor is this all. Not content with a proposition to thus debauch the currency and to unsettle all cond-tions of trade and protect the lives and property of its citizens against internal disorder and "It assails the judicial monuments reared"

"It assails the judicial monuments reared"

"Taxation presents a problem which in some form is continually present, and a sostponement of definite action upon it Insort in some form is continually present, and a postponement of definite action upon it in some form is continually present, and a postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some form is continually present, and a postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some form is continually present, and a some justice of presents a problem which in some form is continually present, and a postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some form is continually present, and a postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some form is continually present, and a some justice of presents a problem which in some form is continually present, and a some justice of personal opinion or postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some form is continually present, and a some form is continually present, and a some justice of personal opinion or postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some form is continually present, and a some justice of personal opinion or postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some form is continually present, and a some justice of personal opinion or postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some justice of personal opinion or postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some justice of personal opinion or postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some justice of personal opinion or postponement of definite action upon it Insort in some just question.
"Taxation presents a problem which in

# DAUNTLESS SLIPS OFF

Excitement at Brunswick Over the Departure of the Tug.

SHE WENT INTO FRESH WATER

Owners Claim That Standing in Salt Water Damages Vessel.

HOW THE GUARD WAS DECEIVED

Was Told That the Marshal Wanted Him-When He Went Ashore, Vessel Sailed.

Brunswick, Ga., September 9.-(Special.)-The alleged filibustering tug Dauntless cscaped this morning from the custody of the guard placed on board by Deputy United States Marshal Taylor, went to Satilla river and was tonight returned after much ex-

Guard Owens, from whose custody the Dauntless escaped, reports that this morn ing John E. Dubignon and W. A. Bisbee ame on the Dauntless' dock and Mr Bisbee called him off the boat. He came to Mr. Bisbee and Colonel Dubignon then went on the Dauntless. Mr. Bisbee told him that Marshal Taylor wished to see him uptown, and he hesitated about going In the meantime both had walked a little way up the dock and Colonel Dubignor had come off the Dauntless and gone in an other direction from them. Something prompted him to turn around, and as he did so he saw the Dauntless steaming away.

Messrs. Dubignon and Bisbee stated that she had simply gone up the Satilla to get in fresh water to preserve the property. and that she would be produced on demand of the marshal. They considered her yet in his custody, but removed to a better place for keeping

What Bisbee Says.

Leaving Marshal Taylor, Messrs. Dubigon and Bisbee drove to the custom house and notified the officials of their action stating that the Dauntless would be produced when the government wanted her On Inspector Deming's arrival the report was also male to him by the boat's representatives and on Collector Lamb's arriva the case was again related in full by Guard Owen and Messrs. Dubignon and Bisbee. Collector Lamb called for the Dauntless be produced and detailed Inspect

Deming to go with her representatives and Marshal Taylor. She was found to be ome distance up the Satilla, and her repre sentatives tendered the Angie and Nellie gratis to the officials to go for her. In pector Deming's duties prevented ing port, and at 12 o'clock Marshal Taylor was en route for the Dauntless. innounced either tonight or The collector stated that the Dauntless must remain in this port with a government representative on board and would not be allowed to go elsewhere under any circumstances unless the department instructed him to release her.

The Dauntless' representatives expressed perfect willingness to bring her back if desired, but preferred her to remain i fresh water. They stated emphatically that the property was being badly damaged by the delay in lying still in salt water. Her bottom was being fouled and other damage done. They asked the privilege of taking a deputy marshal to the Satilla and leaving him in charge. This was not granted. They argue that no charges have been preferred, no warrants issued and their property was deteriorating in value daily, while they were waiting fo someone to prosecute them. They claim that the United States government is not protecting the rights of American citizens in holding their property and crew and denying them their liberty without pro-ducing warrants for their detention. Dauntless has been burning coa everal days and daily since her detention Engineer Devereaux and Master Lomn

sequently did not intention to leave port. Spanish Authorities Excited.

have been on board at intervals.

The Spanish authorities were surprised and Vice Consul Torras wired the ministe of her departure Tonight Deputy Marshal Taylor returns on the Dauntless from Satilla river, and she is now at her docks. Marshal Taylor says that he has the Dauntless tody and does not consider she has beer out of his charge. He found the vessel near the Satilla river bridge at Woodbine with Engineer Devereaux and Captain Lomm on board. She was drifting around, Colonel duBignon was handed Captain Lomm, and Marshal Taylor got aboard. No objection was made to returning and the

### COUNSEL FOR DAUNTLESS TALKS Fails To Understand the Peculiar

trip back was devoid of any special feature.

Method of Detension. Jacksonville, Fla., September 9 .- (Special.) William B. Young, counsel for the Daunt-less, gives out the following statement: "I have read the article in The Constitu tion of the 5th instant, headed 'The Daunt-less and Her Men.' While I indorse all that s said in that article it does not reach the marrow of the case. Property of the value of about \$40,000 has been seized and ten o twelve men held in custody, without any legal process, and when counsel for the owners of the vessel and for the men asked the federal officers by what authority and under what charge the vessel was seized and for what crime the men were held in custody and by what process, the only answer was, 'We are acting under orders from Washing-

"The collector of customs held what has been spoken of as a court of inquiry, and the imprisoned men were called in one at a time, sworn and examined, without the privilege of having the advice of counsel, and when counsel for the owner of the property and for the men demanded the right to be present, he was refused. The officers, who were very courteous, stating that they were acting in accordance with 'orders from Washington.' I never before heard of a 'court of inquiry' in this country except in the army and navy, and even there the accused is allowed to be present and to have counsel, and is informed of the charge against him. It is generally believed that the pretext for seizing the Dauntless and arresting her men is that they have been engaged in violating the neutrality laws of the United States. As the Dauntless is not an armed vessel, and is maniand when counsel for the owner of the laws of the United States. As the Dauntiess is not an armed vessel, and is manifestly not built for warlike purposes, and had no arms or munitions of war on board, and was coming into port, not leaving, when selzed, the only possible violation of the neutrality laws which it can be claimed has been committed is a violation of section 5286 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. The statutes of the United States do not provide for any seizure or forfeiture. States. The statures of the United States do not provide for any seizure or forfeiture of any vessel which has been used in carrying a military expedition from the United States. In the case of Wiborg vs. the United States, reported in 162 U. S., page 632, the supreme court of the United States held that the mates of the Horsa were wrongfully convicted of violating section 5286 of the Revised Statutes because it did not appear that they knew when they left port that the vessel was to be used in transporting a military expedition from the United States to Cuba, though they must have known this when the vessel was boarded off Barnegatt.

"The entire crew of the Dauntless, master, mate, engineer, steward, cook and deck

without being informed of the accusation, if any, against them, and the only reply to all inquiries from their counsel was. We are acting under orders from Washington.' The owners of the vessel and, I believe, all other crew are citizens of the United States. The only powers conferred upon the collectors of customs in connection with violations of the neutrality laws are conferred by section 5290 of the Revised Statutes. Any person of ordinary understanding who will read this section will see that it can have no application to the case of the Dauntless. If the United States marshal should, without process, under 'orders from Washington,' selze The Constitution and imprison all its employes, his acts would not be more illegal, or a greater violation of liberty than the acts of the officials in the matter of the Dauntless and her men. Have we reached the point when the president of the United States can have the citizens of this country deprived of their liberty and their property without process of law and without being informed of the charge against them and without an opportunity to be heard? Article V of the constitution of the United States says: 'No person shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law.' "Has an 'order from Washington' become

life, liberty or property without due pro-cess of law."
"Has an 'order from Washington' become due process of law?"
"In conclusion I desire to state that I am not, as reported, the attorney for the 'Cu-ban junta." I only know from the public press that there is such a body in the United States, and I do not know who they are."

## THREE FRIENDS HEARD FROM Has Made a Successful Trip to Cuba

and Is Returning. Key West, Fla., September 9.-The Thr riends, of Jacksonville, landed a party of six Cubans in this city this afternoon, among them Dr. Castillo. The party is in quarantine. The Three Friends is homeward ound, after a successful filibustering trip

### SAYS CUBA IS AN ASH HEAP. One of the Insurgent Army Arrives at Jacksonville.

Jacksonville, Fla., September 9.—Charles Raltaire, who has been serving in the in-surgent army, has reached here from Cuba. He gives a thrilling account of raids made by insurgents on Manzanillo, Cienfuegos, Batabano and Bejucal. He says Cuba is now an ash heap and that insurgent suc cess is assured.

### KNOX HAD PISTOL IN EACH HAND But Postmaster Hamilton Succeeded

in Killing Him. Lancaster, Ky., September 9.-Postmaster . O. Hamilton shot and killed Jim Knox, olored, and accidentally wounded Judge R. A. Burnside, in the courthouse, this morning. Knox had quarreled with the postmaster about a loan, and had a pistol in each hand. He snapped one and Ham ilton began uring, killing Knox and wound ing the judge, who was in the line of

# JOHN B. GOODWIN WITH INDIANS

To Treat with the Shoshones for Portion of Their Land. Pocatello, Idaho, September 9.-John B. Goodwin, of Atlanta, Ga., and C. G. Hoyt of Beatrice. Neb., are in the city to treat with the Bannock and Shoshone Indians of Fort Hali reservation for a portion of their lands to be thrown open for public settlement. This tract embraces a large area of valuable mineral land, which surrounds Pocatello, and is of vital interest to all Idaho. This commission was created by the last congress through the efforts of Senator Dubois, and an appropriation made of \$15,000. The third member has not been named to succeed Mr. Teller, of Colorado, who could not serve. There are six reservations of Indians to treat with. They are the Uintahs, of Utah; Aquimas, of Washington; Fort Hall, of Idaho, and Crows, Cheyennes and Flatheads, of Montana.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

Chicago 6, Pittsburg 3. 

Washington 12, Philadelphia 11. 

New York 7, Boston 6. Score: R. H. I New York. . . . . . 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 3 \*- 7 8 Boston. . . . . . 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 3 0 - 6 11 Batteries-Clarke and Wilson; Stivett and Bergen.

Louisville Did Not Arrive. Louisville, Ky., September 9.—The gan scheduled for today between Louisville ar-Cincinnati, at Louisville, did not tal place, owing to the non-arrival of til Louisville club.

Cleveland 8, St. Louis 3. Score: R. H. E. Cleveland.......0000300122—8110 St. Louis..........0000000121—393 Batteries—Wilson and Zimmer; Donahue and McFarland.

# Entries at Gravesend.

Entries at Gravesend.

First rece, five and a half furlongs, highweight handicap—Harrington 135. Brandywine 128. Halton 124. Lithos 115. Medica 115. The Manximan 115. Casslopela 114. Mistrial 114. Dolando 106. Tragedian 105. Estaca 165. Second race, one mile—Master James 110. Izemar 110. Scoggan 110. Fernseed 110. Nick Johnson 110. Golf 110. Dr. Grimes 110. Beaumont 110. Brilliancy 10. Prosper, Jr., 110. Belleport 110.

Third race, five-eighths of a mile, Allegra stakes—Ludwigshafen 118. The Friar 118. Princess Flavia 107. Salmak 110. Leonore 115.

Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile.

ore 115.
Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile, Greenfield stakes—Roundsman 110, Hazlet 110, Tom Cromwell 107, Juno 97, Zanone 97, Tremargo 100, Dondo 100.
Fifth race, one and one-sixteenth miles—Sue Kittie 107, Long Beach 107, Sir Francis 107, Buck-Wa 167, Captive 105, Septour 105, Ingomar 98, Muskalonge 95, Hazlet 90.
Sixth race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile, two-year-old handicap—Lugwigshafen 118, Nana "H" 112, Sui-Sun 110, Regulator 108, Absentee 108, Setfast 106, Salvado 105, Collateral 102, Florian 92.

# Forecast for Thursday.

ateral 102, Florian 92.

Washington, September 9.—North and outh Carolina and Georgia—Fair; varis ble winds.
Eastern Florida-Fair, followed by showers in southern portion; easterly winds. Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippl and Louisiana—Generally fair, except showers on the immediate gulf; southeast winds. Eastern Texas—Fair, preceded by show-ers on the gulf; cooler in the interior; southeasterly winds becoming northwest-

"Pretty Pill" says Pretty Poll

She's just "poll parroting." There's no prettiness in pills, except on the theory of "pretty is that pretty does." In that case she's right. Ayer's Pills

do cure biliousness, constipation,

and all liver troubles.

EVANS IS DEFEATED

Latest Returns Assure the Election of Judge Earle.

THERE WERE MANY SURPRISES

Governor Has Been Stunned Into Temporary Stience.

RENEWAL OF THE SCANDAL EXPECTED

More Developments in the Dispensary Matter May Result Shortly. Cantt Is Disappointed.

hat hope may have lingered in the breast of Governor Evans, after the smoke of vesterday's battle of ballots had settled over this state, gradually oozed out this vening and tonight, when official returns were received from practically the entire state. General Earle's majority has diminished from last night's estimate, but the vote

Columbia, S. C., September 9 .-- (Special.)-

or the "count" in the rural districts has been unprecedently large. For the first time in the history of primary elections here, more votes were polled at the second primary than at the first, yet in the first there were hundreds of candidates for other offices, county and state, to bring out their individual friends The most remarkable instance of an in

rease in vote is in Spartanbrug, the county in which Editor Larry Gantt publishes his paper, and which he was alleged to hold in his breeches pocket. Here over 7,000 votes were polled, 1,700 more than in the first primary, yet Evans's majority has been reduced from 1,400 to 600. Gant is disgusted. Charleston gives. Earle over 2,000 majority.

but her comparatively small vote is accounted for by the fact that she is the only county in the state where registraion certificates are required in a primary, and her people were not registered, other wise Earle's vote there would have been heads and sharpening pencils, vainly trying to figure how, despite the most stren uous efforts of Senator Tillman to pull Evans through, the latter has lost ground with a few exceptions, all over the state Evans's net increase has been in spea without regularity or apparent reason. General Earle, declared by Senator The man last week to be an opponent of the re-

formers, whose election would mean the ultimate defeat of the reform party, has nerertheless gained many thousand reform votes and received practically all of those cast in the first primary for Duncan. The best explanation of the result is that the people have decided to vote for themselve and are tired of factional bitterness and At 1 o'clock this morning complete re-

turns have been received from thirty of the thirty-six counties and partial returns from the others. The vote reported is 75,813. 01 this Earle has received 41,011 and Evans 34.802 giving Earle a majority of 6.39, Of the counties to hear from Barnwell, Cheterfield. Saluda and Union will probaby give Evans an increased vote while the others will be a stand off on the basis of the last primary, when there were 78,000 vots Seventy-four hundred votes are still to be reported. These returns will probably lessen Earle's majority, but it will not fall

# WILSON NAMES THE COMMITTEE

Which Will Notify Palmer and Buck Indianapolis, Ind., September 9.-Mr. John R. Wilson, who was delegated by Chairman Bynum to name the committee which will notify Generals Palmer and Bucker of their nomination by the Indiana convention, has completed the list, as fe-lows: Ex-Governor Jones, Alabama: C. B. Moore, Arkansas: T. B. Bold, Californi, L. R. Ehrich, Colorado: Alexander Wileman, Connecticut; John S. Rosselle, Delaware: Arthur Meigs, Florida; T. B. Nesl, Georgia; E. R. E. Kimbrough, Illines; Georgia; E. R. E. Kimbrough, Illinos; L. M. Martin, Iowa: August Brantanta, Indiana; Charles J. Lantry, Kansás; W. H. Spellman, Louisiana; C. Vey Holman, Maine; W. C. Bruce, Maryland; William, Jenney, Massachusetts; Vernon H. Smith, Michigan; F. W. Cutcheon, Minnesota; F. T. Radford, Miss'ssippi; F. W. Lehman, Missouri; A. H. Nelson, Montana; D. B. T. Radford, Miss'ssippi; F. W. Lehmai, Missouri; A. H. Nelson, Montana; D. B. Rolfe, Nebraska; F. M. Hoyt, New Hampshire; Eugene Vanderpool, New Jersey; J. D. Kelley, New York; Louis de la Creit, North Carolina; L. A. Kedney, North Pakota; William Halding, Ohio; A. N. Brisk, Oregon; J. C. Bullitt, Pennsylvania; Oregon; J. C. Bullitt, Pennsylvania; Orear Lambham, Rhode Island; W. W. Ball, South Carolina; John B. Hunter, South Lekota; J. C. McReynolds, Tennessee; M. F. Mott. Texas; W. H. Cromer, Vermoni; Mot. Texas: W. H. Cromer, Joseph Bryan, Virginia: Hugh Wallart Washington: Joseph Ruffner, West Virginian: J. J. Hogan, Wisconsin, and John

Texas "Straight" Republicans. Fort Worth, Tex., September 9.-The republican "straight" convention assembly publican "straight" convention assembles this morning at 10 o'clock, but little busness was done. C. F. Ferguson, of Park was made temporary chairman over N. N. Cuney by a vote of 364 to 266. The convention adjourned at noon to 4 o'clock, and are issembling committees on credential organization and resolutions were appointed. The convention again adjourned is tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Texas Lily Whites Meet. Fort Worth, Tex., September 9.—The size convention of the "lily white" wing the republican party met here today as nominated a full state ticket.

The convention was a short one and est The convention was a short one and elliasted an hour and a half. Following the convention the state republican league belt a session. S. L. Hain, of San Antonio, as a letter president and D. A. Robinson, of Dallas, state organizer.

La PALOMA CUBANA CIGAR FACTON LLORENS. PACETTI & CO., Proprieto

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Lncy Cobb

Increa

PLEASED ' Mirs Mildred of .Litera State

Athens, Ga. Lucy Cobb ins today under t ings, and eve tional institu comb. princi Miss Madeli Miss Anna Miss May Miss Fannic Over one to the roll nbout sixty vacant place will be filled. The young Annie Howe Lucy Durham Ella Pope. I Willie Kate of Atlanta:

Ch'sholm, E. of Savannal Mann. Rosa Ruby Wright bany; Misses Allie Joseph Misses India Banks, of ( tin and Ma Emma Dunla and Bessle Farland, of and Dalsy Hammond, Mt. Vernon den. Madise Hattie May Mrs. Lips principal of work as a has charge

movement in ment fund f with very anxious to sof aiding we week off.

The attend year will be record of last season will go still he versity is no During the beautified by the laying o pair of built This fall t but the na: of the late I for nearly a

ris is at pro-lish. He is no doubt fill Professor number of a fecting hims classes this filled his a Europe, is penmanship Professor s engineering Strahan, of will go to there in straferent universe football in the collection of th Tichenor, attend the

sor F. M. H street school Mr. Rober

It is for yo therefore

BEST SHO Sole age LAIRD, SHOE

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ns Assure the Election of Judge Earle.

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MES THE COMMITTEE

Notify Palmer and Bucknd.. September 9.-Mr. John ind. September 9.—Air. John owas delegated by Chairname the committee which lerals Palmer and Buckner lation by the Indianapolis completed the list, as formor Jones, Alabama; C. B. E. B. Bold, California; Colorado, Alexander Wild-Colorado: Alexander Wil eigs, Florida; T. B. Neal, E. Kimbrough, Illino's; Iowa: August Brantant lowa; August Brantano,
ss J. Lantry, Kansas; W.
souisiana; C. Vey Holman,
Bruce, Maryland; William
husetts; Vernon H. Smith,
'Cutcheon, Minnesota; F.
iss'ssippi; F. W. Lehman,
Nelson, Montana; D. B.
Lehman, Montana; D. B.
Lehman, Montana; D. B. F. M. Hoyt, New Hamp-anderpool, New Jersey; J. York; Louis de la Croix, L. A. Kedney, North Da-lalding, Ohio; A. N. Brush, Bullitt, Pennsylvania; Os-Rhode Island; W. W. Ball, John B. Hunter, South Dateynolds, Tennessee; M. F. Virginia; Hugh Wallace, oseph Ruffner, West Vir-ogan, Wisconsin, and John

raight" Republicans. ex., September 9.-The re-C. F. Ferguson, of orary chairman over N. W. of 364 to 266. The convent toon to 4 o'clock, and on mmittees, on credentials.

x., September 9.—The state pe-"lily white" wing of earty met here today and

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TTI & CO., Proprietors. Y CENUINE-

FACTORY IN ATLANTA OF HAVANA LEAF. sufficient Havana leaf to or several years. The peo-tordially invited to visit our themselves just what we

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ADE \_\_\_\_ D OF THE VERY BEST QUAL -81/2 W. Alabama

PLEASED WITH THE OUTLOOK

Miss Mildred Rutherford Takes Charge of Literature Department-The State University Opening.

Athens, Ga., September 9,-(Special.)-Lucy Cobb institute opened its fall session today under the most flattering surroundand everything points to a most There were present ready for work

eachers in the institute Mrs. M. A. Lips-omb, principal; Miss E. J. Watt, Mrs. M., Winfield, Miss Nell Houston Morgan, Miss Madeline Keiff, Miss Jennie Smith, Miss Anna Rankin, Miss Rosa Woodberry, Miss May Hull, Miss Mamie Lucas and Over one hundred young ladies answered

vacant places for boarders yet, but they will be filled in the next fewdays . The young ladies who board at the inre Misses Emma Belle Lowndes

Lucy Durham, May Maddox, Annie Fitten, lia Pone, Flora McDougald, Jessie Reid, lillie Kate Reid and Jeannette Oglesby, Atlanta: Misses Flora Dancey, Eliza Emma Dunham and Guerrard of Savannah; Misses Annie Hobbs, Mann. Rosa Woolfolk, Sybil Wo Ruby Wright and Hortense Shivers of Al-Misses Alice Bradley, Agnes Bradley, Jeseph and Howard, of Columbus Misses India Colbert, of Danielsville: Susan nks, of Gainesville; Ella Bell Mor of Ellabel, Ga.; Mary Walker, of Monroe; Susle McMullin, of Hartwell; Aimee Ranin and Mary Bailey, of South Caroling Emma Dunbar, of Augusta; Florrie Turn and Bessie Porter, of Florida; Bessie Mc-Farland, of Americus: Eloise Davenport and Daisy Jeter, of Brunswick; Curtis Hammond, of Monroe; Miss Peterson, of Vernon: Bessie Heard, Mt. Camel, S. Eva Sorrelly, Danielsville; Nona Bear-Madison; Edna Schaffer, Louisiana Mayer, Americus, and Bessie Wal-

rs. Lipscomb is greatly pleased with outlook for Lucy Cobb. Miss Mildred who for so long a time was cipal of Lucy Cobb, has resumed her k as a teacher at the institute. She has charge of the department of literature

Fann E. Nash is an addition to ucy Cobb faculty. She has charge the Lucy Cobb faculty. She has charge of the department of elocution and physical culture. She comes to Athens from New York. She is a graduate of the Emerson College of Oratory of Boston, and is well cultiped for the work assigned her. Lucy Cobb institute is gradually advancing its curriculum, the intention of Mrs. Lipscomb being to make it the equal of any college for women in the United States. Great advances have been made in the departments of higher mathematics, Latin and English.

Mrs. Lipscomb is still at work on the

and English.
Lipscomb is still at work on the ment to raise a building and endowfund for Lucy Cobb. She is meeting very good success. She is especially was to secure the fund for the purpose ding worthy young ladies who desire incation and yet have no means to obit.

University of Georgia.

of the University of Georgia is just one week off. The professors have got every-thing in readiness and already a few of students are beginning to arrive The attendance upon the university this year will be not less than 300. It required a long time for the university to break the ecord of attendance in 1873, viz, 266, but last season it went to 285 and this year will go still higher. The success of the university is permanent and not transitory. During the summer the campus has been beautified by the removal of many trees, the laying out of new walks and the remain of buildings.

beautified by the removal of many trees, the laying out of new walks and the repair of buildings.

This fall the college boys will miss the familiar face of Professor C. P. Willcox, who died a few days since. It is not known who will succeed the venerable professor, but the name of Professor John Morris has been suggested. Professor Morris is the son of the late Professor Charles Morris, who for nearly a guarter of a century taught in for nearly a quarter of a century taught in the University of Georgia. Professor Mor-ris is at present adjunct professor of Eng-lish. He is a splend'd linguist and would no doubt fill the chair of modern langauges

no doubt fill the chair of modern langauges ably.

Professor O. H. Sheffield, who for a number of months has been in Europe perfecting himself in his studies, will meet his classes this fail again. Professor Orr, who filled his place during his absence in Europe, is now professor of drawing and penmanship at the State Normal school. Professor Sheffield is adjunct professor of engineering. Next year Professor C. M. Strahan, of the engineering department, will go to Europe and spend one year there in studying his profession at the different universities.

The college boys are looking out for the football interests this fall. The Varsity eleven will be a strong one and will be trained by Captain G. S. Warner, of Cornell, who trained last year's team. It is doubtful whether Cantain Nally will return to college this fall. It is reported that Tichenor, the famous Auburn player, will attend the university this fall. Other good players will be found to contest for places on the Varsity eleven.

Newsy Notes.

Newsy Notes.

Mr. Kinley, of this city, has seven hen eggs and each of the eggs when broken contained three yolks. He will keep several eggs laid by the same hen and set them in order to see whether or not each egg will hatch three chickens.

Mr. J. M. Stephenson has been chosen by the city board of education to assist Professor. F. M. Hayner, principal of Washington. the city board of education to assist a sor F. M. Harper, principal of Washington Mr. Robert Pattison, of Philadelphia, arrived here yesterday. He will represent McFadden's cotton agency in this territory.

The participants in the sacred opera,

elshazzar," are now rehearsing regu



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at Birmingham

FOR THE PARTY'S INTEREST WAS A PLOT TO KILL OFFICIALS

Campaign Committee Sends Out Its First Letter-Latest About Proposed Fusion of Gold Men.

Birmingham, Ala., September 9.—(Special.)—Among the first letters to be sent out by the campaign committee of the demonstrate. eratic and conservative party of Alabama, whose headquarters has been located at Birmingham, as has been stated in The Constitution, is a call for a meeting of the leading democrats in the state on Thursday, September 17th, in this city. says that in preparing for work in the says that in preparing for work in the campaign, which is just opening, it is thought to be desirable that a preliminary conference or meeting of the leading democrats throughout the state should assemble in the city of Directory or Chursday. wer one hundred young ladies answered the roll call yesterday. Of that number the 17th day of September, for the pursus sixty are boarders. There are a few pose of effecting a complete organization, which will be the second places for boarders yet but they which will bring actively into the field all of the resources of the party, in order that we may be doubly assured of success in the November election. It speaks of the importance of organizaion also, and is signed by Chairman

> Republicans and Their Aids. It has been openly stated here that the republicans will, in a few days, issue an order to their following in the state to vote and work hand and hand with the gold standard democrats who will shortly start their campaign in Alabama. It is no secret that should the republicans in Alabama succeed in making a fus on the gold standard

Shelley.

that Hanna et al. will send some funds down with the hopes of carrying the state. Moseley Expresses Himself. A friend of Dr. Moseley, ex-chairman of the republican party, in this state, had a conversation with the rotund politician today, and in speaking of the prospect said

today, and in speaking of the prospect sau that the outlook was doubtful. "It will be a battle royal." said Dr. Moseley. "and the outlook in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio is somewhat doubtful for McKinley. Of course, you know that I am for McKinley, but it is not such a certainty." he said. Dr. Moseley knows a thing or two. Fun in the Eighth Alabama. Montgomery, Ala., September 9.-(Special) There will be four congressional tickets in the race in the eighth district. The popu ists have nominated Dr. Day, of Morgan, the bolting democrats Mr. Callahan, of Morgan; the republicans Oscar R. Hundley, of Madison, and the democrats will nomi-nate either General Joseph Wheeler or Judge William Richardson.

Short Stories from Alabama. The Monroeville Democrat is a new ournalistic venture in this state. The firs edition appeared a few days ago and is entirely creditable. Mr. D. M. Gordon, an accomplished and up-to-date newspape

nan, is editor. Hon. L. W. Grant, of Jacksonville, who owned and edited The Republican of that city for years, but who has lately been in Washington, has returned to his native state, and will settle down as a tiller of the have followed. soil on a fine farm in Alexandria valley, not far from Jacksonville. The fight for the democratic nomination in the fourth Alabama district will open up again at Shelby Springs on Friday. The convention will assemble at 9 oclock. There s no way of estimating the result at this

New Master Mechanic. Selma, Ala., September, 9.—(Special.)—A notice was posted in the Southern shops in this city today, stating that Mr. T. M. Feeley is appointed master me Mr. W. A. Stone, transferred. The transfer will be made tomorrow. It is understood that Mr. Stone will go to Birmingham as master mechanic of the Southern shops

THEY PLUGGED AN INFORMER.

a Spy. Montgomery, Ala., September 9.—A special to The Advertiser from Florence, Ala., says: Ed Behler, an ex-moonshiner who has been acting as spy for revenue officers, fatally shot this morning at Hines, ambush as he was riding along the road.

SUICIDE OF INSURANCE MAN. J. H. Edmunds, of Birmingham, Cuts

His Own Throat. Birmingham, Ala., September 9.-J. H. Edmunds, a prominent insurance man, mmitted suicide here tonight by cutting his throat from ear to ear with a razor. Edmunds came here from St. Louis about three years ago and was for some time f the Fidelity and Casulty company but at the time of death was co with the Union Casualty, of St. isiness trouble is the only cause given.

SERVED IN THREE WARS.

Death of General Richard C. Gatlin Near Fort Smith, Ark.

Fort Smith, Ark., September 9.—General Richard C. Gatlin died at Mount Nebo, a local mountain resort of this state, yester-day. He was born in Lenoir county, North Carolina, January 18, 1809. He graduated from West Point in 1832. He served in the Seminole war in Florida in 1842. He was at Fort Brown during its bombardment by the Mexicans and was wounded at the battle of Monterey. He commanded at Fort Smith from 1851 to 1857 and later at Fort Craig. He was promoted to be major in the Fifth infantry in 1861, and soon after in the Fifth infantry in 1861, and soon after was appointed brigadier general of North Carolina troops and assigned command of coast defense at Wilmington. He was adjutant general of North Carolina.

ADDRESSES AT ARLINGTON. Judges Griggs and Kiddoo Speak to

Large Audiences. Arlington, Ga., September 9 .- (Special.)-Judge Jim Griggs, democratic nominee for congress from the second congressional district, spoke to quite a large and apprethe second congressional clative audience here on Monday, the

Judge Kiddoo, of Cuthbert, also delivered Judge Kiddoo, of Cuthbert, also delivered a very able address in interest of democracy. They go from here to Colquitt, Miller county, where they speak Tuesday.

The populists have seen their day in this district and there is no doubt that Jim Griggs will go to congress by a handsome majority in November.

Crops Are Short.

Rockmart, Ga., September 9 .- (Special.)-Rockmart, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—
The crops throughout this part of the country are considerably short, owing to the continued drought. The greater per cent of the farmers only count on a half crop of cotton. The corn crop is not so good as last year. This part of Georgia has had but little rain since early spring, hence everything is dry. In some places the creeks have gone dry.

Opening of Piedmont Institute. Rockmart, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—Piedmont Institute was opened a week 180. The number of students present at ago. The number of students present at the opening was greater than at any previous opening. The prospects for a highly prosperous and successful year are indeed encouraging. The boarding patronage is larger than at any previous session. Pupilis continue to come. President Ballenger and co-laborers are endeavoring to make this school second to none of like grade in the state. Everything points to the highest success.

Barely Miss a Wreck.

Spikes Were Drawn and Thrown Down by the Side of the Track.

The General Manager Has Offered Reward of \$250 for the Wreckers-Freight Train Smashed. Had the Seaboard Air-Line express, du to arrive in Atlanta at 5:20 o'clock vesterday morning, been on time, it would have dashed into an open switch at Five Forks, and killed scores of the many people on the crowded train. The private car of Vice President E. St ohn, who was on board, accompanied by

President R. C. Hoffman, would have gone down with the rest, and the fighting railroad men might have been killed. General Passenger Agent Anderson and a number of prominent northern capitalists were also on board. As it happened the fast-moving special was eighteen minutes behind time and its

running orders were changed. The fast freight, north bound, which was scheduled to meet the special south of Five Forks, was ordered to go ahead beyond that point, and meet the passenger train at another station. Flying over the track, obedient to this

order, the fast freight dashed into the death trap at Five Forks. A frightful wreck resulted. Five cars were derailed, the engineer, fireman and other members of the crew were hurt, and

News of the dreadful wreck reached the station, where the passenger was in wait-Manager St. John at once sent a relief train to the scene of the accident, conveying phy sicians and help for the wounded

The theory was at once advanced that the open switch was the work of some miscreant, an enemy to General Manager St. John, who did the work with a view to taking the life of the railroad man. It was positively known that Mr. St. John would be on the train and the train wrecker-and there is no doubt that the defection in the track was caused by a train senger train, as according to schedule it was the first to pass the place. But for the accident of its being late the train would have dashed into the defective switch and a frightful loss of life would

There is no doubt that the wreck was the work of train wreckers. The spikes were drawn from the two switches connecting the sidetrack with the main line. The spikes were thrown down by the side of the track, where they were holding the switch in position had also been drawn and cast aside. Then the switches had been opened and left in that condition The north-bound passenger Thursday night passed Hull at 11 o'clock. All was safe with the switches then. It is believed firmly that the intention of the wreckers was to wreck the south-bound passenger, which was due at Hull at about 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The villain's work was evidently done about fifteen minutes to 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The conductor of the freight signaled the passenger in time to prevent any accident to it. There are several rumors as to the guilty parties, but none sufficiently backed up as yet by evidence to warrant a charge. It is rumored that some dissatisfied employe of the road was at the bottom of the affair. Another rumor attaches the guilt to another employe. The fireman and two freight hands, all negroes, were badly sed, and five horses were killed.

Mr. St. John offers a reward of \$250 for he arrest of the guilty party. In the wreck the fireman was injured in face and his wrist sprained. The engineer, Phillips, was very slightly injured. One of the brakemen was injured in ternally and had two ribs broken, and is still in a critical condition. The other brakeman had his back badly wrenched and three fingers mashed.

The fireman and one brakeman were very severely shocked, and with all the medical and surgical skill that could be put to use it was a hard battle to resuscitate them. There being no surgeon at hand, Mr. St. John sent out on a wrecking car Dr. Clarence Porter Jones, of Waverly, Va., who was on board the train at the time en route for Atlanta. He, with the assistance of Dr. G. A. Neuffer, of Abbeville, S. C., worked with a breakneck speed and finally overcame, to a great extent, the shock by extremely strong stimulants. The express arrived in the city yester-day afternoon about 1:45 o'clock, bringing the fireman and two brakemen. The patients on reaching the city were turned over to Dr. P. M. Butler, chief surgeon to the Seaboard Air-Line, who sent

them by ambulance and carriages to thei respective homes. The patients are all doing well.

The engine and several cars were totally wrecked. A car containing horses was overturned and, as stated, five

ATTEMPT TO BURN A GINNERY. Small Fire on Plantation of Mr. Mc-

Tyler in Sumter County. Americus, Ga., September 9.—(Special.) An attempt was made early this morning to burn the large cotton ginnery on the U. to burn the large cotton ginnery on the U.
K. McTyler plantation, near Americus.
Fire was applied to the lintroom, which
was partially consumed, with a small quantity of lint cotton. Mr. McTyler discovered e fire in time to extinguish the flames be fore they reached the main building, which was full of seed cotton, containing in all ut fourteen bales. A runner was sent here for the bloodhounds kept at police headquarters, and every effort will be made to capture the firebugs. This is the first mpt made at gin burning this season in

Americus on Tuesday night next, 15th instant. The people of Sumter are for pure democracy, and while Mr. Wright's efforts in behalf of populism will be "loves labor lost" here, it is more than probable that a good audience will greet him and accord

DID NOTHING AT WEST POINT. Republicans Did Not Nominate a Candidate or Indorse Anybody.

West Point, Ga., September 9.—(Special.) The republican convention of the fourth congressional/district convened here today and was simply a yelling mob all twisted up in an interminable wrangle. They did not put out a candidate of their own nor in-dorse the populist nominee, Thornton. They falled to indorse either Wright or the present governor, and adjourned till Oc-tober 13th.

# FALL SESSION OPENS TO MEET AND CONFER DELAY SAVES LIVES WILL MAKE THE RACE PEYTON UNDER BOND

Lucy Cobb Institute Begins With Leading Democrats of Alabama To Meet President Hoffman and Mr. St. John Cary Thornton Accepts the Nomination Distributing Clerk at Macon Postoffice of the Populists.

FOR CONGRESS FROM FOURTH INSPECTORS WATCHED HIM

Hesitated Because He Knows His Defeat by Judge Adamson Is Certain To Result.

WAS IT A CONSPIRACY AGAINST ST. JOHN Columbus, Ga., September 9.—(Special.) Colonel Carey J. Thornton, of this city, has decided to accept the nomination fo as decided to accept the normal of the congress tendered him by the populists of the fourth district, after all. Two years ago Colonel Thornton ran for congress in this district on the populist ticket and was snowed under by 2,000 ballots. This experience was enough for him, and so when, this year, there was talk of imposing the nomination upon him Colonel Thornton gently said nay, going to the extent of writing a formal letter to Muscogee's dele-Ga., tumbled down a steep embankment gation to the populist convention, asking that his name be not placed before the convention. The populists offered the nomination to Mr. H. R. Harris and to Mr. A. G. Harris, but these gentlemen declining, with thanks, it was finally saddled upon Colonel Thornton anyhow. The colo-nel was not very enthusiastic about the omination, and it was only after several days of the deepest meditation that he de cided to accept the honor. He formally an-nounced his decision today.

Democrats at Work. Muscogee will roll up her usual demo tratic majority this fall. The democratic will hold a meeting at the office of the county clerk Friday night next, at which preparations for the campaign will be made, plans mapped out, etc. The following gentlemen comprise the committee: Chairman—S. P. Gilbert.

Second Ward-E. F. Roberts,
Third Ward-O. S. Jordan.
Fourth Ward-O. M. Foley.
Fifth Ward-R. W. Ledsinger.
Seventh Ward-R. W. Ledsinger.
Seventh Ward-A. W. Cozart.
Bozennan-D. L. Palmer.
Steam Mill-S. E. Young.
Upatot-S. H. Jenkins,
Nances-J. M. Moon.
East Highlands-H. V. Hargett.
As will be seen a slight change has been made in the committee. Dr. S. E. Young,
Midland, takes the place of Mr. M. M.
Bowden, in the Steam Mill district.

POPULISTS MEET AT PUEBLO.

Morse Bryan and Sewall and Appoint Fusion Committee. Pueblo, Col., September 9.-The populist tate convention met here this morning at :30 o'clock with a small attendance, due to the fact that the trains from Denver and the north with nearly half the delegates did not arrive until noon. The convention, owever, proceeded at once to business and lected E. T. Broomely, of Arapahoe, tem-

ed the convention listened to various adsses while awaiting the arrival of the absentees. A strong movement was per-ceptible this morning to bring about the nemination of Congressman Lafe Pence governor and to upset the possibility fusion with the democrats, who have ueblo, for governor.

The convention indorsed the democratic Bryan and Sewall electors and appointed tees of other parties in Denver on the question of fusion on a ticket.

Populists in Henry County Badly Disappointed. McDonough, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)— The populist picnic of Henry, Butts and Spalding counties was held today at Locust

WRIGHT DID NOT SHOW UP.

of eagerness. Preparations had been made for a very large crowd and the Hon. Seaborn Wright was expected to address them, but the populists were disappointed, both in the size of the crowd and in the coming of Mr. Wright, for, truly, the crowd was far short of what was expected, being variously estimated at from three to fine hundred, and the Hon. Seaborn failed to show up. He wired that he missed his train in At-He wired that he missed his train in Atlanta and could not be present.

This was a disappointment to all, as they were present to hear the populist candidate for governor. Hon. A. A. Murphey, of Barnesville, populist candidate for congress from the sixth congressional district, was present and spoke for about two and a half hours. Mr. Murphey discussed all the petty charges that have been made against Governor Atkinson. He went into the merits of no issue, unless, perhaps, the prohibition question.

the merits of no issue, unless, perhaps, the prohibition question.

Mr. Murpney's speech disappointed his audience and fell flat without a doubt. The greater part of the applause that greeted his remarks came from the colored people in the audience, but when election day comes the negroes will be found voting for the democratic nominees with an ardor they have never displayed before.

GOVERNOR SPOKE AT ROCKMART

Declared the Populist Party Was Dead Judge Maddox Also Speaks. Rockmart, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—Governor Atkinson spoke here yesterday afternoon. With the presence of the ladies he was delighted. Among other things the governor spoke of the populists in both national and state politics, and declared the party was dead. He also spoke of his administration, saying he had, by looking after the deposits and a little railroad, saved the state about \$70,000 per year, and that the appropriations to both the old soldiers and the public schools had been introduced.

diers and the public schools had been in-creased.

The governor explained to the satisfaction of the negro his position on lynching, and the uses of his pardoning power. The ef-forts of the prohibitionists, he said, were to bring upon the state a condition of af-fairs not unlike that of South Carolina. The close of the governor's speech in promising to rule wisely if elected was beau-tiful. ful. Congressman John W. Maddox made a nort address after the governor was

hrough.

LEWIS IN TAYLOR COUNTY. Congressional Candidate Speaks to

Large Crowd at Butler. Butler, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)— Ion. E. B. Lewis, democratic nominee for congress for this, the third, district, addressed the citizens of Taylor county at the courthouse here today. Mr. Lewis spoke for an hour and ten minutes and the crowd was composed of democrats and pop-ulists and republicans. This is the home of the populist nominee, and a great deal of interest was manifested in the speech of Mr. Lewis. His speech was a clear, logical exposition of the Chicago platform. He arraigned the republican party for its financial plank, tariff plank and other portions of the platform. He paid a beau-tiful tribute to Governor Atkinson, de-claring that he had made the best governor that Georgia has ever had. The speech of Mr. Lewis had splendid effect and the democrats are claiming that he will carry Taylor by a good majority. The populists arried the county two years ago by a majority of 300.

Madison, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)— Hon. William M. Howard, the next con-gressman from the eighth, spoke here today to a large crowd, during the noon reday to a large crowd, during the noon recess of Morgan superior court. Mr. Howard's speech was a masterly effort of
oratory, eloquence, logic and facts. He
carried the audience by storm and presented the issues of the state and national
campaigns clearly and convincingly. Morgan will give him a rousing majority and
will retain her wonted place in the democratic column.

Charged with Embezzlement.

Lid Not Detect Him in Doing Wrong, out They Arrested Him-Friends Believe Him Innocent.

d with embezzlement.
Peyton was carried before United States Commissioner Erwin and bound over

the sum of \$300 to stand preliminary trial tomorrow morning. George H. Plant, vice president of the First National bank. s Peyton's bondsman. Peyton will be de fended at hearing tomorrow by Claud Peyton vehemently denies the charge and

not believe he is guilty of the charges. There has been much complaint for some time about loss of letters at the Macon postoffice. Nearly two years ago an emlove of the office was arrested for emrest the loss of letters would stop, but they have continued to mysteriously appear. Lest week Inspectors Baird and Barry came to Macon to investigate the matter and on Sunday morning they creted themselves in the postoffice, one of them concealing himself in the "lookout." Three decoy or test letters had been placed in the postoffice. They contained marked money. Two of the decoy let-ters were addressed to Macon parties and one to a person in Montezuma. The watch of the inspectors was directed spe cially on Peyton. It is said the inspectors state they did not see Peyton take the let-ters, but they requested him to come into the postmaster's room and submit himself to be searched. Peyton was highly indignis language to the inspectors. horoughly searched, but neither the letters nor the marked money was found or his person, nor have they yet been found so far as can be ascertained. Peyton not have on his coat at the time of th search. It was hanging up in the pos office. The inspector told him to go ar get it so it could be searched. He to them he would not touch the coat; that they had to get it themselves. They did As a result of Peyton's predicament Pos master Hertz suspended him. Peyton re-ceived a nervous shock and was seriously

Park hotel. He had several spasms. On Monday afternoon he was able to be on the streets. No arrest was made until this afternoon, as the inspectors, so it is said, were uncertain if they could make a case against Peyton. It is not known if Peyton's arrest this

Wall's Line of Defense.

It is highly probable that a strong fight will be made in defense of John R. Wall when he is arraigned in Bibb superior court to answer to the charge of killing Ben Stripling. It is said that one of the Grove. The day had been looked forward to by the third partyltes with a great deal points that will be advanced in his behalf disappointed, both in and in the coming of y, the crowd was far beeted, being variously aree to fine hudred, in failed to snow up, seed his train in Atpressed his accordance with the failed to show up, as urgical one at the conclusion that he would surely die unless his life could be saved was surgical one at the conclusion. They said that surely die unless his life could be saved by a surgical operation. They said that the operation was the only chance, and the very slightest chance for life. The opera-tion was performed and the physicians found that the bullet had already done its fatal work. Four of the intestines had been perforated by the bullet and peritoritis had commenced. Death was inevitable, Wall will probably be defended by Estes & Jones, Preston & Ayer and, perhaps, others.

A Serious Cutting. This morning William Thomas seriously stabbed Ellis Howard several times. A very dangerous stab was given in the back very dangerous stab was given in the back. The effect of the cutting cannot be determined at this writing. Thomas was arrested and put in jail. Thomas was jealous of the attentions paid his wife by Howard, so it is said.

He May Recover. Last night George Howard and John Young engaged in a difficulty. Howard struck Young a fearful blow on the head with a stick, knocking him unconscious and, perhaps, fracturing the skull. How-



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper ef-forts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its bene-ficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all rep-

utable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxa-tives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction

Macon, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—George L. Peyton, a well-known young man of Macon, and who has been connected with the Macon postoffice for a long time, was arrested this afternoon by Depute Macon and August Alexandra uty United States Marshal Ayres, charg-

says he is a much wronged man. He has always stood well in the community and efficiently and courteously discharged his duties at the postoffice and the public does

afternoon was based on the opinion of the district attorney as to the strength of the ease. The evidence, so far as can be learned, is purely circumstantial. Peyton was formerly general delivery clerk, but for some time has been distributing clerk at a salary of \$75 per month. He is unmarried has no family dependencies or bad habits and no one can see a motive

colored now are registering faster than the whites, though neither are registering rapidly. There are only seven more days in which to register. The negro registration will hardly reach 500. Newsy Notes.

Mr. Marvin M. Parks, professor of ancient languages in Wesleyan female college, and Miss Ruth Vaden, of Petersburg. Va., were united in marriage, yesterday at Petersburg. They are expected to reach Macon in a few days.

The funeral services of Mr. William D. Davidson, a highly esteemed citizen of Bibb county, were held this afternoon. Rev. Dr. Foote officiated. The interment was made at Rose Hill. Mr. Davidson was a gallant member of Company B Twelfth Georgia regiment. in the late war.

Rev. W. B. Burke and family, who left Macon on Augusta, J. this city, is now at Mount J. Store with Judge Speer, court, seeking to put a stop by the Seaboard Air-Line.

On a Forlorn F Waycros, Ga., Septembe Ben F. Jones, a delegate to list convention from Valdos day, working for Palmer and Buckner club we tomorrow.

Killed in a Ru Tifton, Ga., September 9 Elbert Fletcher, a highly of this vicinity, while return of the citizens of Augusta, J. this city, is now at Mount J. Store was the service of this Judge Speer, court, seeking to put a stop by the Seaboard Air-Line.

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Tracks To Avoid Big Paving Bill. Savannah, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)— To avoid a heavy bill for street paving, the City and Suburban Street Company began this afternoon to tear up one of its tracks on Abercorn street, forming a long switch through four blocks. City Engineer Winn saw what was going on and ordered it stopped. He is Mayor Myers, who at once ordered squad of policemen to stop the hands from removing the track. In the meantime about 100 feet of it had been torn up. The City and Suburban company people say they were acting under advice from their counsel, as there was no city ordinance pre

tanooga Street Railways. Chattanooga, Tenn., September 9.—(Special.)—In the chancery court today N. R. Bayley, William A. Marburg, Eliza M.

Simmons and the Westminster Savin bank of Baltimore, Md., filed a bill for for closure against the Chattanooga Electri Street Railway Company, owners and open tors of the twenty-six miles of street rail road and equipment, the said company hav ing defaulted the interest of \$9,000 du July 1st. The bill alleges that the co-plainants are the holders and represent holders of \$300,000 mortgage bonds again the old City street railway, a corporatio consolidated with the present compan some years ago. The Union Trust Com-pany, of Philadelphia, applied for a receive pany, of Philadelphia, applied for a receiver for that portion of the road not included in the old franchises, being the principal holder of \$250,000 mortgage bonds on that line. A temporary receiver was appointed last week under the Union Trust Company's bill and the final hearing set for last Saturday. The decision was withheld by Chancelior McConnell. Saturday next the applications of the two sets of bondholders will be consolidated and the chancellor will render his decision.

LOOKS LIKE DISSATISFACTION. Stockholders of the N., C. and St. L.

Have a Short Session. Nashivile, Tenn., September 9.—(Special.) From the fact that the stockholders of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis rail-road adjourned precipitately today without transacting any business and after having een in session only two minutes, it is be been in session only two minutes, it is be-lieved that there is a great deal more than talk in the reports of the dissatisfaction over the lease of the Paducah. Tennessee and Alabama and Tennessee Midland roads. These reports have been in circulation some months; in fact, ever since it was as-certained that the lease would prove un-profitable, and it was hinted that the lease would not be ratified.

uld not be ratified. The directors met today and ratified the

ESTABLISHED 1870) LENS GRINDING & OCULISTS PERSCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY SPECIAL STYLES OF SPECTACLES

SEYE GLASSES MADE TO ORDER.

# \* FORCE'S ROACHELENE \*

COCKROACHES AND WATERBUGS. 25c NOT A POISON. BOX.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS. A. W. FARLINGER. Wholesale Southern Agent, 325, 327 and 329 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

ard escaped. Young was taken to the Farmer Badly Hurt.

Henry Gray, a well-known farmer of Bolingbroke, was badly hurt in Macon. While he was riding on a load of cotton while he was riding on a load of cotton coming down Cotton avenue the mules shied and Gray was thrown off the wagon. His head struck heavily against the track of the Metropolitan street railroad. He was knocked unconscious, and it was first thought he had been killed. He was taken into T. L. Massenburg's house and medical attention given. He will be carried home by his son tomorrow. The injured man is the father-in-law of Loring Brown.

Where They Must Vote.

Notice was been issued telling the voters of the city of Macon and county of Bibb where they must vote in the state election. All residents in the city who vote must vote at the precinct in the district where they live. Voters in the upper city district must vote either at the courthouse or the must vote either at the courthouse or the lower district precinct. Voters in the lower dashed out the big front door and ran up the street. must vote either at the courthouse or the Second street precinct. Voters in the lower city district must vote either at the city hall or Findlay's foundry. Voters in the Vineville district must vote either at the courthouse or Second street precinct. Voters in all districts outside of the city must vote at the precinct in their respective districts, or at the courthouse.

K. of P. Visitation. Tonight the uniform rank of Knights of Pythias made a social visitation to Central City lodge. The members of the rank attended in full uniform. Several speeches were made and refreshments served. The occasion was greatly enjoyed.

There was a very happy meeting yester-day of two colored brothers at the Macor Oil and Ice Company's tanks. They had never known each other before. Their names are Sam Thomas and Scott Hall. The two brothers are between thirty and forty years old. Sam Thomas works at the mill. Yesterday Scott Hall called to

A Long Separation.

at the mill. Yesterday Scott Hall called to see him. A comparison of notes showed that they were long separated brothers, and with great happiness they fell into each other's arms and embraced.

When Scott Hall was only two years old, and his brother, Sam, was likewise a small boy. Hall's father took him from his mother, where they were living in Twiggs county, and carried him to Arkansas. In time Hall's father died. Hall grew to manhood, and some time ago came to Jones county. Georgia to live, and commenced a search Half's father field. Half grew to mannoon, and some time ago came to Jones county. Georgia, to live, and commenced a search for his relatives. He ascertained that his brother was working at the oil mill in Macon, and went there yesterday and found him. He also learned that his mother was living in Macon and he met her yesterday. Mother and son had not met in more than thirty years—not since the son was carried

thirty years—not since the son was carried away by his father, when only two years old. Registration in Bibb. The total registration in Bibb county to date for the October election is 3,526, of which 3.155 are whites and 371 colored. The

Information comes from Rome that Mrs. A. J. Battle, who has been very ill, is better.
Mr. Marvin M. Parks, professor of ancient languages in Wesleyan female college,

LIKE CAPITOL AVENUE CASE. Savannah Street Railway Tears Up one of the most prominent dry goods con-

venting their removing the switch when-ever they chose to do so. The matter, however, has not been settled.

Dr. J. B. Alexander, Charlotte, N. C., DEFAULTED ITS INTEREST. says: "It is not only pleasant to the taste, but ranks among the best nerve tonicator nervous females." Mortgage Foreclosed Against Chat-

lease with only one dissenting vote, but when the stockholders met the forty-fifth annual report was presented and an ad-journment taken for ninety days, although the call included the question of ratifying the lease. All the parties approached in

regard to the matter refuse to discuss it. KNOCKED DOWN BY A RUNAWAY

Mr. John C. Moore, of Smyrna, Painfully Hurt Yesterday Afternoon. Mr. John C. Moore, a resident of Smyrna, was run over and painfully injured in a runaway on Marietta street at 1 o'clock

run over by the wheels. He was carried to Sharp's drug store, two blocks below, where his wounds were dressed by Dr.

Wesley Collier, the negro driving the

cart at the time, was arrested by Officers Reed and Coker, and locked in the station house on the charge of reckless driving. He claims, however, that the horse was running away, and that he was unable to control it. Collier will be tried in the police court this afternoon. Not Morphine, but Nearly as Bad. Ida Washington, a negro woman, was

morphine in Lynch's alley last night. She was carried to the hospital. On examination, it was found that she had imbibed too much Decatur street whisky. She Fell from His Bicycle. Major Fletcher Houson fell from his deycle on South Pryor street, near Richardson, about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and was prinfully injured. His hat nost blew off and he took his hands off handle bars of his wheel to rescue it. He lost his balance and was thrown forci-

bly to the pavement. No bones were broken, but he sustained several ugly cuts and bruises.

Tandem Riders Arrested. Officer Hudson, the Peachtree street policeman, who is well known to Atlanta bicyclists, on account of his many en counters with the scorchers, stopped a tandem last night on Peachtree street and arrested Stovall Simpson and Charles Fech-ter, who were riding faster than the law allows. They will be tried in the police

court this afternoon. Say Rate Cutting Hurts Them. Augusta, Ga., September 9.-In behalf of the citizens of Augusta, J. R. Lamar, of this city, is now at Mount Airy, Ga, in concourt, seeking to put a stop to rate cutting

On a Forlern Hope. Waycross, Ga., September 9.-(Special.)-Ben F. Jones, a delegate to the Indiana lls convention from Valdosta, was here to-day, working for Palmer and Buckner. A Palmer and Buckner club will be organized

Tifton, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—Mr. Elbert Fletcher, a highly respected citizen of this vicinity, while returning from town oday, was thrown by a runaway team against a tree and instantly killed. Southern Female College.

Killed in a Runaway.

LaGrange, Ga, September 9.—(Special.)—
The Southern female college opening exercises were begun with prayer by Dr. Nunnally, followed with music by the college orchestra. Addresses were made by Judge F. M. Longley, L. J. Render, Dr. T. S. Bradfield and Rev. Blalock. Receiver in Charge. Augusta, Ga., September 9 .- (Special.)-The affairs of the Mullarky Harty Company.

> For Nervous Females. Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

cerns in this city, are in the hands of a

It Will Work Wonders With This Generation of Men. Thousands of dollars would be saved if all could have the

benefit of a Pure Linen Finish

twice as long, look better and

laundry work. Linen will wear

save you money. Avail yourself by sending to the popular TrioSteam Laundry

> Liberal Commission to Agents in FUNERAL NOTICE.

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ANCOCK .- The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Charner J. Hancock and their two sons, Will L. and Walter E., and Mr. and Mrs. James A. Hancock are invited to ctiend the funeral of the former today at 2 p. m. from his late residence, iss Courtland avenue. The following gen-tlemen will act as escort: Robert Winwill be: W. R. Dimmock, James A. Anderson, C. J. Simmons, Hugh Wilson, Charles Tyler and Robert Rusaton. Escort and bearers will meet at office of H. M. Patterson, 22 Peachtree, at 2:15 p. m.

# The Constitution.

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# 10 PAGES

territory outside of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., September 10, 1896.

The People's Candidate.

William Jennings Bryan, the democratic nominee for president, has grown in intellectual stature since his nomination to as great a height as that ever attained by any American chosen to lead the people. And the people are growing with him. In some mysterious and undefinable way he is lifting the toiling masses to a higher appreciation of their own power and importance than they have held since the days when patriotism pronounced the decree that the colonies should be free. He has inspired the humblest with a higher ideal of American manhood, and has imparted to political discussion a tone high above the confusion of partisanship.

He has made more than 100 speeches since his nomination, and in each has manifested an intellectual vigor and strength, a versatility and an earnest ness that can be adequately described only by the statement that the man is inspired-inspired by the justice of the people's cause and by the desire to bring a measure of lasting relief to struggling humanity.

His address to the workingmen at Chicago on Labor Day is as noble a deliverance as ever fell from the lips of an American statesman and confirms becountry, without regard to party, have the lash, to become the executioners of that dollar would buy only the quantity found a leader worthy of the cause and

On another page will be found Mr. Bryan's letter of acceptance. It is comparatively brief, and yet it covers every point necessary to be covered. It is conceived in the spirit that has marked all his public utterances since his nomination. He gives to the conception and interpretation of democracy as broad a meaning as Jefferson gave it, and shows its native strength and simplicity based on exact justice to all men, the greatest good to all, the equality of all before the law, equal opportunities for all, and the right of local self-govern-

The letter demonstrates anew the fact that here is a man of the people-a man who has the right to appeal to all the people to aid him in carrying to a successful conclusion the great cause which he has been selected to represent.

To us it seems simply impossible that such a cause with such a leader should fail of success. There has not been a day since his nomination that this great people. That is the testimony of impartial observers in all parts of the country. Except among a few men partisan politics has been forgotten so far as the national contest is concerned, and in all parts of the country republicans, populists and democrats have united to support the people's candidate.

Who Shall Manage the Elections? Correspondence has been going on between Mr. Clay, chairman of the state democratic committee, and Mr. Cunningham, chairman of the populist comheartily recommended that each party be represented by a manager and a clerk extent by reason of the vigorous crucounty chairman requesting that this General Oglethorpe, they soon lapsed recommendation be carried out.

Mr. Cunningham replied asking that Mr. Clay draw written pledges, sending them all over the country to the different militia districts agreeing on managers. Mr. Clay replied that the only lated its own affairs. This is the status

of the controversy. to draw written oath-bound con- bimetallism tracts and send to the different voting. The Republican has not yet undermilitia districts to be signed up is with- taken to discuss this phase of the ques-

out authority of law and a reflection upon the people of the districts where they are sent. The people in the different counties of Georgia are capable of managing their own affairs and selecting managers to carry on their elections, and neither Mr. Cunningham nor Mr. Clay has any right to say who shall manage the elections in the different districts of the state. To have sent out such contracts would have been peace; would have been an assumption of authority unwarranted, and would have put the state chairman in the attitude of a dictator to the people.

How are elections managed? The law requires that the secretary of state send to each ordinary the blanks for election returns from that particular county. These blanks are sent by the ordinaries to the justices of the peace of the different militia districts, who are sworn officers. In each district the election is presided over necessarily by one fustice and usually by two, and by one freeholder, or two, as the case may bethese selected by the justices and the voters of the militia district. This system has prevailed in Georgia since she became a state, and no chairman or anybody else has any legal right to interfere with it. Mr. Clay, the chairman of the state democratic committee, has nost heartily recommended that both parties be represented on the election board in each district. This was the extent of his power, and in making such ecommendation he has undoubtedly done right. To have done more would have made him ridiculous in the eves of the intelligent citizens of the state.

Gold Contracts.

In another column we print a comnunication from Judge Hammond, who seems to have constituted himself the neighborhood.

We shall be glad if his communication calls renewed attention to The Constitution's remarks on gold contracts in Wednesday's issue. Those who care to ook into the matter will find that there are other decisions of the supreme court bearing on this important matter, which were referred to some months ago by The New York Journal of Commerce.

Meanwhile if those who hold gold contracts can gather any comfort from the arguments and citations in Judge Hamnond's communication they are heartiv welcome to it.

But they will find in the end that The Constitution has correctly outlined the constitutional principle that will be applied to all contracts intended to denonetize any form of the government's when it attacks the sovereign power of the government to create money and there is no equity in the situation-that make it a legal tender.

England's Prison System. In no civilized country on the globe is the treatment of prisoners so utterly at variance with the standards of jus-

tice and humanity as it is in England. Though professing to be a Christian nation, England has never felt it incumbent upon her in the least to consider the well-being of the prisoners incarce- will command in the market today? It rated within her jails and penitentiaries. On the contrary, she has tolerated the ment that is now talking about "sound most brutal and flagrant outrages and, youd all question the impression that in many cases on record, permitted her dollar was glad to accept the gold dolin Bryan the common people of this jailers, through the fatal application of lar or its equivalent in currency when

> their care. It is difficult to believe such a state- silver. ment as the foregoing, and yet the facts in support of it are only too numerous.

Within the last few days Dr. Thomas Gallagher, who was recently liberated from one of these English prisons, landed in America. Dr. Gallagher was implicated in a plot of some kind while in England several years ago, was convicted on circumstantial evidence and committed to prison. During the period of his incarceration he was, he claims, subjected to the most brutal treatment. On more than one occasion the lash was applied to his back until the blood gushed in streams from the lacerated portions of his body. Such was the character of the poor man's life in prison for a term of nearly thirteen years that when at last the doors flew open for his release

he was powerless to enjoy his freedom. Expecting his arrival in this country quite a number of Dr. Gallagher's old friends gathered at the landing in New York to give him a hearty welcome back home. Instead of the strong, vigorous man whom they had known in former years, they beheld a pale, emaciated wreck, whose dreamy eyes told plainly leader has not grown stronger with the of his mind's impaired condition and whose haggard face contained no smite of greeting or recognition. The eager anticipation with which his friends awaited his arrival was changed into a pang of sorrowful disappointment.

Dr. Gallagher is now in a private sanitarium on Long Island. His physicians refuse to give out information concerning him, but from all accounts his mind is hopelessly destroyed.

That Christian England should tolerate such a prison life as that which has made the present condition of Dr. Gallagher possible is something that cannot easily be reconciled. For generations, mittee, as to a division of the managers | however, England has permitted these at the various precincts throughout the prison abuses. The complaint is by no state in the coming election. Mr. Cun- means a new one. As far back as the ningham wrote Mr. Clay asking for a days of Oglethorpe, the illustrious division of managers. Mr. Clay prompt- founder of the colony of Georgia, the ly replied that he had no power to select | English prisons were a blot upon the histhe managers, but as chairman, he most tory of that nation and a disgrace to all Christians. Though purified to a certain and that he would write a letter to each sade brought to bear against them by

into their old condition after his death. Will Higher Prices Work Mischief? A few days ago we called the attention of The Springfield Republican to the fact that the money question is realauthority he had was to recommend to ly a question of prices, and inquired the county chairman a division of the why, if it is pernicious to raise prices to managers, as each militia district regu- a protfitable level by means of independent action by the United States, it would not be equally as pernicious to For the chairman of the state commit- raise prices by means of international

tion, which is really the essential phase but we are glad to see that it agrees heartily with the premise laid down by The Constitution. Our contemporary, in its issue of last Monday, says: "The question at issue in the pending election is entirely, in its last analysis, one of prices. One party would cheapen the dollar paid to labor and capital by advancing prices; the other would hold the dollar where it is by letting prices stand a reflection upon every justice of the where they are"-or, as The Republican goes on to explain, raise prices by means of a higher tariff.

Now that our Springfield contemporary perceives that the money question, in its last analysis, is one of prices, a good many obstacles to clear discussion are cleared away. As a matter of fact, The Republican, in a few words which we have quoted from it, practically admits the most vital contention of the bimetallists. It says, in effect, that a rise in prices would "cheapen the dollar." Admitting this to be true, does it not follow that the fall in prices since 1873 has enhanced the value of the dollar? The conclusion is inevitable; there is no escape from it.

In the article from which we have quoted The Republican prints the index number from Sauerbeck's tables for the month of July, 1896. The index number of prices for the ten years from 1867 to 1877 is 100. That is to say, a dollar would buy only one dollar's worth of ommodities. The index number for July, 1896, as given by Sauerbeck is 59, showing a fall in prices of more than 40 per cent. That is to say, the dollar will buy \$1.61 worth of commodities as compared with the dollar of 1867-77.

Now if this fall in prices, affecting all staple commodities, and admitted by the gold monometallists themselves to be the result of the demonetization of silver, has not enhanced the value of the special guardian of goldbuggery in this dollar, how can The Republican have the hardihood to say that a rise in prices will "cheapen the dollar?"

Proceeding a step farther we come to the contention of The Republican (referred to some days ago) that a rise in prices would be unjust-would "work mischief." Here, again, the reverse of the proposition intrudes itself and will not down. If a rise of prices would 'work mischief" to a very thrifty class of men who are engaged in the business of money-lending, does it not follow, as a matter of course, that the tremendous fall in prices which The Republican admits has worked mischief to an infinitely larger and much more important class, namely, the toiling millions who by their labor produce the wealth of the nation? If the vast loss to the producers of the country has enabled the beneficiary noney. A contract ceases to be private class to reap where it has not sown, does not The Republican perceive that

number of prices stood at 100? Does The Republican remember to have heard any complaint from the money-lending and money-dealing class that the dollar was a cheap dollar when it would buy only half the quantity of staple goods and commodities that it is a matter of history that the very elemoney" and protesting against a 53-cent the poor unfortunate men committed to of goods and commodities that is now

there can be no equity until the dollar

has been brought back to the purchasing

power it had when Sauerbeck's index

This being true, how can so fair a fournal as The Springfield Republican contend that the revolution of prices to the level that represents fair returns for labor of all kinds, and general prosperity for all classes, would "work mischief?"

Vermont doesn't cast a shadow by the side of Arkansas.

The New York Herald has private and special information from Hanna agents that the negro vote in Arkansas was "suppressed." This was done to prevent the members of the gold syndicate from fainting when they heard the news from that state. We trust The Herald will continue in the good work and keep the money powers fooled to the top of its

Did Hanna pay all the expenses of the Indianapolis convention? If so, he didn't get his money's worth.

It may be that this is one of the years when Hanna's "business methods" will

The Washington Post thinks that Grover Cleveland is a bolter. But doesn't The Post do injustice to the man that wrote a strong letter to the editor of The Consitution declaring that demoratic duty makes it patriotic to support the party?

Hanna's Indianapolis convention will hardly pay any dividends on the investment.

If 40,000 majority in Vermont meant something, what does 60,000 in Arkansas mean?

Hanna can make Arkansas the excuse for demanding some boodle from the goldbugs.

The Watterson campaign blew out its

fuse before steam was up. It is confidently asserted that Hanna would be an upright man if he wore the

right kind of braces.

The Knight Defender of Honor. rom The New York Evening Recorder. It must have been a stirring spectacle when that true cavalier, that knight who has battled so gloriously for the honor of has battled so gioriously for the nonor of womankind, that valiant, shrinking lover, Colonel Breckinridge, arose in the India-napolis convention and spoke his little plece about the honor of the country being at about the honor of the country being at stake and the only way to save it was by the nomination of somebody else. It is one of the humorous situations of this campaign that the Breckinridge soul should shrink at the thought of the dishonor that would light upon this nation and reflect upon him as one of its great citizens if things went the wrong way after election. The Breckinridge honor is something for this republic to cherish with great tenderness. republic to cherish with great tenderness.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Fall Time. Fall time in Georgia-Ain't it out o' sight!

Hick'ry nuts a-droppin'-Fires blazin' bright. 'Taters in the ashes-Apples on the shelf; Pass aroun' the cider Till you hardly know yerself!

Fall time in Georgia-Woods in gold an' brown Wagon loads o' cotton bales

Rollin' into town! Rabbits fat an' frisky Squirrels all about, "Rover" at the 'possum tree, Bayin' of him out.

Fall time in Georgia-All the girls in line: Fellers, take yer pardners, An' I'll look out fer mine! Fiddles goin' lively. (Winter's head o' May!) Swing an' kiss yer sweethearts-

Dance till break o' day!

Political Arithmetic.

"You ain't countin' them votes right," said the bystander, "when you say, 'one

The manager ceased his arithmetic for one brief moment, and looking up said: "One and one is ten on this here occasion, my friend, an' in this here community; ef them kind o' mathematics don't suit you it ain't my funeral, but jest at this time they air law in this neighborhood, an' you jest stop a-interferin' with a legalized citizen in the full discharge o' his faculties!"

We are now in the enjoyment of that delightful season when "the 'orn of the 'unter is 'eard on the 'ill." and when the poets are "'possum" to "blossom" with great facility.

Good Times.

The chimney's ready for the logs, (Happy now, believers!) The fox is flyin' from the dogs. (Happy now, believers!

The harvest song is ringin' sweet. (Happy now, believers!) An' apple cider's hard to beat. (Happy now, believers!

Throw the white sand on the floor. (Happy now, believers!) Bring us in one fiddle more.

(Happy now, believers!) Editor Kingsbury, of The Wilmington Messenger, has done much in the way of bringing to recognition the literary talent of North Carolina. Through his excellent offices we have formed the newspaper acquaintance of several of the best verse writers in the state. He was one of the first to recognize the genius-for it amounts o that-of Henry Jerome Stockard, whose Century sonnets have been widely praised, and who is winning fame as a poet. Edi-

tor Kingsbury has relatives in Georgia. He

enjoys the reputation of being one of the

best scholars in the old North State

### STATE POLITICAL NOTES.

F. L. S.

The Savannah Press says editorially: "We can see no possible excuse now for the defection of so many good men who call themselves populists, but who really are democrats. The nomination of Mr. yan, the prominence given the silver ue, the position of the democratic party the subject of tariff, finance and trusts und bring back to the fold every man o has your away from its ranks. The unjust taxation to more advantage in the democratic party than in populist ranks. As for Mr. Watson, he is alleright. He is not yet a democrat, but he soon will be."

Colonel Hutchison, of Cherokee, and Colonel Holland, of Cobb. were candidates for solicitor general. Both gentlemen had been actively canvassing for the office and the prospective members of the legislature represented by 53 cents' worth of bullion | had been duly importuned in behalf of each | of the canvass it was decided that they would arbitrate the case. So three arbitra-tors were chosen. They sat on it one day and concluded that Tom Hutchison should be the candidate. So unless another Richmond enters the race Tom will have a walk over. Commenting on this The Gwinnett Herald says:

"We expect the members of the legislature would be glad if all these contests were settled in the same or some other way, so as to relieve them from the unpleasant button-holding that goes on for the first ten days of every session."

The democrats in Bartow county are signing up a paper that pledges each one to boycott each one of the leading gold democratic bolters in all future elections, both state and national. The men handling the petition make it plain that the move-ment does not orginate with any commit-tee, but is the work of individual democrats.

Mr. C. W. Oakes was nominated last week by the democrats of White county as their candidate and it is predicted that he will make a fine race

Says The Spring Place Jimplecute: "Chairman Steve Clay is guiding the for-tunes of democracy this year with the hand of a master. Steve is 'up to snuff' in politics and will occupy a higher position one of these days."

The Bulloch Times believes Scaborn Wright can safely count on carrying the full populist vote of Chatham county, numbering at least half a dozen.

There is a candidate for coroner in Henry county who says he has lived long enough to see twenty presidents inaugurated. He thinks a man is never too old to run for

Nearly 4,000 citizens in Gwinnett have qualified themselves as voters by register-ing. It is reported that there are about 400 yet who ought to register.

The Rome Tribune says that Floyd will go democratic by an overwhelming ma-

# STATE PRESS COMMENT.

The Rome Tribune says: The Rome Tribune says:

"The voice of the press is apt to indicate the temper of the people. Nobody can gainsay the fact that the press of Georgia is of as high a moral standard as any in the country. It stands to reason then that when nearly every newspaper, from the big dallies down to the most obscure country weeklies, is opposed to the populo-prohibition movement, there must be good reason for their opposition. Take them in wet counties and dry counties alike and with a striking unanimity they are solid against the new craze and are giving their substantial support to the organized their substantial support to the organized lemocracy.

Says The Savannah News: Says The Savannah News:

"Georgians will read with interest the revelations with regard to the South Carolina dispensary that are being made by Governor Evans, Dispensary Mixson and others, and will become more firmly than ever grounded in their determination not to have the liquor question settled on the South Carolina plan. It would seem, from the evidence so far submitted, that the dispensary institution is not only a gigantic political machine, but is a hot bed of corruption."

Speaking of Candidate Wright's speech in Savannah The Morning News says:
"The city is against a general prohibition law and in favor of local option, and the great bulk of the vote will therefore be cast for the democratic ticket. Mr. Wright had much to say about 'machine' politics and the 'ring' which has control

of state affairs. That is the kind of talk

of state affairs. That is the kind of talk which put a lot of wild-eyed populists in office in Kansas, and what has been the condition of affairs in that state since the populists came to the front? It has been simply deplorable. The state has gone backward. It has lost many thousands of its population and its wealth has shrunk. Incompetent men have held the offices and there has been more ring and machine politics there than ever before. No, we don't want in this state any such experince as Kansas has had."

Says The Dawson News: "Polk county's first bale of new cotton was sold to the home mill and made up, right there, into fine hostery. That county, it is safe to say, is on the high road to prespective."

Says Marie Louise Myrick, in the Times-"The Georgia legislature will not be called on to pass a law to compel Georgia women to do the graceful thing of taking off their hats in the theaters. Will not the kind creatures do it gratis?"

It will be The Augusta News is the latest ormation given out by Editor Hal Moore, and will make its bow to the public poss bly in two weeks. It will be a four page, eight column, morning daily.

Says The Wayeross Herald: "The crop of northern tourists in the outh promises to be large during the coming season. A hundred tramps are a en route between Savannah and cross."

### CAMPAIGN CLIPPINGS.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: Beside the lemocratic victory in Arkansas that re-publican victory in Vermont isn't a sneeze n a skillet.

St. Louis Republic: England did not ask for America's consent when she determined upon a free trade policy. Why should America ask England's leave before de-termining upon a policy of free coinage? Los Angeles Herald: The \$20,000,000 raised by Mark Hanna to defeat Mr. Bryan with seems to be already far too small a sum. It is rumored that little of it has as yet reached California, and for all the good it will do it may as well stay away.

will do it may as well stay away.

Columbus (O.) Press: The men who a century ago called Thomas Jefferson a "demagogue" for his faith in and reliance upon the people are forgotten. History has scarcely preserved their names from oblivion, while it has enshrined his. The plutocrats and their agents who now shout "demagogue" at Mr. Bryan will be remembered hereafter, if they survive at all, much as Judas is—for his greed.

Nashville American: Mr. McKinley still sings the praises of the McKinley bill, and tells visiting delegations that they must vote for its re-enactment, while Mr. Hanna, his manager, tells him to have nothing to say concerning the increase of \$70,000,000 in exports of manufactured goods since the repeal of the McKinley law.

Chicago Dispatch: Carl Schurz, ex-United tates senator, ex-secretary of the inter x-member of the Frankfort parliam ex-republican editor, ex-democratic editor ex-mugwump editor and all around profes sional Teuton, who looks wisely through steel-rimmed spectacles with two eyes ap-in the discovery of what is popularly known as the "main chance," addressed ar audience of "sound money" men Saturday night in this city.

New York Journal: Tom Reed did not go into Vermont to make any campaign speeches. Tom has not forgotten that it was Vermont republicanism that led off in the New England treachery that had so much to do with the collapse of his presi-dential boom.

Evansville Courier: The figures of the last two elections in Illinois cause consternation in the hearts of Mark Hanna and his syndicate; they show that in order to carry the state for McKinley it would be necessary to have an average change of 500 votes to the county. It is impossible to find any conditions in the state to warrant the chance of such a sweeping change in the vote. The probability is that Bryan's majority in Illinois will reach 50,000 and may go as far as 75,000.

### AS GEORGIA VIEWS IT.

Americus Times-Recorder: Old man Palmer, the leader of the alleged "honest money" forces, should be honest enough to surrender his commission as United States senator, which he secured by the grace of the votes of populist members of the Illinois legislature upon pledges that he would vote for the free coinage of silver. Covington Star: The convention was composed principally of back-number demo-rats and out-of-date politicians who have been repudiated by the people and relegated

to the rear. Brunswick Advertiser: A democratic paper says the democratic party will turn down the Indianapolis breeders of strife No use. They have already been shelved by their how.

Walton News: To form a party of Waiton News: 10 s, with the expressed purpose of aiding the election of McKinley, is to turn re-ablican without the courage to vote with

Albany Herald: The Indianapolis conven-tion of bolters had no boy orators. They were all "old stagers" and most of them broken down ones at that. Putnam Herald: It is our candid opinior that the Indianapolis nominees wil materially aid Mr. Bryan in carrying New York state

Rockdale Banner: These disgruntled fellows have already disposed of the bulk of their mission on earth.

# SOUTHERN NEWS NOTES.

The Webster, N. C., Herald says there is confined in fail there, charged with violation of the internal revenue law, a mar who has a wife and family at home totally destitute. A gentleman stopped at their destitute. A gentleman stopped at their home and fed the mule that he was riding some corn that he had with him. When the mule had finished the children groveled in the dirt for the grains of corn that the mule had left, and these children were as naked as the day they were born.

They are going to have lively times in Tennessee from now until the closing of the campaign. Arrangements have been made for a series of joint debates between ex-Governor Robert L. Taylor and Colonel Tillman, the opposing candidates for the governorship. "Bob" Taylor has a national reputation as a wit and a ready debater, and Colonel Tillman is said to be a powerful talker. and Colone ful talker.

ful talker.

The Galveston News says that the republican vote in Texas cannot be thrown solidly to the populist ticket by any arrangement which the republican leaders can make. The democrats are certain to control a large part of the colored republican vote under any circumstances. That being the case it can be quite safely stated that the democrats will carry the state for both their state and national tickets.

A lot of copper pottery of ancient design was taken out from the Indian mound at Royal Palm, Fla. It was all badly battered and discolored by age. In all about seven barrels of bones have been unearthed and reinterred.

Judging from the tax collector's list of property to be sold in Escambla county, Florida, for taxes, about half the county and three-fourths of the city of Pensacola will go on the block October 5th. As Colonel Latham Anderson was wall ing on one of the streets of Kuttawa, Kythe sight of one of his eyes was instantidestroyed without previous warning an without pain. The doctors regard it as a queer case.

# SPARKS FROM GEORGIA.

Mr. Hugh Park while at work in the field In Walton county, heard the cries of a young rabbit that seemed to be in distress. Mr. Park hastened to the scene and found a huge coachwhip that had charmed the rabbit. He killed the snake, which measured six feet and seven inches.

Uncle Marshall Furgerson, who lived in Gwinnett county, near Stone Mountain, and who died two weeks ago, was a remarkable man. He had reached the age of eighty-six, and he and his wife had lived together for over sixty years. He made forty-two crops with two horses, having plowed one for twenty and the other for twenty-two years.

The rice receipts at Savannah are re-ported to be quite large for this season of the year. The crop is said to be a month earlier than last year,

The Macon Telegraph does not admit the the day of the state fair has passed. Maco proposes to have one next year. It requires on an average of more than a hundred thousand dollars a day to pay for the cotton brought into Augusta.

### IN VARYING MOODS.

Colonel Tom Hutchinson, the man from the mountains, has one which he tells confidentially to every speaker he catches at democratic state headquarters.

Tom Hutchinson is the leviathan of the political pool. He towers above other men like a jaggy peak jutting from the Blue Ridge, and his voice, when lifted along the fens and farrows of Cherokee county, is like the roar of a cataract. Since he has been indorsed for solicitor he has added a higher note to his laugh, and he runs every string in the gamut with force enough to scatter the dust from the skylight in the Kimball. But he tells his confidential joke in a soft, soothing voice.

"There is a pretty sporty fellow up our way. He is stuck on driving fast horses, and he has a team which none of these here Peachtree rigs can hold a candle to. They're high steppers, those bays of his, and you ought to see him on the road at dead heat.

"The other day he was dashing down a hill and the team was rushing on like the wind. He noticed in front of him a one horse wagon with a spavined mule and a bearded driver. He yelled for the man to get out of the way, but he stald there. The team was prancing on so fast that he couldn't check them. He yelled again, but the man with the wagon didn't move. Just then the bays struck the fellow and it was like a stick of dynamite, see! It was some time before he could stop his horses. As soon as he could he went back. "Why didn't you get out of the way?"

"Git out of the way, the dickens. What ver take me fer? I'm 'er middle of the roader, an' I don't let no darn democrat run over me.' Owney was in Atlanta yesterday. He is

on his way to 'Frisco, and crosses the continent for the fifteenth time.

Quite a crowd gathered at the depot to eet him and a reception committee took him in charge about lunch time. Tonight

he will arrive in St. Louis, whence he will go direct to the Pacific slope Owney is the dog of the railway postal clerks. He is the most interesting animal in the United States and a globe trotter with unparalleled record. Ten years ago when an ugly, innocent looking pup, Owney strolled into a postal car in New York. He cast an inquisitive glance about, seemed to realize that his destiny had been solved and threw himself on a mail sack for a nap. The train was off before the postal clerk discovered the dog. At the next station he tried to drive the pup away, but Owney stuck and hid himself in the car. At the terminus the clerk handed him ou to the next train. This was Owney's first trip. He was carried out on the Union Pa cific and traveled for several years. At this time he was in a subordinate position and his collar was tied with hundreds of tags stating the different routes he had

Those have been torn off. He is as well known now among the postal clerks as Postmaster General Wilson.

During his long years of traveling Owney has acquired many of the habits of the postal men and is well aware of the rules of the cars. If a letter is thrown at the door of a car instead of being properly posted in the box. Owney gets wrathy and frequently jumps the man who is so indis-creet. The dog knows a postal clerk by Intuition and will remain with no othe Two years ago he made a trip to Alaska on a mall inspecting expedition and had many rare experiences. A small dog insulted him in Oregon once and Owney jumped from the postal car. He gave the verdant canine a royal drubbing, but his train had gone in the meantime. The dog was missed at once. At the next station a telegram was sent and Owney was placed

n the next train. He came in yesterday from Augusta and was taken in charge by Mr. A. C. Warren, who saw that he had an elaborate lunch befere departure.

Put yourself in his place. He was brilliantly bedight in a uniform sparkling with newness. He was a new graduate of West Point on leave before taking his post; and new graduates always get the most striking paraphernalia.

The car was filled, and the young lieutenant became the cynosure of all glances.

The pretty maid with the poke bonnet gave an admiring gaze from the tail of her eye. The other passengers looked on in silent applause. The soldier sat with an adamantine look of fixed reserve and quiet grandeur. Suddenly an old negro woman bobbed up from a seat in front. She looked at the

lieutenant and waved frantically. He gazed out with careless indifference. The old negro waved again. Everybody in the car was looking. She finally caught the attention of the officer. "What is it, old woman?" he asked in considerate voice.

here stuck up conductors. 'Pears lac dey Parable of the Talents, Modernized

"Pull dat strap, sah, an' stop dis here car, dat's what. Dat's what I says 'bout dese

Frank Carter in The Asheville Citizen.
A man traveling into a far country cal ed his servants and delivered unto them his And unto one he gave five talents, to an other two, and to another one; to every

man according to his supposed ability; and straightway took his journey. Then he that had his five talents went and traded with the same, but, because the rulers of that country, in their folly, de-creased the volume of money as the need for it increased, the chattels in which he traded fell in price day by day until the unhappy servant falled in business and his creditors were glad to get 30 cents on

the dollar.

And, likewise, he that had received two went straightway and bought a farm; but the blight of low prices fell upon all his crops and they fetched in the markets less than the cost of production, so that this servant had to borrow from the usurers the wherewith to pay his taxes.

But he that had received one, knowing a

thing or two, went and digged in the earth and hid his lord's money. After a long time the lords of those ser-vants cometh, and reckoneth with them. And so he that had received five talents came saying. Lord, thou deliveredst unto me five talents; behold, I went into busi-ness thinking to turn a penny for thee in thy absence, but the progressive decline in prices wrought by our appreciated money standard was too much for me and

I lost all. He also that had received two talents came and said, Lord, thou deliveredst unto me two talents, and thinking to do the best for thee, and being mindful of the long-time experience of mankind that agriculture afforded the surest reward to industry, I went straightway and bought a field; but, lo, I wotted not the gold standard. I labored diligently, early and late, but the blight of low prices was upon all my crops; I have naught to show for my la-bors but the mortgage that is upon the

Then he that had received the one talent

Then he that had received the one talent came and said, Lord, I knew somewhat of the relation of cause and effect. I saw that money was being made scarce; I knew that the scarcer it got the deares it would be, that is, the more property and labor it would buy. I took no chances. I hoarded thy money, and here it is, the actual cash, the same by shekels, but good for twice as many acres of land, twice as many days of labor as when I received it from thy hand. If thou wilt cast up the account thou wilt see that it has earned thee more than lawful interest all the while that it has been hid in the earth.

Then did their lord speak unto them, saying, It is not given unto every servant to be a political economist. He that had five talents and he that had two can be forgiven their losses if they will but labor without ceasing for the repeal of those unjust laws that impair capital embarked in business while they augment that which is hoarded, that impoverish the worker while they enrich the miser, that punish thrift while they reward greed.

### GOSSIP OF THE DAY.

Dr. B. F. Riley, who fills the chair of English literature in the University of Gorgia, passed through Atlanta yester-da on his way to the Classic City, Dr. Rilly has just returned from qui Rilly has just returned from quite an ex-tensive tour of the middle and eastern states, including New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and Kentucky. His purpose on taling such a trip as this was to visit the ledding educational institutions of the country. Incidentally he made some inquiry into the free coinage sentiment along the line of his travels, and found the masses everywhere enthusiastic in support

Bryan. "Next to this enthusiasm for the democratic ticket, which was everywhere visiobserved Dr. Riley, "I also had occasion to notice that in all the eastern states the republicans were well organized with unlimited resources back of them. I was very greatly impressed with the vigorous campaign management of the republicant party in the cast. With systematic and persistent work, however, on the part of the democrats, I believe it is possible to carry some of the eastern states.

"Though quite a number of laboring men in the east," continued Dr. Riley, "have not declared for free coinage as yet, the reason for their non-committal attitude is explained by the fact that the men who employ them are advocates of the single gold standard, and to openly d clare war against the republ would be to lose their employment. I have been informed, however, by those who claim to understand the political situation that when the proper time comes these men will evince their loyalty to the democratic ticket. Hundreds of laboring men wh have always been republicans heretofore will support Bryan in this election.'

Dr. Riley was in Chicago a few days ago when Mr. Bryan delivered his great Labor Day speech. "I have never witnessed such a demonstration in my life." said he. "The laboring men of Chicago were riotous with enthusiasm they vote in the same strength which they displayed in cheering the Mr. Bryan, the state will democratic in November by a large ma

Dr. Riley went on to say that while Chicago seemed to be a strong democratic center, it was, nevertheless, true that a strong effort was being made by the gold men to prevent the growth of the silve movement "In some of the large industrial and manufacturing establishments," said he, policy of the men who own them is to

admit goldbug canvassers and speakers, but to exclude all silver missionaries. They

will not permit the laboring men in their

be fed on anything but single standard logic.' Speaking of the democratic goldbug ticket. Dr. Riley gave it as his opinion that the republicans would suffer more on count of it than the regular democrats. those disaffected democrats would vote for Palmer who, had the ticket no een put out, would have supported Me-

The observations of such a thoughtful and close observer as Dr. Ridley are calculated to do much good. They show un mistakably that the democrats of the country have more than a mere fighting chance of success in November. Hon. Jehu Baker, the populist nomin

Kinley.

for congress in the twenty-first Illinois district, is confident of a democratic victory in that state this fall. To a newspaper correspondent Mr. Baker said:
"I am confident that Illinois will go for Bryan by a big majority. I am willing to place myself on record now as predicting that in the twenty-first district, Marion county will give a Bryan majority of 600, Clinton county 700, Petty county from 20 up and Randolph county from 250 up. The silver forces are making an aggressive silver forces are making an aggressive campaign, and in the ranks of the Bryan campaign, and in the ranks of the Bryan clubs now organized there are many former republicans to be found. At Salem there is a free silver Bryan club 600 strong, the chairman of which was a republican, and a large proportion of the club membership has also been recruited from republican ranks. In Centralia the free silver Bryan club contains fifty-four former republicans. There is great enthusiasm in the Bryan ranks, and the hard work now being done by Bryan's followers in Illinois is destined to bear good fruit in November."

Governor Altgeld is likewise confident of democratic success in Illinois.
"If the election should come off tomor row," said he, "Bryan would carry Illinois by a majority of 50,000. I think I have shown that I know this state politically.

The working men are with us.
"In the agricultural regions you can find republican free silver clubs of from 200 to 600 members each in every county. The clubs tell the story of the break in the republican party to Bryan.
"In the cities the labor organizations are overwhelmingly against McKinley. On

are overwhelmingly against McKiney. On the other hand, the republicans have in their national, state and county organizations a marvelous political machine. It is impossible to estimate the size of the gigantic fund which they are using, but they expect to spend a million dollars in Illinois alone. "Their money is practically limitless. They are employing agents to go around They are employing agents to go around among the very poor and the idle, offering to pay their rent or to furnish assistance of any kind. They are buying uniforms and hiring halls right and left. In

every case they try to commit the beneficiaries to McKinley. "What Mr. Hanna can accomplish in that way I don't know, but the republican party will have to buy the earth and aiso he big turtle on which the earth rests

the big turtle on which the earth rests, or lose Illing.

"The workingmen of this state are under a reign of terrorism and intimidation. I have never seen anything like it before.

"Many large employers of labor refuse to allow their employes to attend our meetings, and force them to join McKinley clubs and wear McKinley buttons. Many of these workingmen have come to our headquarters wearing their McKinley buttons and bringing contributions of a dollar apiece for our fund, promising to give a dollar a week until the end of the campaign."

Assistant Secretary McKean, who is at the head of the club organizing department of the democratic campaign, says that he has never known such enthusiasm as that which prevails at this time. as that which prevails at this time.
"In all previous campaigns," said Mr.
McKean one day this week, "only a small
percentage of democratic voters have joined the clubs. This year it looks like every
free silver man will enroll himself in a
club of some kind. We have organized a
number of clubs, the entire membership number of clubs, the entire membership of which is republican. We do not ask those who join clubs to join the The only piedge we exact is that the members vote for the democratic nominees. Clubs are now being organized at the rate bers vote for the democratic nominees. Clubs are now being organized at the rate of 100 or more a day, and the number is increasing. A number of state committees are making a feature of this work, in accordance with the wish of Chairman Jones. The lowa state committee has established a bureau of clubs and placed it in charge of an experienced man. He reports great enthusiasm in the work. I have a letter from the chairman of the St. Louis democracy. They have 155 precinct clubs in that city and are still organizing. We hope to have a club at every voting precinct in the country before the election. The St. Louis democracy has a splendid system for this work. It provides a book for every club. The book contains a printed constitution and by-laws and blanks for membership, resolutions, etc.

"It has been proposed that the delegates from the New England states, New York, eastern Pennsylvania. Delaware, New Jersey, Maryland and Virginia, assemble in Washington and go to St. Louis by special trains, leaving here on the evening of October 1st. If this plan is adopted, it is proposed that the supporters of Mr. Bryan in Washington get up a fitting demonstration as a send-off to this delegation. Receptions would also likely be accorded the party along the route, and impromptu meetings arranged, making the run to St. Louis an ovation." Lake at Lakew

No Efforts Spared To of the Mi

CASE STILL FU

Insurance Men D He Was

\$50,000 OF INSURAL

Many Theories Ad for His Myste ance-His Bu Had Not

The body of Thoma supposed to have Tuesday night, had 4 o'clock this morn Searching parties 10 o'clock last night abandoned and the returned to Atlanta Three officers wer all night, and the beach in the hope of t be washed ashor

Every effort was over the body. father-in-law of Mr reward of \$50 eurl the recovery of the effect were posted Lakewood.

This morning the r to \$100. Twenty-five row box ne end to the oth along drag hooks in pose by blacksmiths Atlanta. When th made that Mr. De friends and relative to have the lake dr regular drag in to be manufactured were put to work hour twenty-five l thirty or forty dra

the day trying to f

Today there will

number, as the re nd the interest ince twenty-fou developed nothin Dynamite I Thirty or more exploded in differe ing the afternoc vain. The water but nothing but n came to the surface Men who have s their lives on the banks of large rive

heavily weighted

will rise to the The fodder test times but without that a bundle of f of water will fic it passes over the and hover immethe idea being, of water a body wo hole that might stay there. Over does not flow as places, but form : would naturally into such an ed ! in running water unreasonable to of water like th fact there were fodder over the

Fifteen divers plunging deep ir boats, trying to Crowds At least 2,000 Lakewood on a disappearance. from curiosity with sitting or watching the ot dred had sufficient

hooks and rent bo

in a vain endeavo

and each bundle

drifting as inter

watch his cork.

While the great eagerly the progr work everyone busily engaged mysterious case Had \$50. Mr. Delbridge h

upon his life sine last. The first had not been for his note instead of the money tha payment. He trice to this \$50,000, but failed. If he have had \$65,000 life. The amoun bridge before last This small sum Several years.

As soon as the known that Mr. I self down with \$5 shortly after 6 o'clock and went in the

water alone about dusk. He said he felt

a little chilly anl asked the loan of the

private rowboat of Mr. Jordan, who was

the lake a bit before going in the water.

an hour, that the boat was empty, he got

a boat and with Mr. G. W. Hall, rowed

out to see if anything was wrong. He

supposed that he might have gone to the

bank to rest and rowed around the border.

but could not find him. After that he gave

Mr. Motes and Mr. I. S. Mitchell were

men employed at the Myers undertaking

establishment broke the sad news to Mrs.

Delbridge. Mrs. Delbridge was prostrated

Some of the Rescuers.

Insurance Companies Involved.

ife is divided among seven regular com anies and three secret orders.

York Life Insurance for \$1,000. It was is

From this date up to a few days before

were taken out with different companies.

Policies amounting to over \$20,000 have been

carried at the time of his death the fol-

Preferred Accident, John R. Thornton

German American, J. G. West agent,

Royal Arcanum, secret order, \$3,000. Home Forum, secret order, \$2,000.

the deliverance of the policy.

\$5,000 That Was Not Delivered.

Insurance Men Skeptical.

The insurance companies who carry risks are all of the opinion that Delbridge's body is not in the lake.

Few Days Ago.

eld in this city today by Judge Spence, Barron was discharged and the verdict of

SAWMILL BOILER EXPLODES.

Boy Killed and Fireman Said To Be

Fatally Injured.

Reidsville, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)— Ben Conner, a highly respected colored

man, lives about eight miles from here and owns a nice farm, and runs a saw mill. While his fireman was firing up today after dinner, the boiler exploded, killing his son instantly and injuring him and several others. It is thought he will not recover.

ROME WANTS THE BENEFIT.

Merchants Will Ask for a Share in

Railroad Rate Reduction.

Rome, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—There was a full meeting of the Rome board of

rairoad reductions in rates. After discussing the matter thoroughly a committee, consisting of Messrs. J. P. Bowie, A. R. Sullivan and M. G. McDonald, was appointed and will go to Atlanta to appear before the railroad commission representing the interests of Rome merchants.

PIANO

Perhaps you would like to

We have a fine assortment

Good tone SQUARE Pianos

UPRIGHTS from \$3 to \$5

Schools are now opening

and the demand is active.

PHILLIPS & CREW CO.

If You Are

Not Ready

To Buy a

f renting stock.

Call early on

at \$2 to \$3 per month.

this afternoon to discuss the ques-of securing a share in the wholesale ad reductions in rates. After discuss-

his grandfather.

Cheshire.

him for \$2,000.

and the first premium paid.

lowing policies on his life:

thern agent, \$10,000

agent. \$5,000.

the alarm, and Mr. Motes was notified.

### THE DAY.

o fills the chair of the University of gh Atlanta yester-ie Classic City, Dr. middle and eastern York, Pennsylvania, tucky. His purpose as this was to visit institutions of the t institutions of the age sentiment along nd found the masses tie in support of

as everywhere visi-nd laboring classes," also had occasion the eastern states ell organized with ck of them. I was with the vigorous of the republican ith systematic and ver, on the part of ern states.

tinued Dr. Riley free coinage as yet, ommittal attithe fact that the are advocates of the republican ticket employment. I have political situation e comes these men to the democratic aboring men who is election."

have never wit-ration in my life," thusiasm, and if trength which they the eloquence of will certainly go

made by the gold wth of the silver

dustrial and maners and speakers, nything but single

uld suffer more on regular democrats. democrats would had the ticket not ave supported Me-

Dr. Ridley are cal-They show unin a mere fighting

populist nominee lakewood. This morning the reward will be increased a democratic vic fall. To a news-Baker said: llinois will go for I am willing to n majority of 600, from 250 up. The

are are many forfound. At Salem
an club 600 strong,
was a republican,
of the club memecruited from rerailia the free slififty-four former
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e hard work now
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fruit in Novem-

likewise confident come off tomorould carry Illinois
I think I have

gions you can find abs of from 200 to ery county. The the break in the or organizations

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the earth rests

is state are under intimidation. I like it before. Of labor refuse to attend our to join McKinley buttons. Many ver come to our ive come to our ir McKinley but-utions of a dollar mising to give a end of the cam-

rganizing depart campaign, says such enthusiasm this time. aigns," said Mr. voters have join-it looks like every roll himself in have organized a ntire membership We do not ask join the party.
is that the memcratic nominees. anized at the rate and the number is state committees this work, in actical control of the contr ized at the rate at the delegates ates, New York, aware, New Jerila, assemble in Louis by special evening of Octoopted, it is proof Mr. Bryan in the demonstration demonstration described by the second Mr. Bryan in the demonstration demonstration describes described by the demonstration described by the described by the demonstration demonstration described by the demonstration demonstration described by the demonstration demonstration described by the demonstration described by the demonstration described by the demonstration demonstration demonstration described by the demonstration demonst

the run to St

several years. Som J Think It Suicide.

take at Lakewood Dragged Vain for Delbridge,

NYNAMITE CARTRIDGES FIRED

Mofforts Spared To Recover the Remains of the Missing Man.

CASE STILL FULL OF MYSTERY

Insurance Men Do Not Believe That He Was Drowned.

\$50,000 OF INSURANCE TAKEN RECENTLY

Many Theories Advanced To Account for His Mysterious Disappearance-His Business Affairs Had Not Prospered Lately.

The body of Thomas J. Delbridge, who is supposed to have drowned at Lakewood Tuesday night, had not been recovered at o'clock this morning.

Searching parties dragged the lake until 10 o'clock last night, when the work was abandoned and the crowds at the resort returned to Atlanta for the night.

Three officers were on watch at the lake all night, and they kept patrolling the beach in the hope of spying the body should n be washed ashore or rise to the sur-

Every effort was made yesterday to recover the body. Mr. C. W. Motes, the father-in-law of Mr. Delbridge, offered a reward of \$50 early in the morning for the recovery of the body. Notices to this effect were posted on all cars going to

Twenty-five rowboats plied the lake from one end to the other yesterday, drawing iong drag hooks improvised for the purpose by blacksmiths and hardware men in Atlanta. When the announcement was made that Mr. Delbridge was drowned friends and relatives at once went to work to have the lake dragged. There was not a regular drag in Atlanta, and they had to be manufactured. A dozen blacksmiths were put to work at once and in a half hour twenty-five had been made. During the day this number was increased, and

the day trying to find the body. Today there will doubtless be double the and the interest will naturally be greater since twenty-four hours of searching has

thirty or forty drags were at work during

Dynamite Exploded in Vain. Thirty or more dynamite sticks were exploded in different parts of the lake during the afternoon, but the work was in vain. The water was thoroughly churned but nothing but mud and a few dead fish

came to the surface. Men who have spent the greater part of their lives on the seacoast and along the banks of large rivers declare that the dynamite test in infallible. Unless a body is heavily we'ghted down they declare it will rise to the surface as a result of the

The fodder test was applied half a dozen times but without success. It is claimed that a bundle of fodder placed upon a body of water will float with the stream until It passes over the body, when it will stop and hover immediately over the fatal spot, the idea being, of course, that in running water a body would wash into any deep hole that might be in the river bed and stay there. Over the deep holes the water does not flow as rapidly as over shallow places, but forms an eddy, and the fodder would naturally pause whenever it passed into such an eddy. This will only apply in running water, however, and it seems unreasonable to try the test in a still body of water like the lake. In spite of this fact there were six or eight bundles of fodder over the different parts of the lake, and each bundle had two men watching its drifting as intently as a fisherman would

watch his cork. Fifteen divers worked all the afternoon plunging deep in the water from the rowboats, trying to discover the body.

Crowds at Lakewood. At least 2,000 people were attracted to Lakewood on account of the mysterlous disappearance. Most of them were there from curiosity and contented themselves with sitting or standing on the banks watching the others work. About a hundred had sufficient interest to buy drag hooks and rent boats and row up and down in a vain endeavor to rescue the missing

While the great crowds were watching eagerly the progress of the monotonous work everyone in Atlanta almost was busily engaged in speculating upon the mysterious case and commenting on the

Outcome

Had \$50,000 Insurance. Mr. Delbridge had taken \$50,000 insurance upon his life since the 8th day of August last. The first premiums on much of this had not been fully paid. He had given his note instead of cash for a great deal of the money that was due as the primary payment. He tried to get \$15,000 in addition to this \$50,000, but for certain reasons he failed. If he had succeeded he would have had \$65,000 new insurance upon his The amount carried by Mr. Delbridge before last month was only \$3,000. This small sum had been on his life for

As soon as the fact became generally known that Mr. Delbridge had loaded him-

the death was a suicide. A score of arguments were at once ad-

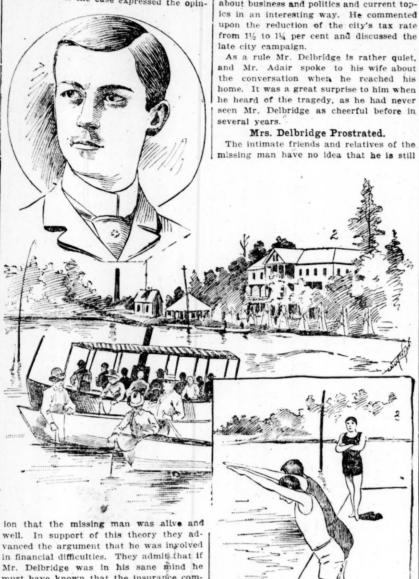
to disprove it. The mysterious circumstances which sur-rounded the case were discussed by every-

body, and it at once became the sensation of the day.

Theories flew like wildfire, and nothing else was talked of. It remained for the insurance brokers to send out the most original and startling theory of all, and they hurled it with a unanimity that gave positive assurance to the fact that they were

sincere in their belief. Some Think He Is Alive. The insurance men openly declared that they did not believe Mr. Delbridge was dead but that he had adopted a ruse to deceive

the insurance companies and to leave At-Not only the insurance men who had policies on Mr. Delbridge, but others who had no interest in the case expressed the opin-



vanced the argument that he was involved Mr. Delbridge was in his sane mind he must have known that the insurance companies must have proof that their policy holder is dead before they are obliged to pay the money, but they insist that Del bridge was of the belief that he had made the circumstances point so clearly to drowning that the insurance money would be paid on that supposition without a minute

investigation. Lake Will Be Drained. It is likely the water will be drawn off today. The insurance people are anxious to see it drained at once, but his friends, who feel sure that no fraud has been attempted and that Delbridge was actually drowned. do not want such extreme measures taken until the third day after the event occurred, when, if he was drowned, the body will

spared to find the body and the lake will certainly be drained if it is not found by

Mr. Delbridge has had recent business troubles which are familiar to all of the business men in town. His firm, the Delbridge Paper Company, which was in the wholesale business, failed several months ago, and a receiver was appointed by the courts. Attorney Thomas L. Bishop was appointed receiver. Messrs. Dorsey, Brewster & Howell represented Mr. Delbridge, and Attorney Walter Brown represented the New York paper firms, which were the largest creditors and made the claims which placed the company in the receiver's hands.

Mr. Delbridge has been in several enterprises which were not successful. He built a large, five-story hotel at the corner of Trinity avenue and Forsyth street, the Delbridge hotel, which, it is said, is heavily mortgaged.

Many Irons in the Fire. He is said to have had many irons in the nvestments have suffered considerably, but in spite of these financial troubles it is not were of such a serious character as to cause him despondency. No one has ever charged that his financial deficiencies were

almost an infallible rule Robert Inman, of New York, whose yacht young Inman's body rose to the surface on the third day. Every possible effort was made to recover the body, but all work was vain. On the third day the body was washed ashore, having risen by natural causes. The efforts of the rescuing parties amounted to naught. According to this old rule if Delbridge's body is at the bottom of the lake it should appear on the surface late tomorrow afternoon. No effort will be

brought about through any other causes and I suppose he went straight to the than natural ones which have followed the Lakewood cars, at the corner of Marietta

depressing business conditions of the past | and Forsyth streets. He reached Lakewood few years.

vanced to prove the theory and as many Business men who were well acquainted with him said that he was a man of unusually hopeful disposition, and always expected to make great sums of money out of his investments.

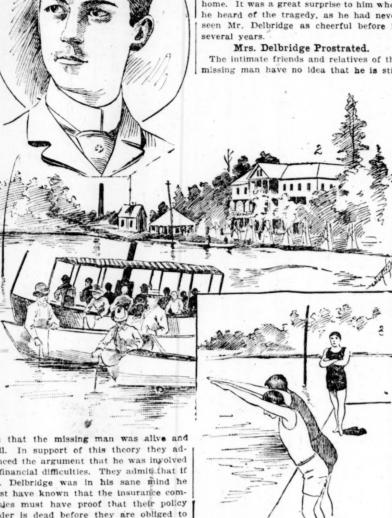
> "He Is Not in the Lake." A communication was received last night which declares that Mr. Delbridge is still among the living. It reads as follows:

"Delbridge is not in the lake at Lakewood. He rowed across the pond, where clothes were in waiting for him and other necessaries. The idea of his being drowned is all moonshine.
"KEEP OFF THE GRASS."

The last seen of Mr. Delbridge did not ead any of his acquaintances to suppose that he contemplated suicide Mr. Forrest Adair, who lives near Mr. Delbridge, was riding home on the same

car with him Monday night. Mr. Delbridge came over and sat by Mr. Adair and was in an unusually cheerful humor. He talked about business and politics and current top-

As a rule Mr. Delbridge is rather quiet, and Mr. Adair spoke to his wife about the conversation when he reached his home. It was a great surprise to him when



MR. T. J. DELBRIDGE And the Search for His Remains in Lake-wood Yesterday.

lmost certainly rise to the surface. It is Atlantians who are familiar with the sad tragedy which resulted in the drowning of was run down by a big steamboat in New York bay last autumn will remember that

Recent Business Troubles.

His first important business in Atlanta was the firm of Delbridge & Orr, formed ten years ago. The firm was disbanded in a few years, and the Delbridge Paper Company was formed with Thomas Delbridge

alive. Mrs. Delbridge is prostrated with grief and could not be seen yesterday. The relatives of Mr. Delbridge think that the body is at the bottom of the lake and will be discovered. They maintain the belief that he was seized with cramp while swimming in the water and was drowned before he could scream for help.

They insist that there was no reason for his taking his own life. His home life is said to have been very happy. they declare that no sane man would have let them bother him to such a seriou extent as to commit suicide. The fact tha he left \$61.75 in his clothes in the bathhouse they consider strong proof that he did no

plan a scheme to escape. In fact, they do not for a minute consider such an idea. When Last Seen.

Mr. Delbridge when he went out in a row boat at nightfall for some exercise was clad simply in his bathing suit. There was nothing in the boat except a pair of oars. He carried no stone or any weight whatever by which he could weigh his body down and experts declare that it is practically impossible for a good swimmer to drown himself if he is unhampered by clothes or weights of any kind. He can go under the water but a swimmer kicks by intuition and stays above the water naturally. Mr. Delbridge was known to have been an expert swimmer. He had often been out to Lakewood before this

The complete story of the discovery of the empty boat was published in yesterday's Constitution. Few new details about the matter developed yesterday after a

careful investigation. His brother, Mr. R. C. Delbridge, of the firm of Delbridge & Rice, the booksellers of No. 85 Peachtree street, who was was one of the last to see the missing man, said yesterday that his brother was in a thoroughly cheerful humor when last seen in his store, at 5 o'clock Tuesday after

What His Brother Says. "Tom came into my store," said Mr. R C. Delbridge, "about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He came to ask about business and to talk on things in general. My father came in a few minutes later and he and Tom talked most of the time alone. I did not enter into the conversation or hear much that was said. Our book trade s unusually brisk this week on account of the schools opening and I was kept busy fire, and during the recent hard times his attending to the customers. Tom remained an hour or an hour and a half. Father said that their conversation was on ordipositively known that his embarrassments nary topics and that nothing was said or done to lead him to expect the tragic occurrence.

"Tom left the store about 5:30 o'clock,



SCENE ON THE LAKE, SHOWING THE BOATHOUSE.

in charge of the bathhouse. Mr. Jordan let him have the boat, and he rowed around Ruling in the Hixson Case. "When Mr. Jordan noticed, in about half

> SHYLOCKS CAN FORECLOSE The Farmer Cheating Case Was Called

the first on the scene from Atlanta. Mr. The Hixson-Barker case is still pending in R. C. Delbridge then hurried out. Two superior court. Considerable progre was made yesterday, and the case may be

by the terrible news. She has two littl children, Emily, four years old, and Motes. three-year-old boy, who is named after Messrs, E. P. Chamberlin, I. S. Mitchell, C. W. Motes, J. E. Cook, a brother-in-law given by Hixson in the belief that the prop-erty belonged to him. The woman alleges that the property was her own and that of the missing man, R. C. Delbridge and Captain J. B. Hollis, of the Atlanta Artil-Hixson obtained control of it by scheming ery, were the most active men in the methods. She sued Barker and the bank for a return of the deeds, and applied for an injunction to prevent them from foreclosing Captain Hollis had charge of the dyna

miting forces. He was assisted by Messrs. E. C. McCune, V. V. Bullock and W. B. Among those who worked laboriously nearly all day dragging the lake were: Messrs. Robert Williams, Henry Thurman, Levy Richardson, President Hale, of the Atlanta Street Railway Company, A. J. Hixson is somewhere in the west. The de Walker, A. M. Baldwin, Coroner Paden, cision of the court yesterday was quite a victory for Mr. T. R. R. Cobb, who repre-sented Barker and the Bristol bank. He O. C. Wilson, W. O. Jones, W. M. Barnett W. B. Hayes, J. F. Williams, T. Crusselle E. P. Oakes, A. A. Reese and Paul Davenfought for the decision through several terms of court, the case having been up two or three times before.

Farmer Cheating Case Up. The \$53,000 insurance on Mr. Delbridge's The first policy was taken with the New

ises to be one of the liveliest before the present term of the court. sued four years ago. Up to last year this was all the insurance he carried, when the Connecticut Mutual Life issued a policy On the 8th of August Mr. Delbridge made application for \$9,000 insurance in the New York Life. The policy was issued to him,

for the papers in her possession.

The charge against Farmer was made by his death several large insurance policies oleman, Burden & Warthen, the wholesale issued to him since the 20th of August. He and purchasing goods with fraudul Mutual Life, R. F. Shedden general New York Life, Livingston Mims general Aetna Life, William H. Bone agent, \$5,000.

Massachusetts Benefit, A. E. Choate As to Gold Contracts. A policy for \$5,000 was issued by the inited States Life Insurance Company, gress of 1878 and 1890 permitting con and was to have been delivered to Mr Delbridge on Monday last. Mr. Shepard, the general agent, had asked Mr. Delbridge for an indorser to his note given in payment of the first premium. Arrange-ments had been made for an indorser, and the policy was to have been delivered on yesterday. The disappearance of Mr. Delbridge is the only thing that prevented Application was made for \$10,000 with the Hartferd Life and Annuity Company. For some reasons this policy was refused him. With the majority of the companies Mr. Delbridge took out the cheapest policy lars payable in this way.

It becomes then a very important, practical question as to whether, if the country goes on a silver basis, these debtors will

debts. The supreme court of the United States, in the case of Bronson vs. Rodes, 7 Wallace, page 229, held that such contracts were enforceable and that judgment could be entered for the gold, and the debtor made to pay in gold. This tecision was again made in Butler vs. Horwitz, in the same volume, page 258. This decision was reaffirmed in Tubilock vs. Wilson, 12 Wallace, page 687, Justices Miller and Bradley dissenting. POLICEMAN BARRON ACQUITTED. Killed Bush Williams in Albany a Albany, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—In the cimmitment trial of Policeman J. G. Barron, for the killing of Bush Williams,

dissenting.
You cite the recent case of Woodruff vs. State of Mississippi as holding to the contrary. In this you are m.staken. The question was not only not decided in that case, but was not in it at all. The question, and the sole question, in that case was whether the act of the state legislature authorizing the levee commissioners to issue bonds payable "in money" gave them authority to issue bonds payable "in gold." The court held that, gold being money, the commissioners had acted within the limits of their power, and held further, mits of their power, and held further

money, the commissioners had acted within the limits of their power, and held further, that the bonds issued, in that case were not gold contracts, but were simply contracts payable in legal tender money of any kind. The language of the court is as follows, on this point:

"Now these bonds were not expressly payable in gold coin. It is true that as they acknowledged an indegtedness in gold coin, and as the coupons were payable specifically 'in currency,' the argument is not unreasonable that the corporation intended the purchasers to expect payment in the money in which the indebtedness was stated to have been contracted; but the agreement to pay the designated sums did not specify any particular kind of money, and the obligation was to pay what the law recognized as monew when the payment was to be made."

This case was an effort to collect the bonds, and the defense set up was that the bonds were illegal, because they were made payable in gold and the leve commissioners had no power under their charter to issue bonds payable in gold or in anything else than legal tender currency. The supreme court adjudged that the defense was not a good one, for two reasons: (1) that the contract was one for the payment of lawful money, even though it were payable in gold, as shown by the language above quoted.

Contracts payable in gold have been held

able in gold, as shown by the language above quoted.

Contracts payable in gold have been held binding in four different cases by the supreme court of the United States, and are specially permitted by two different acts of congress, and it seems to me that it is unsafe, under these circumstances, to advise the people that they have any right to expect that they will be allowed to discharge contracts payable in gold coin by we try to change it. Farmers in Georgia, and in the south and elsewhere, who have given mortgages on their farms payable in gold cannot reasonably hope to be relieved from their contracts. And it is better for them that they should not. It is common, old-fashioned honesty for them and everybody else to stand by their contracts. And it is not a hardship for them to do so. Let all be treated alike. Do not let the capitalist, who can borrow from his banker on his thirty or sixty day note, and who has never given a gold contract, be given the advantage of the poor man who has been compelled to mortgage his home or his farm, and who has given a long-time bond or note payable in gold to his creditor. Why make fish of one class and flesh of another? Why not treat all allke? Equality is equity, and equity is the highest and purest justice known to the law.

W. R. HAMMOND.

Struck by a Bicyclist.

Judge Lumpkin Makes an Important | President Hall Returns from an Extended | Bicycle Men Plan To Build One in the

in Judge Berry's Court, but went Over.

Judge Lumpkin passed an order non-suitng the case so far as affects C. P. N. Barker and the Bristol Savings bank. The suit now rests against F. C. Hixson, who is charged with fraudulently disposing of the property of the negress, Annie Hixson. Mr. Barker negotiated a loan of \$2,000 on certain property, taking deeds as security,

the mortgages given by Hixson.
Yesterday the court ruled that Barker and he bank were innocent parties in the matter, and the case was non-suited so far as it relates to them. The mortgages can now be foreclosed and Barker and the bank can collect the amount of the loan made to Hixson. The woman sues for the balance of the property, which she claims as her own.

The Farmer cheating and swindling case was taken up in the city criminal court yesterday morning, Judge Berry presiding. The case is an important one, and it prom-

The case had only progressed a short time when it went over until this morning on account of the absence of Farmer's wife and certain papers demanded by the attorneys. Farmer lives at Fort Gaines, and the case was postponed over night, so that an officer could be sent to that place to erve attachment papers on Mrs. Farme

boot and shoe men. They allege that from them by making false representations as to his financial standing and worth, laiming that he was insolvent at the time tent. The case created something of a sen tent. The case created something of a sensation in commercial circles when it was first aired, Farmer being well known in his section of the state, and having traded with several Atlanta firms. He was in business at Fort Gaines at the time.

The plaintiffs are represented by Glenn & Rountree, and the defendant by Wilson & Rambō, of Fort Gaines, and Judge James A. Anderson, of Atlanta.

Editor Constitution-Permit me to criti se, in a friendly spirit, your editorial of Wednesday morning on gold contracts. You say that all gold contracts are payable in he legal tender money current when they fall due. You argue that the acts of con money are unconstitutional, but you not point out the clause of the constitu not point out the clause of the constitu-tion which they violate. It is well known that both of the above acts make the 412½ grains dollar a full legal tender, "except where it is otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract." It is also a fact widely known that many, very many, of our peo-ple have made gold contracts in which they have expressly stipulated to pay in gold coin of its present weight and fine-ness. Ever since the agitation of the sil-ver question men who loaned money on long time have taken these gold contracts. It is safe to say that there are debts s safe to say that there are debts unting to hundreds of millions of dol-

Americus, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—A oung son of Colonel Henry Johnson, white leycle riding on Lee street last night, an over a little son of Mr. Jordan Jones, nocking him down and breaking one of sarms. This is one of many similar acdents occurring here recently.

# YICTORY FOR BARKER TECH TO OPEN UP TRACK UNDER COVER

Tour of the South.

LARGE ATTENDANCE EXPECTED HELD A MEETING YESTERDAY

New Dormitory Has Been Fitted Up A.l the Dealers and Crack Riders Are and All Preparation Made for the Coming of the Students.

President Lyman Hall, of the School of Technology, returned yesterday after a tour of the south in the interest of the institution of which he is the head.

In a week or two the doors of the "Tech."

vill be open and a large increase of at tendance is expected. "On September 30th all the old students are expected to return and the new students to report for examinations and assignment

een engaged, the authorities have made ar rangements for rooms in the immediate eighborhood and board will be furnished in the messhall at the usual price, \$10 per

The professors are on their way homeward. Professor Coon will soon arrive from New York and Professor Quick from Cornell university.

Professor Wood, the trainer in athletics is expected here about the 15th and will be-gin work on as many of the football team as may report for practice at that time Improvements have been made during the summer in the basement of the main building preparatory for the department of electrical engineering, physics and electricity Physics and electricity occupy a prominent place in the curriculum and are presided over by Professor Quick, the former president of the electrical society at Cornell. All of the last graduating class are at work or are continuing their studies.

work or are continuing their studies.

Messrs. Thompson and Whitney go to
Cornell Mr. Wilson is superintendent of a
department in the Arkansaw Technological
school, Mr. Tufts is engaged in civil engineering near Augusta. When the "Tech."
graduates a young man he steps into immediate employment.

It is expected that nearly every southern state will be represented on the rolls dur-ing the coming year. Since the dormitory system has been established under such good management the authorities claim three things—to take care of the boy, to educate him and to give him a diploma which will give him a position at once.

The rush to the school will soon begin.

Mr. W. T. Coleman, who represents the great tobacco house of Liggett & Myers in this territory, is in town pushing the sale of "Sweet Moments" cigarettes and Star tobacco. Mr. Coleman is a clever gentleman and an expert salesman. His circle of friends increases with every visit.



BEST" BELT AND SKIRT HOLDER, Sterling Silver-50c Each. MAIER & BERKELE, JEWELERS.

Manufacturers' Building.

Strongly in Fayor of the Project.

A meeting of the bicycle riders of Atanta and those interested in the erection of a bicycle race track was held yesterday afternoon in the Young Men's Christian Association building. The meeting was attended by all the prominent dealers and a number of the leading wheelmen of the

The meeting was for the purpose of disssing the question of building a race track at Piedmont park and for the puroose of raising money with which to build the track. The dealers were elated over the idea and all promised to buy membership tickets.

The amount guaranteed by those present was \$850, to be paid for membership tickets, the tickets to cost \$5 a year each. The amount raised was not sufficient to build the track, but the required amount will be raised after the track is in course of con-

It was decided to build the track in the liberal arts building and to construct it of wood. The track will be an eight-lap track and its cost, as estimated by Mr. Harry Silverman, will be about \$1,500. The track will be so arranged that there will be room left in the building to seat 10,000

build an indoor track on account of the uncertain weather during the winter. On an outdoor track it would be impossible to do any riding during most of the winter. The indoor track does away with this in-

convenience and the track can be used at any and all times.

When the big meet is held here next winter it is possible that it will be raining part of the time. In this event the meet would be spoiled if the racing was to be done on an outdoor track. Whether it rains or not the meet can be held after the

indoor track is built and the riders will be protected from the chilly air. The racing men are pleased over the idea having a track constructed of wood They say that better time can be made on it than on a dirt track. The idea has met the approval of all wheelmen and the track

will certainly be erected. A duplicate of the building in which the track is to be built could not be erected for less than \$15,000. It is one of the largest of the old exposition buildings and a better place in which to build the track could not

have been found.

Dealers say that the track will boom cycling and they expect to sell many wheels which they would have been unable to sell had the track building idea fallen through. It will bring racing men to the city and cause Atlanta to become the cen-ter of the cycling world in the south. It is something that Atlanta has long needed and its good effect will soon be felt in racing circles all over the south. The racing men say that there will be no ouble in selling 200 one-year membership tickets at \$5 each. There is that number of riders in the city, they say, who are anxious to try their speed and will jump at a chance to use the new track for one year for the small amount of \$5. All interested in the track feel sure that it wil

# **Custom Tailoring**

No chance of going astray if you let us take your measure. Stop in today. More leisure during the first flush of the season than when everybody is in a hurry and impatient. Our Suitings and Trouserings are rich in variety, novel in patterns, nobby in colorings. The latest London, Paris and New

# The Other Sort

York effects are abundant.

If you prefer Clothes ready-made take a stroll through our aisles and examine the new Autumn styles. Quantity and quality unparalleled. Everything that Fashion approves-\$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20-up to \$30 and not a slouch in the house.

# EISEMAN BROS.

15=17 Whit hall St. NO BRANCH HOUSE IN THE CITY,

# BULLS DISAPPOINTED

# Liverpool Declined When an Advance Was Looked For.

WAITING FOR THE BUREAU

It Is Expected To Make a Bad Show ing-Stocks Closed Weak with Standard Issues Lower.

The following were the quotations fo spot cotton at the places named yesterday Atlanta—Steady: middling 7% c. Liverpool—Easier: middling 4 13-16d. New York—Quiet: middling 8% c. New York—Quiet; middling 8\sc. Galveston—Firm; middling 8\sc. Norfolk—Firm; middling 8\sc. Norfolk—Firm; middling 8\sc. Savannab—Steady: middling 7\sc. Mobile—Quiet; middling 7\sc. Memphis—Firm; middling 8 1-16c. Augusta—Quiet; middling 8c. Charleston-Easy; middling 7%c. Houston-Steady; middling 814c. Macon-Firm; middling 8c.

The following is the statement of the receipts, ship ments and stock in Atlanta:

	RECF	HP18	SHIP	M TS	STOC	KS.
	1896	1895	1896	1895	1896	1895
Saturday	778		\$c0		4090	110
Monday	246		500		5836	
Tuesday	1319		225		4930	
Wednesday	1052		500	******	5482	*****
Thursday						
Friday	******	*	*** **	*****	*****	*****
Total	3395		1755	-		

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, September 9.—The disappointing Liverpool cables, together with New York, southern and Liverpool selling, caused the decline here today. Part of the loss was recovered before the close on covering of shorts and a rally in New Orleans, but the last prices showed a net decline of 12 to 17 points. Stop orders were reached on the way down and accelerated the decline. Receipts at the ports were heavy, and the failure of a New Orleans bank also adversely affected sentiment. The market closed steady after sales of 278,500 bales. Liverpool opened steady at a partial advance of 1 point, but reacted and declined 3 to 4½, closing barely steady. Spot cotton there advanced 1-22(; sales 10,-000. In Manchester cloths and yarns were dull. The port receipts were 24,995, against 1,844 last week, 7,689 last year and 11,860 in 1894. New Orleans receipts tomorrow are estimated at 7,500 to 8,500 bales, against 2,378 last week and 1,087 last year. Spots in New York were unchanged; sales 364 bales for spinning; middling 8%c. Memphis received today 2,971, against 1,008 last week and 39 last year. Houston expects tomorrow 7,000 to 7,500, against 1,088 last week and 39 last year. Houston expects tomorrow 7,000 to 7,500, against 1,088 last week and 2,107 last year. The southern spot markets were generally firmer. In New Orleans futures declined 15 to 17 points, The government report tomorrow is expected to be bullish and many operators expect another sharp advance as a consequence. Bureau report September, 1895, 70.8; August, 1896, 3.3.

Thefollowing is the range of couno futures in New York yesterday: Paine-Murphy Co.'s Cotton Letter.

				Jose	Close
MONTHA	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's	Saturday
					-
September	8 33	8 35	8 33	8 31-36	8 46-49
October	8 41	8 48	8 36	8 42	8 55-56
November	8 43	8 48	8 27	8 41-43	
December	8 51	8 57	8 42	8 49-50	8 63-6
January	8 57	8 62	8 47	8 53	8 68-69
February	8 62	8 62	8 56	8 59-60	
March	8 67	8 71	8 56	8 63-64	8 77-75
April	8 70	8 72	8 62	8 65-67	8 80-83
May	8 73	8 76	8 63	8 67-68	8 81-8
June					

Closed barely steady; sales 278,600 bales. The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports: RECEIPTS EXPORTS | STOCKS 1896 | 1895 | 1896 | 1895 | 1896 | 1895

 
 15008
 6468
 5509
 450
 268283
 28885

 25036
 7109
 3640
 28528
 291097

 28419
 9191
 14469
 849
 283427
 299582

 24994
 7689
 4529
 1413
 304276
 305057
 .... 94853 31457 28068 2712 ...

Riordan & Co's Cotton Letter.

Closed easy ; sales 51,100 bales.

Yew York, September 9.-(Special.)-Liv erpool was disappointing to the bulls toda and our market fluctuated very nervousl and our market fluctuated very nervously. January opened at 8.57, declined to 8.47, rallied to 8.62 and closed at 8.55 with the tone steady. The lowest prices of the day were made under the influence of a bank failure in New Orleans, which caused heavy liquidation of cotton held for New Orleans account. Traders are all agog over the bureau report to be given out tomerrow. There is little doubt that the showing will be very bad, but there is a great deal of long cotton waiting to be sold out upon the rise that the bureau figures are expected to cause, and it would not surprise us if the immediate effect of the bureau report upon prices should be a sharp decline. And yet our faith is unshaken that in the long run prices will be higher.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, September 9.—Today furnished its quote of advances in the price of staple cotton goods in the dry goods market, in which the advances in bleached cottons which the advances in bleached cottons are the chief features. The stronger tone of the market is thus emphasized, and buyers can no longer be blind to the fact that the prices of such merchandise are going against them. There appears to be little prospect of any material increase in production for some time to come at any rate, and if there is any cause for anxiety it ought to be on the side of the buyers, who have made but little provision for future requirements. for future requirements.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York. September 9.—Our market yesterday afternoon gave signs of being over bought, and the decline in Liverpool made the selling at the opening quite general at a loss of about 12 points. Rallying later, 6 points were regained, but the weakness was intensified by reports from New Orelans of bank failures and the offering and selling of considerable cotton for New Orleans account. This depressed prices considerably, several stop orders being reached, and the market appeared void of much buying power. The shadow of the bureau report is over the market, however, and the trade is unwilling to believe that lower prices will be of permanent duration. At midday the market was steady at 8.51 bid for January with little doing. The market continued nervous to the close, due to the uncertainty regarding the anticipated bureau report tomorrow. Opinions range from 68 to 74 as the percentage of condition. The lowest bureau report recorded was 70, in 1881. Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

# Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, September 9-12:15 p m-Cotton spot demand fair with prices easier; middling uplands 4:43-16; sales 10,000 bales; American 9,100; speculation and export 1.600; receipts 300; all American; uplands low middling clause September delivery 4:48-64, 4:49-64, 4:44-64; September and October delivery 4:41-64, 4:49-64, 4:38-64, 4:37-64, 4:38-

demand fair.

Liverpool, September 9-4:00 p. m. — Uplands low middlings clause September delivery 4 43:64, buyers; September and October delivery 4 37:64, buyers; October and November delivery 4 33:64, buyers; November and December delivery 4 33:64, sellers; November and December delivery 4 33:64, sellers; Socember and January delivery 4 33:64, sellers; February and February delivery 4 33:64, sellers; February and March delivery 4 33:64, buyers; March and April delivery 4 33:64, 3:44, buyers; March and April delivery 4 33:64, 4:4:4 pril and May delivery 4 33:64, buyers; fotures closed barely steady.

New York September 9—Cotton quiet; sales 464 seles; middling uplands 83; middling gulf 9; net recipis 700 belies; gross 9:219; stock 67:772.

Galveston, September 9—Cotton frm; middling 84:

net receipts 8,156 bales; gross 8,156; sales 1,675; stock 81,317. 81,317. Norfolk September 9—Cotton firm; middling 83; net receipts 2,723 bales; gross 2,723; sales 59; stock 7,737; texports constvise 700. Baitimore, September 9—Cotton nominal; middling 83; net receipts none bales; gross 430; sales none; stock 1,406.

Boston, September 9 - Cotton quiet; middling 83; net receipts 44 bales; gross 4,287; sales none; stock none. Wilmington, September 9-Cotton firm; middling 7%; net receipts 1,270 bales; gross 1,279; sales none; stock 13,853.

stock 13,853.

Philadelphia, September 9—Cotton firm; middling 9; net receipts 6 bales; gross 6; sales none; stock 4,861.

Savannah, September 9—Cotton steady; middling 7½; net receipts 3,011 bales; gross 3,011; sales 511; stock 40,169; exports coastwise 2,209.

New Orleans, September 9—Cotton quiet; middling 8½; net receipts 4,971 bales, gross 4,971; sales 3,000; stock 47,361; exports to Great Britan 4,510.

Mobiler-September 9—Cotton quiet; middling 7%;

fobile, Septemi er 9 - Cotton quiet; middling 7%; receipts 44a bales; gross 443; sales 400; stock Augusta, September 9-Cotton quiet: middling 8; et receipts 2,043 bales; shipments 1,157; sales 1,308;

stock 12,337. Charleston, September 9 — Cotton easy; middling 7½; net receipts 3,612 bales; gross 3,912; sales none; stock 31,423; exports coastwise 3,600. Houston, September 9—Cotton-steady; middling 8½; net receipts 5,833 bales; shipments 5,461; sales 1,024; stock 35,912.

### THE STOCK MARKET.

Opened Active and Buoyant, but Closed Rather Weak.

ctive and buoyant. Commission firms re ported an increase in business and London houses executed buying orders in the internationally listed Issues. The favorable report of the St. Paul for the fiscal year and the action of the Manhattan directors on the dividend continued to exert a favorable influence on speculation, and the senable influence on speculation, and the sen timent was decidedly bullish. A drive was made against the shorts in Manhattan, Tobacco, Sugar and Chicago Gas, and an advance of 14@23s per cent resulted. The declaration of the usual dividends by the Western Union and Sugar companies, an increased disposition on the part of the bankers to discount commercial paper and a reduction in the posted rates of sterling exchange of 1/2c to \$4.82½ and \$4.84½ sumulated the upward movement. The sharp advance induced realizations on a moder-ately heavy scale, and the room traders ately heavy scale, and the from the who have been talking reaction for some days put out small lines of shorts in the Grangers and industrials. This selling brought about a decline of 1403 per cent, the latter in Chicago Gas, which sold down the latter in Chicago Gas, which sold down to 59. Sugar receded 214 to 11514; Tobacco to 59. Sugar receded 2½ to 115½; Tobacco 2 to 65½; Burlington and Qu'ncy 1½ to 67½; St. Paul 1½ to 70½; Rock Island 1½ to 60%; General Electric 1½ to 27¾; Louisville and Nashville 1½ to 40%, and Western Union 1 to 81½. Speculation in the closing dealings was rather weak with Chicago Gas as the special feature. Not changes as a rule special feature. Net changes as a rule showed advances of 4@1 per cent. Sugar, General Electric, Burlington and Quincy, Rock Island and Louisville and Nashville. Rock Island and Louisville and Nashville, however, lost ¼@¾ per cent. In the inactive list Lackawamna brought 151 against 156, the last reported sale at the stock exchange. Lake Erie and Western preferred enange. Lake Erie and Western preferred rose 3% to 68%. Total sales were 245,949 shares including 51,600 Sugar, 46,700 St. Paul-and 19,300 Eurlington and Quincy. Bonds were irregular. Sales were \$1,090.

Treasury balances: Coin, \$116,421,930; curency, \$74,974,403. rency, \$44.94.493.

Monéy on call quiet at 507 per cent; last
loan at 5, closing offered at 5; prime mercantile paper 869 per cent.

Sterling exchange easy with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.82\(\frac{1}{2}\)a4.82\(\frac{3}{4}\) for 60 days and \$4.84@4.84% for demand; posted rates \$4.83@4.85; commercial bills \$4.81%@4.82. lovernment bonds steady.

State bonds dull.

5	London, September Consols 112 9-16 for m account.	9.—Bar silver 30 3-15d oney and 112% for the
-	Following are the closing	blids:
t - 577227	Am'n Cotton Oil. 13% do pref. 48½ Am'n Sugar Reiln's. 115½ do pref. 101 Am'n Tobacco. 65½ do pref. 94 Atch. T. & Santa Fe. 12½ Baltimore & Ohlo. 18½ Canada Pacific. 18½ Chesapeake & Ohlo. 15½ Chesapeake & O	bids  Mobile & Ohlo  Nash. Chat & St. 1. 673 U.S. Corlage do pref. 7. N. J. Central. 102 N. Y. Central. 225 N. Y. Central. 225 N. Y. Central. 334 Norfolk & Western 134 Norfolk & Western 136 Norfolk & Western 136 Norfolk & Mestern 137 Norfolk
		Texas Pacific 614
-	Lake Shore 144	Union Pacific 63a
)	Louis, & Nash 4078	Wabash, St. L & P 5%
3	Louis., N. A. & Chic. 252	do pref 1412
)		Western Union 8134
	Memphis & Char 15	Wheeling & L. Erie. 61
1	Michigan Central 87	do pref 21%

BONDS. BONDA.

Alabema, Class A 102 Vs. funded debt.
do., Class C 90 U.S. 4s, registered.
do. Class C 90 do coupon.
Louisians stamped 9 do 2s.
N. C. 4s. 90 Southern Railway 5s
N. C. 6s. 110 do common. 

Ex-dividend. †Asked. !Ex-interest.

Early Morning Gossip. New York, September 9.—(Over the Paine-Murphy Company's Private Wire.)—It seem-

ed a certainty that the Manhattan dividend would be reduced. Among the directors the discussion has been not whether there would be a reduction, but whether the rate should be made 5 or 4 per cent. An hour before action was taken a prominent hour before action was taken a prominent director told friends that the chances favored a 4 per cent rate. The figures which influenced the decision somewhat are understood to have been in Mr. Gould's hands for only a few days, and their justification of a 1½ per cent dividend was doubted by some members of the board. The argument in the weeting which seemed to carry the most weight was that the com-pany's stock was well distributed among investors who were entitled to be considered with reference to the surplus of more cut down a portion of this stock would ome upon the market. It was believed that there were better times ahead and that the company could afford to appropriate from the past and perhaps borrow a little from the future. There had been some talk of a dividend in scrip. Those who advocated it said land damages had absorbed a great deal of cash and scrip could be redeemed later. Those who op-posed said a dividend in scrip would be notice to the world that Manhattan had no cash for a dividend, and this could not fall to harm the securities of the com-pany. The declaration of 1½ per cent was not regarded by speculators as good policy, and while the price advanced stock was sold on the theory that the company would practically have to run in debt for quite a portion of the dividend and that the price would show the weight of this burden in due time. The sale of 3,000 shares by Holmes & Co. was guessed in the room to have been for Mr. Bell.

The advance of 2 points in Tennessee Coal and Iron was credited to an active bull interest in the stock. It is understood that an operator who has moved Tennessee Coal and Iron occasionally heretofore accumulated stock around 17 and is encouraging an advance, laying stress upon the large sales of iron by the company and its recent demonstration that it can market its surplus product in competition with

its surplus produces.

English furnaces.

The official notice of the Sugar dividend states that 1% per cent is payable on that portion of the preferred stock which re-ceives a quarterly dividend and 3 per cent payable on the common stock October Books close September 16th and reopen

priced stocks. It has risen about 4 points from the lowest, and this purely in sympathy with the market. It is in a position to move easily, as shown by the fact that the difference between bid and asked prices practically all yesterday afternoon was 1 per cent, and the close was 19½@20½.
Buying orders were well distributed this morning. There seemed to be a disposition

to advance prices without especially trying to sell. Commission business was larger than on any day of late with the demand appearing all through the list. London bought at the opening, but at about 10:30 began to sell moderately. Brokers in sympathy with the bull leaders say they see no particular selling, and think the only drawback is the rapidity of the

advance.
A specialist in American Tobacco says that inside support has evidently ceased and the stock is moving with the market. A short interest has been covering, but otherwise the trading has no significance. There is good realizing reported.

Closing Stock Review.

New York, September 9.-New York News Bureau: The stock market today presented wide trading variations. The morning hours were characterized by activity, and under the influence of a rush to buy for both accounts, stimulated by political sen-timent, prices advanced 1 to 3 per cent. Large amounts of long stock came out on the bulge, and speculation quieted down with a late reaction extending to 1@2 per cent on leading issues. New York, September 9 .- Stocks opened

The Industrials were prominent for some sharp fluctuations, but the railway list covered an unusually wide range of prices. The only incidents of the day were the declaration of regular dividends upon Western Union and Sugar. A late break in sterling exchange had little effect.

The market closed irregular, but generally better than last night.

STOCK.	Opening	High	Low.	Today's Closing	Saturday's Closing bids
			i	bids.	bids.
Atchison	125	12%	12%	123	12
Am'n Sugar Refining	1164	1173	115%	11554	115%
C., C., C. and St. Louis	255	26	:556	2514	25
Bur, and Quincy	68%	68%	67	67	6736
Chicago Gas	6014	6214	59	59	593
Canada Southern	453	45%	45	45	45.4
D., L. and W		inine .		151	150
Erie				12%	12%
Edison Gen. Elec	29	29%	27%	273	383
American Tobacco	65	6714	65	65%	64%
Jersey Central	1021	1023	102	102	1011/2
LakeShore				114	1445
National Lead	223	923	21	21	225
Louisville and Nash	4214	425	40%	40%	4136
Missouri Pacific	20%	203	194	1912	1914
Baltimore and Ohio	134	14	131	13%	1234
Tenn. Coal and Iron	001	2216	19%	21 %	22
Northwestern	993	100	98%	98%	99
Southern Railway	750	734	736	7%	756
do. pref	21	214	21	215	2034
Northern Pac. pref	2034	2034	20	20	20%
New York Central	93	2314	925	925	9254
New England				20	20
Omaha	38	38%	8734	873	38
Pacific Mall	19%	195,	1914	191	19%
Reading	1650	16%	16	15%	155
Rock Island	61	613	60%	- Gula	fillin
St. Paul.	70%	715.	701	70%	70%
Union Pacific	64	634	6	6	53%
American Cotton Oil.	13	14	13	13%	12%
Western Union	81%	8214	81%	811	81
American Spirits Co	534	53,	830	546	534
U.S. Leather pref	504	61%	493	49%	501
Manhattan	841.	48	841	841	697

The Gold Reserve.

Washington, September 9.—The gold reserve at the close of business today stood at \$105,174,637. The day's withdrawals at New York were \$74,500. If all the gold "in sight" to be deposited, the transmission of which is not yet complete, were in the treasury the reserve would stand today at \$108,000,000.

LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

The following are bid and asked quotations
STATE AND CITY BONDS. | Georgia 34/s, 127 | to 30 years ... 101/s | 102/s | Georgia 34/s, 25 | to 40 years ... 101/s | 102/s | Georgia 34/s, 25 | to 40 years ... 101/s | 102/s | Waterworks 8s, 105 | Ga. 4/s, 1915 ... 115 | Savannah 8s ... 107 | Atlanta 7s, 1901.112/s | Atlanta 7s, 1901.112/s | Atlanta 8s, LD 113 | Atlanta 8s, LD 113 | Atlanta 8s, LD 115 | Col., S. C., grd | Galactic Atlanta 8s, DD 101 | Galactic At 113%

RAILROAD BONDS. 

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Was Oversold and an Advance Was the Result.

Was the Result.

Chicago. September 9.—Wheat advanced today without any particular reason other than an oversoid condition of the market. News yesterday and today was too unanimous in its bearish character, and after the receipt of Bradstreet's report giving an increase in the world's supply of 3,332,000 bushels, shorts found offerings curtailed, and in endeavoring to cover necessarily advanced prices, the appreciation being on an average about ½s over yesterday's close. Early in the session trade was inclined to be slow and several ineffectual attempts to buil were made. Cash wheat was firm and ½c higher.

Corn—The business situation in corn was stagnant, and prices, in lieu of direct information or influences, were dependent upon the action of wheat for inspiration. May corn was 23%c, sold between 23%c and 24c, closing at 23%c—unchanged from yesterday. Cash corn was %c per bushel higher.

Oats—The dullness of wheat and corn

terday. Cash corn was 1/4c per bushel higher.
Oats—The dullness of wheat and corn feund reflection in cats. Prices moved slowly and within a narrow range. The sentiment was firm, however, crop news being generally encouraging to holders. May oats closed 1/40/2c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm and 1/40°c per bushel higher.

Provisions—Trade in provisions was so cuiet that prices were inert during most of the session. Opening advances, due to a steady hog market, were sustained without any exertion in that direction. January pork closed 12°c higher than yesterday.

The leading futures range as follows in Chlegory.

The leading futures range as follows in Chicago:

Open. High. .... 68% 58% 63 63 WHEAT-15 154 183 15% 15% 18% 15 15¼ 18¾ . 5 65 . 6 65 3 25 3 27% 3 62% 3 25 3 32 % 3 65 3 25 3 80 3 65

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Grain Letter.

Atlanta, September 9.—The strength in wheat today has been the result of a good all round demand for the cash article, about 40,000 bushels being sold for direct export, with numerous orders from interior points. The feature in the speculative market has been the quite free buying by some of the large traders and St. Louis parties. Reports from western points indicate a falling off in receipts with good milling grades hard to obtain. The trade, however, has not been broad, and for this reason prices have kept within a range of %c. There was nothing of special encouragement in the news received, and scalpers generally were inclined to sell the forepart of the session, but finding that prices would not break later became buyers. Receipts in the northwest were again liberal at 920 cars. Primary receipts were also large at over 1,000,000 bushels. This, together with light is payable on the common stock October 2d. Books close September 16th and reopen October 3d.

The Western Union surplus after the dividend for the September 30th quarter was 3164.550.

Transactions in Missouri Pacific yesterday amounted to only 1,500 shares, but there was a bullish feeling in the stock at the close. It was pointed out as the only one of the active Gould specialties in which there had been no trading, while it had usually been one of the most active lowa fair out-inspection and good clearances. Provisions were firm but inactive. Packers have been fair buyers. The cash demand is good. This seems to be the sustaining factor at present.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Flour, Grain and Meal.

\$2.50.

New York: Septembe 9 — Southern flour quiet; good to choice \$2.60 @2.90; common to fair extra \$2.00 @2.60. Wheat, soot quiet and steady options moderately active and steady at \$4.0 advance; No. 2 red September 0345; (October 0345; October 0345; O

tember 19 ½; Oct.ber 10 ½; No. 2 spit 20, No. 2 winter 23 ½; mixed western 10 ½@2.1.

St. Louis, Sentember 9 – From steady; patents 83.10 @3.20; fancy \$2.30@2.45; both ee \$2.10@2.20. Wheat higher; September 18 asked; December 19 @10 ½; Oats higher; No.2 September 17 bid; May 19 ½ bid.
Cinchnatl, September 9 – Flour steady; winter patents \$3.50@3.30; spring patents \$3.50@3.85. Wheat one \$3.10@3.30; spring batents \$3.50@3.85. Wheat one \$3.50@3.85. No. 2 white 24. Oats quiet and easy; No. 2 mixed 15 ½.

Chicago, September 9 – Flour dulland easy. No. 2 spring wheat 56 ½@56½; No. 3 spring —; No. 2 red \$60@600½ No. 2 corn 19 ½@20½. No. 2 oats 15 ½ @15 ½.

Groceries.

Atlanta. September 9 - Rossted coffee. 18.10 % 100 lb cases. Green coffee choice 18%: fair 16%: prime 15%. Sugar, standard granulated, 5.04c; New Orleans white, 4%-ct do, yellow, 4½c, Syrup. New Orleans open kettls 25@ 40c; mixed 12%-250c; sugar-house 200:35c. Teas Blacks 300:465c; green 200:45c. Rice, head, 6c; choice 56%. Sult, dairy, sacks, \$1,35; do, bbis\$2,25; ice cream 90c; common 65c. Cheese, ful cream, 10:4611c Matches, 65s 50c; 200s \$1,30:461,75; 300s \$2.75 Sods, boxes, 6c. Crackers, sods, 5%c; cream 7c; ginger snaps 7. Candy, common stick, 64c; tancy 12%-613%c; Cysters, F. W., \$1,75; L. W., \$1,25. Powder, rifle, \$4.00; shot, \$1.35.
New York, September 9 - Coffee, options closed steady 25 points down; September 9.00:645; 0; October \$5.55:68 70; December 8.40:845; sor Rio dull and weak; No. 7 10%. Sugar, raw, dull and weak; fair refining 2.13-16; refinert pipe artive; of A. 7-16:64%; standard A. \$4%; cut. lonf and crushed 5%; powdered—; granulated 4%; cubes 4%. Molasses, foreign nomina; New Orleans firm but quiet; open kettle, good to choice 27:6337. Rice firm and in fair demand; domestic, fair to extra, 35:465%; Japan 4:64.5.

Atlanta, September 9—Clear ribsides boxed, 4%; (clear tides, 4%; clear cured bellies, 7c. Sugar-cured hams, 11 on 12 %; (clear tides, 4%; clear tides, 4%; seed bellies, 7c. Sugar-cured hams, 11 on 12 %; (clear tides, 4%; clear tides, 4%; box clear tides, 4%; t Chicago, September 9—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$5,65\(\alpha\)5.70. Lard \$8.32\(\frac{1}{2}\alpha\)3.35. Short rils, toose, 3.15\(\alpha\)3.25. Dry saltshoulders boxed, 3.75\(\alpha\)4.00; short clear sides, boxed, 3.50\(\alpha\)3.62\(\frac{1}{2}\alpha\) Cincinnsti, September 9—Pork steady; family \$7.50. Lard quiet; prime steam 3.37\s; kettle 3.62\square\text{2}\_2\text{old} 5.87\s\square\text{5}\_2\text{bacon steady; shoulders 4.00; short riss 4.12\square\text{2}\_3\text{short clear sides 4.25}.

Naval Stores.

Charleston, September 9.—Turpentine firm at 20½, 21½; sales 30 casks. Rosin firm; sales 300 bbls; Å, C, D §1,30; £41,35; ½; §1,35; 6§1,40; H §1,45; 1,150; K §1,55; M §1,60; N §1,65; windowglass§1,80; atter white \$41,90.

Wilmington, September 9 — Rosin firm; strained \$1.35; good strained \$1.40; spirits turpentine firm; machine 21 kg tregulars 21; tar quiet at \$1.405; crude turpentine quiet; hard.20; soft \$1.55; virgin \$1.65.

Live Stock.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, September 9—Appies, \$2.50 \( \alpha 2.75 \). Lemns, Messina, \$4.25 \( \alpha 4.50 \). Oranges, Jamaica \$4.50 \). lanasa, straights, S5\( \alpha a\_2 1.00 \); culls, 50\( \alpha 60 \). Figs. 1\( \alpha 1.16 \); Riskins, new California, \$1.10\( \alpha 1.25 \); \( \frac{1}{2} \). 13c. Nuts, almonds, 13c; pecans, 75,28c. Brazil, 75,28c; filbers, 115c; walnuts, 10c/11c; mixed nuts, 8a/10c. Peanuts, Viginia electric light, 5a/6; fancy hand-picked, 35,45c; North Carolina, 5a/4; Georgia,

Bagging and Ties.

Atlanta, September 9.—Bagging—1¾ lb. 6c; 2 lb. \$\frac{1}{2}\$c; 2\frac{1}{2}\$lb. 7c. Ties—Arrow, \$1.25.

paid for the recovery of body of THOS. J. DEL-BRIDGE, if found between 6 o'clock a. m. to

Receiver's Sale of The Atlanta Dairy Company.

In accordance with an order of the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of the superior court of the Atlanta circuit, made in the case of S. H. Phelan et al., plaintiffs, against the Atlanta Dairy Company, defendant, pending in said court, the under signed as receiver in said case will, on Saturday, September 19, 1896, between 10 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m. sell at public outers to the highest bidder, on the premises where the said Atlanta Dairy Company has its chief business place, towit, the corner of Bartow and Luckie streets, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., the following property of said defendant, towit: All the dairy implements, apparatus and fixtures, refrigerators, pumps, vats, milk testers, cans and all other dairy vessels and belongings; all milk and butter on hand at the time; all horses, wagons, harnesses, fodder and feed; all office furniture and fixtures, cash register and safe; all buildings and premises on the corner of Luckle and Bartow streets; all the routes, the good will and the business of the defendant; all notes and accounts owing to said defendant except notes given for real estate; and all other personal property and choses in action of said defendant excepting its stock in the Marietta Creamery Company; and all other property set out in the inventory of the effects of the said defendant. All of the Atlanta Dairy Company. property set out in the inventory of effects of the said defendant. All of above mentioned property and assets, the business above mentioned property and assets, and the business, the routes and the good will of said defendant, will be sold together as a whole and as a going concern. Sale will be steject to confirmation or rejection by the court in chambers at \$30 o'clock a.rr. on Monday, September 21, 1896. Terms cash on acceptance of bid. Property and inventory open to inspection. This September 9, 1896.

EDMOND SCOTT, septil-9t

MEETINGS.

A regular communication of Atlanta Icdge, No. 59, A. F. and A. M. will be held in Masonic hall, ecrner of Pryor and Hunter streets, at 7:50 o'clock sharp this evening. The degree of entered apprentice will be conferred. Brethren qualified are externally invited. Elevator at the Pryor street entrance. Refreshments.

HENRY M. WOOD, Worshipful Master.

Atlanta. September 9 — Flour. firstpatent \$4.45; second patent, \$4.15; straight, \$3.50; fancy, \$5.40; extra family, \$3.10. Corn, white, 39c; mixed, 38c. Oats, white, 35c; mixed, 31c. Rye, Georgia. 70c. Barley, Georgia raised, 80c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, 90c; so, 2 timothy, small bales, 80c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 75c. Meal, plain, 42c; bolted, 34c. Wheat bran, large sacks, 55c. Small sacks, 57c. Shorts, 80c. 81cck meal, \$1.00. Cotton seed meal, 95c. \$1.00 ts. huils \$6.00 \text{pt. to The State of the Stat

to extra, 3 54534; Japan 4 6444.

Provisions.

Savannab. September 9 — Turpentine firm at 22½ for regulars; sales 1,500 casks; receipts 1,321. Rosin firm; sales 4,500 bbls; receipts 2,507; A. B. C. D. §1,40; E§1,50; F\$1,50; G\$1,50; H\$1,50; F\$1,50; K\$1,55; M §1,60; N §1,65; windowglass §1,80; waterwhite \$2,00.

Chicago, September 9—Cattle, choice steady; others 1c lowerreceipts 19,000; commonto extra steers; 3,15 ad.5.30; stockers and feedders \$2.40a(3.85); cows and bulls \$1.50a(3.20); culves \$3.25a(5.75). Texans \$2.50 (33.15); western rangers; 2.55a(3.80). Hogs firm: receipts 27,000; heavy packing and shipping lots \$2.75a(3.25); cunnon to choice mixed \$2.85a(3.35); choice assorted \$3.35a(3.45); light \$3.15a(3.40); pigs \$2.00a(3.25); heavy receipts 16,000; inferior to choice \$2.00a(3.25); lambs \$2.60a(4.00).

Country Produce.

Atlanta September 9—Eggs 12½a13. Butter western creamery, 16a18c; fancy Tennessee, 12½a15c; choice, 10c; Georgia, 10a12½c. Live poultry—Turkeys, none; hens, 20a22½c; spring chickens, 12½a22½d ducks, 16a18. Irish potatoes—Burbank, 41.75 a2.00 ½ bbt. 50a55c ½ but. Tennessee, 45a50c ½ bu. Sweet potatoes, new 50a60 ½ bushel. Honey, strained, 7a8 c; in the comb. 9a.10c. Onlons, 60.975c ½ but, ½ bbt., \$2.00a2.50. Cabbage, 1½a2.

Notice to Good Swimmers and Divers.

\$100 Reward will be 6 p. m., September 10.

A special communication of Atlanta lodge, No. 59, A. F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall, jorner of Pryor and Hunter streets, at 3 o'clock sharp tais afternoon for the purpose of paying the last sad tribute of respect to our deceased brother. Charner J. Hancock. Members of sister lodges are fraternally invited.

HENRY M. WOOD.

Worshipful Master.

ZADOC B. MOON, Secretary.

ZADOC B. MOON, Secretary.



Our well known "Royal" Waists, including all the popular materials and designs. Made up with the latest touches of style and warranted perfect in every detail.

Were and now 48C

The better grades of "Royal" Shirt Waists-lawns, dimities, batistes, jaconats, madras, percalines, organdies and linen grass cloth in stripes, checks, plaids, figures, Persian and Dresden designs. Big sleeves, attached and detachable collars, double yokes, all beautifully laundered.

\$1.50 Were \$1.75 now \$2.00 \$2.25 Fisk, Clark and Fagg's chir Waists - patterned after the leading London models-the identical goods that the swell New York retail stores have been selling so success.ully all season.

Were and now\$ 1.40

TAX LEVY. Office Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Fulton County, Ga. Atlanta, September 2, 1896.—It is ordered that there be collected by the tax collector for Fulton county, or his successor in office, the following tax for county purposes for the fiscal year 1896, to-wit: Fifteen and five-tenths cents for public works, two and three-tenths cents for roads and bridges, eightners and five-tenths cents for public for public tenths cents for pound works, two and three-tenths cents for roads and bridges, eighteen and five-tenths cents for public buildings, seven and eight-tenths cents for expenses of the superior court, two and six-tenths cents for the expenses of the city court, two and six-tenths cents for the expenses of the cimilal court, two and two-tenths cents for the fees of the jailer and all other expenses of the jail, eight-tenths cents for the fees of the coroner, per diem of the coroner's furors, and salary of the county physician; one and six-tenths cents for the commissions of the tax collector, receiver, and salaries of the commissioners and their clerk; two and four-tenths cents for the support of the almshouse and for paupers, three and one-tenth cents for any other lawful of fifty-nine and four-tenths cents on the one hundred dollars, which is hereby levied for the year 1896. for the year 1836.

A true extract from the minutes of the commissioners of roads and revenues.

A. L. KONTZ.

Clerk Commissioners of Roads and Revenues.

Executrix's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of aid county, granted at the September term, 1896, will be sold before the court-pure deep of said county, on the first said county, granted at the September term, 1896, will be sold before the court-house door of said county, on the first Tuesday in October, 1896, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of Margie A. Laird, to-wit: Parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, being the east half of a certain city lot, known in the plan of said city as the east half of city lots Nos. 178 and 179. Said halves of said city lots taken together have a front north of 100 feet, more or less, on Fillmore street, now Glimer street, and extending back south 160 feet, more or less, and being a part of land lot No. 52, in the lith district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, being the lot deeded on the 9th day of November, 1866, by Lemuel P. Grant to John M. Nace, trustee for Anna R. Nace and being the east half of said lot.

Sold for the purpose of the payment of the debts and division of said estate. Terms cash.

ELLEN O. HERBERT, septil 17 24 oct 1

> Office of General Superintendent. Portsmouth, Va., September 9, 1896.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE.

REWARD.

A reward of two hundred and fifty dollars will be paid for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who pulled the spikes from headblock and changed the switch at Hull, Ga., on the night of September 8, 1896, causing freight train N to be derailed. V. E. McBEE, to be derailed.

V. E. Medda,

to be derailed.

General Superintendent. Approved; E. ST. JOHN,

Vice President and General Manager, sept10-7t

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—M. M. Welch, administrator of Carrie L. Terrell, represents that he-has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, augi3-3mo-thu aug13-3mo-thu

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—J. P. Leach, administrator of Stanley E. Russell, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, augi3-3mo-thu aug13-3mo-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Mrs. E. A. Murry has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Z. C. Murry, deceasd, This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—J. E. Maddox has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Robert Derby, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

FINANCIAL.

The "Permanent Stock"

Of the Atlanta Loan and Investment Company pays 8 per cent interest, free of all taxes; costs \$100 a share. Interest guaranteed and amply provided for now. A limited amount on the market at this rate of interest. Apply to Atlanta Loan and Investment Company, 811 Equitable building, Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. PATTERSON & CO., Dealers in Investment Securities.

RILEY-GRANT CO.

No. 28 S. Broad St. PAINE-MURPHY COMPANY, BROKERS, J. C. KNOX, Manager Orders executed over private wires for Cotton, Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provi-sions. Local securities bought and sold. Correspondence solicited

Correspondence solicited.
2 South Pryor Street, Jackson Building.
'Phone 375. Are You Looking for

...A FORTUNE... From a Moderate Investment? If So, Send for Book on Enterprise of Im-

....IN ALASKA.... Forwarded free of charge upou application to

DENSLOW, WARD & CO., Bankers FISCAL AGENTS OF THE ALASKA GOLD SYNDICATE CO., 50 Broadway, New York.

John W. Dickey, Stock and Bond Broker · AUGUSTA, GA. Correspondence Invited

LEA & PERRINS



As a further protection against

Agents for the United States, JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y. SURE CURE FOR PILES

If you are going to the Mountains or Sea Shore, why not carry a Hammock and Croquet Set? We have Hammocks and will makes special price on them for the next

week. Our Croquet Sets are al-

ways cheap, and the quality the

IN ALL THEIR DETAILS

Rackets Nets, Poles, and every-

thing to make a court complete.

Write for special catalogue on the

5½ % MORTGAGES 7 % Housefurnishing Goods

BUILDERS' HARDWARE! Our line of samples of Builders' Hardware is beautiful, and we request that you call and look at them whether you want to buy or not. Estimates furnished wil-

lingly.

The Clarke Hardware Company,

35 PEACHTREE ST.

ATLANTA, GA. WILLINGHAM Closing Out

One and one-half million feet of roursized and dressed south Georgia relies pine lumber thrown on the market.

One hundred thousand feet plain and quartered kiln-dried white oak, popula, ash and white pine.

ONE MILLION FEET

Moldings, 1,600 boxes window glass, 1,500 feet colored glass, 10,000 openings of Doors, Sash and Blinds

We are obliged to sell, and if we cannot get our prices, will take an offer. We say TO MOVE OUR PLANT and locate at the corner of North avera and Marietta street. In order to save the moving of our stock, we offer it at greate reduced prices.

WILLINGHAM LUMBER CO. Factory, 64 to 86 Elliott street; office, Na. 1 North Forsyth street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. THOMAS W. LATHAM, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga. 200 and 222 Temple Court. Phone R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Horel DCRSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL Offices-1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe builded Whitehali. Telephone 520.

THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE MALYDOR MFG. CO., L

Ringing Words

Atticus LOCAL OPTIO

Will Vote for didate for Gor

TAS OPPOSED TO What the Great

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Dr. Warren A.

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bition should not b and that local opt to the question. An expression ent campaign from G. Haygood has j emphatic words fight for local ont s fight for state plated, have the r It was at a ti agitated with the Dr. W. H. Felton a candidate for bill was also the sion. It was stat his fight on the he would receive perance people At that time Dr and front of Meth was passing thro asked to give an e candidacy of Dr. The interview i printed in The Elb held by the edit copied in The Ga

wards appeared of November 9t

Referring to 1

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CAPT. AND M

Salvation Arm

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The Salvation the army in A renewed vigor renewed vigor forces have be rival of Staff Dallas, Tex... lanta several hall on Marie and the exerciducted by the known and re Smith has a she will enter

JONES AVEN The Structure and Is No The Jones av

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and steel, and best bridges it that it will stuse for many the western it with the common question. no question. I people and a crossing the n tion of the cit. The bridge v Company, of \$16,150, or the rivalry in the it was awarde lowest bidders time ago.
City Engine
Sims, of the careful watch

THE GUARAN

G00

Stump These Days.

Governor Atkinson and the

State Ticket.

Hon. Pope Barrow and W. W. Starr, of

Savannah, were in at democratic head-

quarters yesterday. Mr. Barrow was bn

ils way home from a vacation. They are

ooth members of the Citizens' Club, of

which former State Senator W. W. Os-



Clark and Fagg's chic - patterned after the g London models—the cal goods that the swell York retail stores have selling so success.ully all

\$3.00 and now\$ **1.4** 

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ne-half million feet of rough, ressed south Georgia yellow thrown on the market, red thousand feet plain and lin-dried white oak, poplar,

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Sash and Blinds

iged to sell, and if we cannot so, will take an offer. We are

OVE OUR PLANT

HAM LUMBER CO. to 86 Elliott street; office, No. 1

ESSIONAL CARDS. P. H. Brewster, Albert HOWELL

sidate for Governor." He Said

AS OPPOSED TO PROHIBITION IN POLITICS What the Great Churchman Regarded the Proper Treatment of the Temperance Measure.

The cause of state prohibition has not een taken up among the preachers with that avidity which was counted on by the populists when they made out their pro-

pr. Warren A. Candler is backed by stanch following who believe that prohibition should not be made a political issue, and that local option is the only solution to the question.

An expression on the issues of the present campaign from the late Bishop Atticus G. Haygood has just been discovered. His emphatic words uttered just before the fight for local option came on, and when s fight for state prohibition was contemplated, have the ring of prophecy in them. It was at a time when the state was agitated with the temperance question. pr. W. H. Felton had been mentioned as a candidate for governor. His railroad was also the subject of much discussion. It was stated that he would make his fight on the prohibition idea, and that would receive the support of the tem-

At that time Dr. Haygood was the head and front of Methodism in the south. He was passing through Elberton and was sked to give an expression on the proposed andidacy of Dr. Felton.

The interview in question was originally rinted in The Elberton Headlight and was held by the editor of that paper. It was copied in The Gainesville Eagle and aftertards appeared in The Macon Telegraph of November 9th, 1885.

Referring to Dr. Felton's candidacy, the question was asked Bishop Haygood: How about his prohibition following?"

"I am a prohibitionist, but he will never get my vote. I would vote for no prohibition candidate for governor. I am opposed to prohibition being carried into politics. I believe in it only by local option. It is in harmony with the old English idea of the people of a community settling the question for themselves."

These were the ringing words from a mar who seemed to forecast the present politial conditions. It was the idea of Bishop Haygood that the people of the different sections could best settle the question. The local option question was the measure for the people, of the people and by the people h was the only real solution of the temper

The utterance of Bishop Haygood ca equal force to the present campaign. It is the same view adherred to by Dr. Candler resent fight.

# SAM JONES TO SPEAK.

Ha Will Address a Large Crowd at the Moody Tabernacle Sunday Night

Moody Tabernacle Sunday Night.

The anniversary exercises of the Marietta Street mission will be celebrated at the Moody tabernacle Sunday night.

The programme will be full of Interest and live features. Sam Jones will be there, and his address will be listened to by thousands who are interested in him and his work. This will be the first appearance work. This will be the first appearance of Sam Jones at the tabernacle since he closed his wonderful series of meetings last

Those who have the programme of the Those who have the programme of the celebration in charge are hard at work and will prepare many interesting features for the occasion. The Barclay mission has been one of the most notable charitable institutions in Atlanta. It has accomplished wonderful good, and the occasion of its relebration will be marked by tremendous. celebration will be marked by tremendous

CAPT. AND MRS. SMITH RETURN.

Salvation Army Will Open Up old Quarters on Marietta Street Tonight. The Salvation Army will again open quar-ters at 125 Marietta street and the work of the army in Atlanta will be taken up with renewed vigor by new officers. The local forces have been re-enforced by the arforces have been re-enforced by the arrival of Staff Captain and Mrs: Smith, of Dallas, Tex., who were stationed in Atlanta several years ago. Tonight the old hall on Marietta street will be reopened and the exercises will be interestingly conducted by the new officers, who are well known and remembered in Atlanta. Mrs. Smith has a reputation as a singer and she will entertain the visitors tonight.

JONES AVENUE BRIDGE OPEN.

The Structure Has Been Completed and Is Now Open for Traffic. The Jones avenue bridge in the western part of the city has been completed, and it is now open for traffic. The bridge is a sub-stantial one, and it fills a want of several

The new structure is composed of iron The new structure is composed of iron and steel, and it is built to be one of the best bridges in the city. The builders claim that it will stand the heaviest traffic and use for many years. That the people of the western part of the city are delighted with the completion of the bridge, there is no question. It will greatly convenience the people and afford them a safe means of crossing the network of tracks in that section of the city.

The bridge was built by the Toledo Bridge Company, of Toledo, O. It cost the city 116,130, or thereabouts. There was spirited rivalry in the bidding for the contract, and it was awarded to the Toledo company, the lowest bidders. The contract was let some time ago.

lowest bidders. The contract was clime ago.
City Engineer Clayton and Chairman Sims, of the bridge committee, have kept a careful watch on the bridge as it was being constructed, and they are satisfied that it is one of the best in the south. The city is one of the best in the south. The city officials are well pleased with the structure and they think that it will meet every requirement for many years.



Ringing Words from the Late Bishop Does Not Wish the Presidency of the Says His Eyes Have Been Opened To Democratic Workers Are Busy on the How the White Metal Has Increased Demecratic League.

LOCAL OPTION HIS CHOICE MALLARD THE SOLE CANDIDATE TAKES A ROSEATE VIEW GEN. GORDON SPEAKS TODAY REPORT OF THE OFFICIALS Meeting To Be Held Friday Night in

the Basement of the County Courthouse. Mr. Eb T. Williams will not be a candiate for the presidency of the Young Men's Democratic League of Fulton county. He states that he has not been in the

ace and declares that he will favor the andidacy of Mr. W. J. Mallard. The meeting of the league will be held Friday night in the basement of the county courthouse and all young men who are interested in the fight for democracy will be present. The club will be thoroughly reorgnized.

Mr. Mallard is now the only announced andidate and will probably be elected. He states that he will place the organization on a practical basis and run it on business methods. The term of President Felder has expired and the places of all old of-

Methods During the Campaign.

Delight from Chairman John. .

Has Adopted Populist Methods Since He Became a Candidate and Donned the Orthodox Garb.

Seaborn A. Wright came into Atlanta veserday and occupied a comfortable chair at copulist headquarters for a few hours. He ad arrived from Lawrenceville and left te in the afternoon for Fort Valley, where spoke last night.

dr. Wright says that he is in the campaign to stay and will make the fight to the end. He wears a sunny, sanguine smile and looks upon the roseate side of political life. His eyes, he declares, have him that he ought to come down off the Buckner and claims that he is a demo-

His Strong Words for Local Option-Prohibition Should Not Be Carried Into Politics.

"I would vote for no prohibition candidate for governor. I am opposed to prohibition being carried into politics. I believe in it only by local option. It is in harmony with the old English idea of the people of a community settling the question for themselves."

the members of the organization to enter actively into the fight and make a vigorous battle for a huge majority in Fulton when the state and national elections Mr. Williams was seen last night and

asked if he would be in the race. "No, I have never announced my candidaey. As I am first vice president of the league, I presume many thought that I would be a andidate for the presidency. When Mr. Colville and other friends approached me n the subject they thought there would be o opposition, and, of course, I would have ecepted in that event.

"I do not feel that I could enter into a contest for the office of president of the league, as I am in one campaign now for solicitor general of the Atlanta circuit and do not care to get into another at this

"I am not a candidate for president, and am not so much interested in that as I am to see Fulton county democrats put their shoulders to the wheel and give the democratic state and national ticket an overwhelming majority. Every democrat, whatever may be his opinion on the curency, should bow to the view of the maority and support the regular nominees of Besides. I have several important busi

ess matters on hand this week and can-not afford to neglect them and give my time 'My friend, Mr. W. J. Mallard, is an active young democrat and would make a good president. I am for him for the position, and am deeply interested in the league, and with 1,400 active young men we will strive to give Governor Atkinson Fulton county by 5,000 majority. We can sweep everything before us and we will organize

# thoroughly, expecting 'every man to do

Belt Yesterday. It was warmer in Atlanta and throughout the cotton belt yesterday, with little or no rain, except in southern Louisiana and Texas, where light showers have oc-A trough of low pressure extends from the great lakes to northwestern Texas and

light rains have fallen within this area during the past twelve hours. A high pressure is moving in from the northwest, causing decided falls in temper-ature and cloudy weather in that region. Elsewhere it is generally clear with slight

changes in temperature. Local Report for Yesterday. 

General Weather Report.

Daily report of the weather at sectations as shown by observations at 8 o'clock last night: Station and Colored as the colored a

State of Weather.	Temper at 8 p	H	Precipi in i
ATLANTIC COAST-		1	1 00
Atlanta, clear	84	88	.00
New York, clear	72	72	00.
Norfolk, clear	70	76	.00
Savannah, clear	76 -	88	
Jacksonville, clear	76	86	.00
CILLE STATES-			11
Tampa, clear	82	88	.06
Montgomery, clear I	90	92	.00
Vicksburg, pt. cl'y	86	92	.00
New Orleans, rain	80	88	.36
Port Eads, pt. cl'y	82	86	.00
Daloctino clear	90	- 96	.00
Galveston, clear	84	86	1 .00
Corpus Christi, clear	84	88	.06
OHIO VALLEY-			1
Memphis, clear:	86	90	.00
Knoxville, clear	82	88	.00
Cincinnati, clear	78	82	T.T
LAKE REGION-	4.		1
Buffalo, clear	70	78	.00
Detroit, clear	72	78	.01
Chicago, cloudy	78	86	.00
WESTERN-			1
St. Paul, cloudy	64	68	T.
St. Louis, clear	82	90	.00
Kansas City, cloudy	74	80	1 .16
Omaha, cloudy	64	78	.02
Huron, S. D., cl'dy	52	64	T
Parid City cloudy	46	60	T
Name Platte cloudy			.00
Dodge City pt. el'v	76	86	.00
Rapid City, cloudy North Platte, cloudy	52	64	.00

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

# BUSY WITH JAIL CASES.

Judge Berry Is Rapidly Disposing of Cases of Jail Prisoners.

Judge Berry's city criminal court is grinding away on jail cases this week. Several cases were disposed of yesterday and before the week is out the officials hope to have the jail cleared.

Simp Harvey was arraigned in the court yesterday on a charge of cheating and simp harvey was expected as a charge of cheating and swindling, but Judge Berry decided that he had committed a graver offense and

he had committed transferred his case to the superior court. Harvey is alleged to have obtained money by using a fictitious name.

Three alleged gamesters were put on the transferred from was trial, but the evidence against them was insufficient and Judge Berry ordered the prisoners discharged. About that's five prisoners remain in jail awaiting idial in

Pickens, S. C., September 9.—(Special.)—A nine-year-old daughter of W. M. Snipes was burned to death today. Her clothes caught on fire and before assistance came she was overcome.

His Statements Bring a Chuckle of

MAKES A BIG CHANGE IN HIS COSTUME

been opened to methods that he dreamed

### BISHOP ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD'S VIEWS.

From an Interview with Late Bishop Haygood, the Great Temperance Leader.

ficers will be filled. It is the purpose of not of. He had never actively waged a campaign before.
"I have learned things which I didn't know could exist," he exclaimed, banging his fist on the table with a heavy thud.

Chairman John Cunningham jumped like

pin-stuck boy. "Yes-yes, that's right," he said, looking at the candidate and nodding vigorously. "I'll tell you, I'll carry the state by 25,000 majority among the whites." exclaimed Mr Wright, lifting both arms and bringing them down with a lateral sweep.
"Yes—yes, that's right?" said Chairman

John, smiling abundantly. "And the best element among the negroe have already declared for me," continued the candidate, with an Ajax ring of defince in his tuneful voice. "Now that's right," quoth the chairman aking his cheeks in wholesome glee.

"I find the people everywhere solid for oppulism. I have thousands to come and near me each day. I know that the peo-ple are in earnest." ple are in earnest. Chairman Cunningham had moved in

His Change of Garb.

Since the populist convention met and gave him the nomination Mr. Wright has hanged his style of dress. During the days preceding his nomination, when he was making the earnest declaration that he would not be a candidate for rovernor, the man from Floyd was cos umed to meet the taste of the most aesthet ic summer girl. He was garbed in a very light linen suit. His straw hat was new and made according to the latest Parisian models of headgear. His shoes were toothpicked to a glimmering nicety, and his flow ing tie fell with an artistic droop over the weep of his shining shirt front. He walked

with a firm swagger of assurance lack. A slight stubble of uncut hirsute ringed his lower jaw. His tie was massed WARMER IN THE SOUTH.

in a knotty heap, and his hat was pulled down over one eye with a careless jerk.

Very Little Rain Fell in the Cotton dust on his shoes and the trousers bagged about the knees. He threw himself loosely about and now and then dropped into an indolent drawl strongly suggestive of moun-

taineer brogue.

He addresesed the representative of The Constitution as "my distinguished friend and fellow citizen," and gave him a pop-ulistic campmeeting slap upon the back that would have wonderfully impressed the

Mr. Wright read over the editorial in The New York World predicting the withdrawal of Sewall and calling attention to the fact hat he was a national banker.

"And they call me a millionaire," said Mr.

Wright, with a hearty laugh.
Chairman Cunningham chuckled hugely ind continued to cachinate until Mr

Wright disappeared to catch the train. POLICEMAN FIGHTS A NEGRO.

Officer Grant Has a Hard Time Ar resting Judge Johnson.

Officer Grant, of the local police force, had an exciting fight with Judge Johnson, one of the most desperate negroes in Atlanta yesterday morning.

Last week Johnson was sent to the stockade for thirty days for beating his wife. Tuesday afternoon he succeeded in cluding the guares and escaped. The police were asked to look out for him, and Officer

Grant located him in a cottage on Logan street yesterday morning. When the policeman entered the house the nagro sprang at him like a tiger. The officer drew his pistol and struck Johnson a terrib'e blow over the head, feiling him to the floor. He rose, however, and the two men clinched. They rolled over and over on the floor. Johnson was covered with blood from the wound in his head,

Hon. James W. Robertson and Hon. he still fought. Grant finally secured a good grip on his throat, however, and com-pelled him to surrender.

Beyond a few slight bruises Officer Grant

Beyond a few slight bruises officer Grant was not hurt. The negro's head was beaten into a jelly, and Dr. Wright had to be summoned to dress his wounds.

Jonnson was brought to the station house in a patrol wason, and was sent back to the stockade by Judge Calhoun, yesterday afternoon.

This negro is known among police circles as being one of the most desperate men in the city. He always resists arrest and has been in the chaingang for various offenses several times.

# TO SELECT A NEW PASTOR.

Fifth Baptist Church Has Named a Committee.

Last Sunday at the Fifth Baptist church committee was appointed to secure the services of a new pastor. Since the resignation of the former pastor, Dr. C. N. Donaldson, the pulpit has been filled from time to time with different divines, but the congregation feel that they need a regular pastor. When the former pastor resigned, two factions were created in the fold. One desired him to remain and the other want-ed him to leave. A bitter fight was made, but now all this trouble has been settled, but now all this trouble has been settled, the members have become reconciled, the church is in a flourishing condition, and things are moving along in a quiet way. The committee appointed last Sunday night consists of the following gentlemen: T. J. Buchanan, W. R. Hairston, B. T. Johnson, W. H. McLaird, Charles H. McHan, J. F. Edens, Joe Crumbly, Isaac Robinson, F. L. Mitchell, M. A. Bently, G. W. Allen, George Andrews, W. A. Goodman, William Norman, F. L. Allen, F. A. Pittman, Tom Henderson, Berry Goodman, J. F. Hanson, Warner Camp and Tolbert camp. camp. The workings of this committee will be much the same as the committee appointed to secure a pastor for the First Saptist church, and they will hold their first meeting on September 21st.

but Chatham promises to be its banner county. The populists have a nominee on the state ticket from Chatham, Donald Clarke for attorney general, and they will poll possibly 1,000 votes in Chatham for their state ticket.

J. T. Hill, of Cordele, the man who first shouted for Bryan at Chicago and who picked up the Nebraskan and carried him around the convention hall after the great around the convention hall after the great speech, called yesterday. He is a prospec-

in Savannah than anywhere else.

Colonel Tom Jones, of Dalton, came down and got things arranged for a big meeting

up there next Saturday week. Mr. Quillian, democratic nominee in Hall for the house, was one of the visitors.
"Hall," said he, "is good for 500 majority.
Some independent democrats and popullsts have fused, but the democrats court on making a better showing this year than they did in 1894."

Mr. Webb, of Jackson county, called for few minutes—long enough to say that ne populists will not carry that county ext month. The negro vote is going largely with the democrats.

Hon. G. G. Lark, an ex-representative of \$51,086, or nearly 14 per cent. from Clay county, is in the city. He brings good reports from his county and section, saying that the state ticket will majority in all the coun-

Former Representative Clarence Wilson, of Clay, is in the city engaged in a law case in the city court. He met a number of nominees for the house and the senate who were in the city yesterday and from the way they talked afterwards the gentleman from Clay evidently secured some votes from north Georgia for solicitor

Colonel James Brown, the Newman edwere in the city last night. Solicitors Dick Russell, of the Athens

reuit, and Gus Fite, of Cartersville, were

t headquarters during the day. Judge Hamp McWhorter came up from Lexington to bring his daughter, who was entering college at College Park. A prominent Atlanta minister who was

returning to the city a few days ago was deeply impressed by the self satisfaction of a gentelman with a silk tile who announced that he was just returning from the convention at Indianapolis. "Those fellows at Chicago might have done better, and might be cutting a much bigger figure in the campaign than they are doing," remarked the returning delegate, "but the trouble with them was their leaders. There's where we had the advantage of them. Now, the convention "but the trouble with them was

"Yes," interrupted the minister, quietly, 'that's true, you did have a big advantage of them. There was Breckinridge,

The returning delegate had gone into the next car. General Gordon Speaks Today.

General Gordon is to speak in Buena lista at 11 o'clock today. The general was one of Chairman Clay's allers at democratic headquarters Tues day, and after expressing his sincere hop that the democratic ticket would win, h authorized this Buena Vista appointment and its announcement by Chairman Clay. He says that, in his opinion, Governor Atkinson has made a splendid officer, and serves unanimous re-election at the hands of the people of Georgia. General Gordon spent a couple of hours at headquarters, nauiring closely into the workings of the ampaign and showing the greatest interest in the success of the ticket. He left the city yesterday afternoon for Columous, and goes this morning to Buena Vista

Hon. W. C. Adamson, the congressional nominee in the fourth district, will speak there with General Gordon. Other Notable Speeches.

Governor Atkinson and Congressman Bartlett are to speak at Barnesville today, at Macon tomorrow night and at Milledge Senator Bacon and Hon. W. G. Brantley

Robert L. Berner will speak at Convers on the 12th. Senator Bacon speaks at Albany on the 17th, and Hon, J. M. Griggs will be with him. The senator will also speak at Hawkinsville on the 15th, when Hon. E. B. Lewis, the congressional nominee in the third, will be with him.

Hon. L. F. Livingston and Hon. C. L.

Moses will address the democrats of Heard county, at Franklin, on the 15th. Hon. Hoke Smith was another caller at state headquarters yesterday and tendered his services for four speeches, and if it is possible, more during the campaign. Chairman Clay has put him down for Dalton, Brunswick, Valdosta and Augusta. The first of these meetings will be at Dalton, on the 19th, and at this meeting the other speakers will be Congressman

Maddox and Hon. R. L. Berner. Judge Maddox, by the way, is making a thorough canvass of his district. He is on the go all the time and will be busily engaged from now until the end of the compaign. He has announced the following appointments: Summerville, 12th; Trenton, 17th; Dalton, 19th; Braswell, 22d; Resaca, 25th; Calhoun, 25th; Chickamauga,

# Karwisch Bound Over.

H. Karwisch, a Decatur street saloon keeper, was bound over to the city crimkeeper, was bound over to the city criminal court yesterday by Justice Orr on the charge of assault and battery. It seems that there was a fight in his saloon a few days ago and he joined in, striking a negro by the name of Martin Holmes, who went before Justice Orr and swore out the warrant which caused the arrest. The bond of Martisch was fixed at 100 with war of Karwisch was fixed at \$100, which was

After sickness and debilitating effects of saparilla will do it.

Railroad Earnings.

He Will Arouse Southwest Georgia for President Raoul Says It Is a Mistake To Denounce Mexican Dollar.

> STATEMENT OF WAGES UNDER SILVER Prosperity Abounds Despite Gold Standard Denunciations-Effect

of Fall in Silver.

porne is president. The Citizens' Club has had a legislative ticket in the field for New York, September 9 .- (Special.)-The several weeks, but the liberals have not yet report of the Mexican National railroad fo nominated. One of the nominees on the the month of August, just issued from the citizens' ticket. Mr. Tiedeman, declared president's office here today, is a valuable that he would not vote for Mr. Bryan for contribution to the literature of the silve president and the point was made against queston and is a complete refutation many of the assertions and arguments addemocratic ticket, but he has not with-drawn and does not propose to do so. Now he says that he will vote for Palmer and vanced by the anti-silver orators in the present presidential campaign. The con parative statement of the gross earning of the Mexican National, which operate many of the American roads have ngth in Georgia will not cut any figure, gone into receivers' hands or passed their dividends, this Mexican trunk line has actually increased its earnings over last year more than 10 per cent, and this, too, in the dullest season of the year. Curious ly enough, the Mexican National has been quoted by gold orators as an illustratio of what will happen to American roads i free silver prevails in the United States and a correspondent of The St. Louis Globe-Democrat, now traveling in Mexico devotes considerable space to the side lights of the subject. Before comment ing further on the facts of the case perhaps better to introduce here the comparative statement of estimated gross earnings of the Mexican National furnished this afternoon to your correspo-

dent by President William G. Raoul. For the fourth week of August, 1896, the earnings were \$135,416, as against \$113,247 for the same week last year, an increase

\$22,169, or over 10 per cent. For the four weeks of August, 1896, th earnings were \$396,715, as against \$345,623 for the same period last year, an increase

The significance of this statement is so much in the gross earnings, but in the increase as compared with last year of over 10 per cent, and this in the dullest period of the hard times, when American roads are thankful if they can pay operating expenses only. President Raoul is an ardent free silve

man and commented at some length t

your correspondent on the comparative statement in question as throwing much light and actual data on the free silver discussion now going on in the United "I need hardly say to you that we ar delighted with the showing of our road,' said Mr. Raoul. "The gold campaign ora tors are holding up Mexico as a silver-rid len country and trying to make out that her people are worse off than ever; in fact, far below the condition of the Americans

The August statement of our road shows that these same orators are talking through their hats. We are enjoying a full neasure of prosperity, while America roads are complaining bitterly of the bard times, and oftentimes passing their divi dends. Indeed, some of them cannot escape receivers' hands. It is a great mistake to deprecate and denounce the that after the war of the rebellion the

Mexican dollar was worth 3 cents more

than the American dollar.

"The fall in silver has proven a godsend Mexico and has not been the curse that the gold campaign orators try to make out. In 1890, prior to the closing of the India mints, silver was high, and hence \$100 in gold would not buy any more than 120 Mexican silver dollars. Now, however, the Mexican merchants can exchange the 100 gold dollars received in payment for exports and get double the quantity of Mexi-can dollars. The upshot of all this has been practically to put a big bonus on exports, and one would think it would have served to put an embargo on imports. Everybody made it a point to rake and scrape together everything exportable in order to double his money. Business has been stimulated right along and every line of commerce has shown great activity ever since. Instead of imports falling off they continued the same, despite the increased cost of articles; people made money and hence could afford to pay the higher prices. The effect of this was to keep up the government revenues and prevent them from running behind and at the same time give many luxuries to the richer classes. "It is another great mistake to charge that the wages of the Mexican workmen are regulated by the price of silver. Cam-paign orators of the 'goldbugs' say that the falling price of silver has brought about lower wages. This is not only untrue, but actually absurd. The wages of workmen in Mexico are regulated by the law of supply and demand and are not in the least affected by the price of silver. "As a matter of fact wages are the same

today that they have always been. The changing and appreciating value of the gold dollar has served to throw sand in the eyes of the goldbug stump speakers.
"If a Mexican artisan is intelligent and industrious he can make a great deal more than the ordinary workman in the mines the man that depends on his spade and "We find it to the interest of our com-

pany to do all our repairing and building of cars in Mexico. Our shops are located at Laredo, Tex., but they are practically closed and we do nearly everything at the City of Mexico and other points. In this way free silver benefits a community, gives its citizens plenty of work, draws it away from gold standard countries and thus furnishes a continual stream of proscan citizen declaiming against hard times. On the contrary, he is happy. Free silver has proved, and is proving, a blessing to him in more ways than one. Mark my words, the United States will come to a silver basis sooner or later. To postpone the question now is only to tie down the safety valve. If free silver don't come by natural evolution it will by unnatural revo-

"The whole world will sooner or later have to come to a larger use of silver, and this means the United States. "I do not know whether or not Bryan will be elected president, but I do know that he will be either elected or defeated

will be elected president, but I do know that he will be either elected or defeated by a large majority.

"Things are in a mighty abnormal condition and no one can predict what is going to happen next November. One thing I do the present the pres know, Mexican merchants do not want to see the United States go on a silver basis. Mexico has a good thing as matters are now and she don't want to share the silver pudding with the people on the north of

her.

"Free silver is a blessing to any community or country and the United States will find this fact out sooner or later, I am as sure of this as that I live."

A Wonderful Medicine

# BEECHAMS

For Bilious and Nervous disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddi ness, Fullness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of liveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c., when these symptoms are caused by constipation, as most of them are. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN 7 ZENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills

### and they will be acknowledged to be A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregu-larities of the system. For a

# Weak Stomach Impaired Digestion

Disordered Liver they act like magic-a few doses will work won. ders upon the Vital Organs; strengthening the muscular system, restoring the long-lost complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are facts admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that Beecham's Pills have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World.

# WITHOUT A RIVAL,

Annual Sales more than 6,000,000 Boxes 25c. at Drug Stores, or will be sent by U.S. Agents. B. F. ALLEN CO., 365 Canal St., New York, post paid, upon receipt of price. Book ree upon application.

# Notice to Good Swimmers and

Divers. \$100 Reward will be paid for the recovery of body of THOS. J. DEL-BRIDGE, if found between 6 o'clock a.m. to 6 p. m., September 10.

# LOW RATE

Southern Railway

Undoubtedly the Shortest, Quickest and Best Line to Texas Points.

CHOICE OF ROUTES VIA Birmingham and Shreveport. Birmingham and New Orleans. Birmingham and Memphis.

Chattanooga and Memphis. 5-TRAINS DAILY BETWEEN-5

Tickets on sale September 17th, made thereto. 18th and 19th, good to return Oct. 10th. For full particulars and map folders write to A. A. VERNOY, Pass. Agt.

W. D. ALLEN, Dist. Pass. Agt. SOUTHERN RAILWAY, Atlanta, Ga. S. H. HARDWICK, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agt.

W. A. TURK, Gen'l Pass, Agt. GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 9, 1836.— The appraisers appointed upon application of Annie Johnson, widow of James Johnof Annie Johnson, widow of James John-son, for a twelve months' support for her self and minor children, buying filed their

son, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, Laving filed their
return, all persons concerned are hereby
cited to show cause, if any they have, at
the next October term of this court, why
said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Sept 19-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court
of Ordinary. Chambers, September 9,
1896.—To Mayme Haupt, heir-at-law
of Charles Beermann, deceased, who
resides out of said state: L.
DeGive having as executor applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of said
deceased, you are hereby cited to be and
appear at the next October term of said
court, to be held on the first Monday in October next, as said will of said deceased will
then be offered for probate in solemn form.

Sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordina-

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY .- Ordina-GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896, "Charies V. Rainey has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Theodore K. Charter, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY .- Court of GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 9, 1996.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Fannie Matheison, widow of J. L. Mathieson, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next October term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—A. R. Forsyth has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Charles C. Forsyth, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. sept 19-17-24 oct 1-thur. sept 19-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Amanda Mangum has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John Glass, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur. Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—Rachel C. Miller as executrix of Julia M. Hutcheson represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify

augl3-2mo-thu

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—Joel S. and James A. Reed, executors of Nathaniel Reed, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said executors should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

augl3-2mo-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY .- Ordinary's Office, September' 9, 1896.—Clifford L. Anderson, as administrator of Mrs. J. Lentell, John J. Harbuck, J. S. Wilson, A. Bolsfus, Martha Callaway, Elizabeth Almand, Minnie H. Johnson, S. G. Cowsert, D. M. Ryle, George W. Smith, Mary J. Johnson and Julia Harris, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of said trusts and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trusts.

scharged from said trusts.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. sep 10-3m thur sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 3, 1896.—E. T. Hunnicutt, guardian of Ina Mary Perry and Clifford S. Hunnicutt, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next why said guardian should not be discharged from said trusts.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY .- Ordina-GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1826.—A. P. Stewart, administrator of Beverly Carter, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, sep 19-5m thurs.

sep 10-3m thurs,

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Isabelia A.
Plummer, administratrix of Ellijah T.
Plummer represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and
prays for letters of dismission. This is,
therefore, to notify all persons concerned
to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next,
why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

harged from said trust.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. sep 10-3m thurs sep f0-3m thurs.

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—R. J. Griffin, administrator of George W. Sheridan, represents that he has fully discharged the ducies of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any hey can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, sep 19-3m thurs.

sep 10-3m thurs. sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 2, 1896.—J. Carroll Payne, administrator of W. R. Hill, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. sep 10-3m thurs.

sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—A. J. Cooper, administrator of Ella M. Cooper, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—Ordnary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Clyde Green, guardian of Jeff K. Barrett, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Sept. 10-17-24-oct 1st thur.

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY .- Ore ina-

sept. 10-17-24-oct 1st thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Emma C. Pease, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless valid objection is made therein. nless valid objection is made thereto.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Algernon S. Robbins, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless valid objection is made thereto.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur. sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinarry's Office, September 9, 1886.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that William Casey, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless valid objection is made thereto.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Henry L. DeGive has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Walter Beermann, minor, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in October next.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Nathan U. Carr, administrator of Florella S. Carr, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY,—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—S. B. Turman, administrator of M. E. Maher, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur. GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordina-GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY,—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—M. Hall, guardian of John H. Childress, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Elizabeth J. Mitchell, administratrix of Wesley D. Mitchell, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause if any they can be concerned. why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA FULTON COUNTY—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 9, 1896.—
The appraisers appointed upon application of Annie E. Stephens, widow of John Stephens, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned ere hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next October term of this court, why said application shoud not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 9, 1896.—
The appraisers appointed upon application of D. D. Wynn, next friend of the minor children of Anna Baskins, for a twelve months' support for said minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next October term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, sept 19-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary, sept 19-17-24 oct 1-thur.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, September 3, 1896.—George K. Woodward has applied for letters of administration on the estate of James D. Williams. deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Leaders.

# TO FACE HIS FATE IS HELD FOR MURDER INCREASE IS SHOWN LOVE FOR LABOR AN ERA OF BUILDING

McCallough Will Go Before a Jury J. C. Clark, Who Killed H. R. Duckworth, Tax Returns for the State Are in for How It Is Exemplified in the McKinley | Nearly a Million Dollars' Worth of This Morning.

# CLAYTON COUNTY STIRRED UP

A Curious Crowd Is Arriving from All Directions-Lively Sensation Is Expected.

John McCullough, accused of the murder of his wife, will be tried today.

The case will be called in Jonesboro by Judge Candler this morning. Both sides will be ready for trial, and one of the most set sational legal battles that has occurred in this state for some time will have been commenced.

The defense is confident of acquittal. The prosecution is confident of conviction. It will be this time next week probably before the prisoner will know his fate.

The grand jury of Clayton county, after two days of hard work, found a true bill against McCullough yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock on the charge of murder. About thirty witnesses were introduced, and it was decided that the evidence was strong

enough for a prosecution.

Jonesboro is already the scene of great
excitement. This will be the mostf amous case that has been tried there in years. People are flocking in from Clayton and the surrounding countles. When the case is called this morning the town will be fille I with a curious crowd.

The pr.soner is confident. He was seen in his cele at the station house last night and was exceedingly cheerful and seemed anxious for the trial. He does not fear being taken back to the scene of his al-leged crime and believes he will receive a fair hearing at the hands of an impurtial

### Many Jurors Summoned.

Nine full panels, or 108 jurors, have been ummoned and will report at the court house this morning. Among the number are some of Clayton's most prominent citi and men who, if selected on the jury will render a just verdict according to the evidence. The prosecution has had summoned thirty witnesses; the defense, thir-

Both sides have outlined their case. The evidence will be entirely circumstantial, and a lively sensation is promised by the prosecution in attempting to show a motive for the tragedy on the part of McCul-

solicitor has been keeping his evidence a secret. It is alleged, however, that his main witness will be Miss Judson Jones, the sister of the dead woman. It is in-tended to be shown by her that McCullough had been intimate with her. As to whether the young lady will swear to this fact of

Another point of the prosecution is that the blow was struck by a left-handed man, as the wound was on the left side of the head. This point will be based on the supposition that McCullough did the job he being left-handed. The solicitor will also attempt to show that McCulleugh's actions before, at-the time and after the body was discovered are sufficient proof that he did the deed. Other Side of the Case.

The defense are basing their hopes of success mainly on the inability of the prosecution to convince the jury beyond a reasonable doubt that McCullough was the murderer. They will also introduce several important witnesses.

It will be shown that McCullough's mari-

tal bliss was perfect, and that he was de-voted to his wife. The theory that he loved another woman will be strongly denied. The left-handed blow point will be dealed on the ground that the corpse might have been placed in any position after the blow had been struck.

Probably the main point of the defense, however, will be the tramp theory. The two citizens of Milner who saw that bloody individual appear at Forrest Station, only a short distance from, and on the same day of the murder, will be introduced. It will be claimed that there was an athis victim to prevent her screams and sub-

The trial will probably consume a week There will be nearly forty witnesses in ail.
The speeches will probably occupy a whole day, and there is no telling how long it will take the jury to bring in a verdict.

The jury will probably be impaneled by dark, and the witness box opened tomor-

lanta station this morning and will go on the 7:30 train for Jonesboro. Solicitor Charles Hill, who will represent the prose cution, and Colonel Haden, for the defense, will be on the same train.

The prisoner will be securely guarded and violence is feared. The sentiment in Clayton county seems to be divided, with a large following on each side Why Mr. Hill Will Act.

When McCullough is brought to trial oday Solicitor Hill will be in charge of

Solicitor General Kimsey, of the Stor Solicitor General Kimsey, of the Stone Mountain circuit, is an uncle of Mrs. Mc-Cullough, who was murdered, and was disqualified because of the relationship. At the request of Mr. Kimsey and Judge Candler Mr. Hill agreed to act as solicitor general in the case and was appointed solicitor general pro tem. by Judge Candler.

# AGAINST THE CONSOLIDATED.

G. W. Dick and Mrs. Carrie Wootten File Damage Suits for \$15,000.

Two damage suits were filed against the Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway Con company's cars were started quickly when they were about to disem bark, throwing them to the street and in-

bark, throwing them to the street and injuring them.

G. W. Dick is one of the plaintiffs. He claims that he was thrown from a car at North avenue and Marietta street and dangerously injured. He asks for \$5,000 damages. Dick alleges that on September 2d he boarded a car on Decatur street and told the conductor to let him off at North avenue. When the car reached that street it almost came to a stop, Dick alleges, but just as the plaintiff started to disembark the car suddenly lurched forward and threw him to the street.

him to the street.

Dick claims that by the carelessness of the street car company he was suddenly, negligently, precipitately and with great violence thrown to the street, striking his head on the steps of the car and his body head on the newment. He alleges that I is inst the pavement. He alleges that he see and feeched were injured and that right eye was put out. He is reported by B. C. Burckhart and P. F.

mith Mrs. Carrie, Wooten has filed suit against the Consolidated for \$10,000 damages. P. Smith and W. W. Gaines are her attorages. She alleges that she attempted to e. off a car at Broad and Marietta streets, ut was thrown to the street and permanently injured by a sudden motion of the are

# **FAILING MANHOOD**

General and Nervous Debility.



Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Un-developed Portions of Body. Absolutely un-failing Home Tree trans. Body. Absolutely un-failing Home Treatment.— Benefits in a day. 50 States and Foreign or Descriptive Book, ex-s, mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Charged with His Crime.

GRAND JURY FINDS TRUE BILL BEAT. THE OLD

Clark Was Released by a Justice Court, but the Grand Jury Orders His Rearrest.

J. C. Clark, the negro bar tender who shot and killed H. R. Duckworth, the negro barber, in a saloon on Broad street, ast June, is now languishing behind the rs of the county jail on a charge of

Clark was arrested on a true bill charging him with murder, found by the grand lury Tuesday. He was taken by surprise by the action of the grand jury, and he now finds himself in serious trouble as a result of the careless handling of a pistol.

It will be remembered that C'ark pointe a pistol at Duckworth, and without any pparent cause, pulled the trigger, sending bullet into the body of Duckworth, his leath following. Before dying, Duckworth exonerated Clark, stating that they were friends, and that Clark did not intend to

kill him. Clark was arrested and the coroner investigated the case, recommend-ing that Clark be held for manslaughter. Clark set up the plea that the shot was fired accidentally, and he claimed that he pointed the gun at Duckworth in fun. He ppealed to a justice of the peace for a preliminary hearing, and upon investigating the case, the justice ordered Clark dis-charged on the ground that the shooting was accidental, or that it did not consti-

Clark was released, and since that time nore than two months, he has been free He did not anticipate action by the grand jury, and remained in the city. His case is similar to that of Policeman Hudson, who was only recently tried in the courts for murder. Hudson shot at a fleeing negro, but his bullet went astray and struck and killed another negro, an inno and the case against him was regarded as strong one by the court, he escaping by payment of a heavy fine and so term in the county prison. Clark is held in the same principle of law, that is charged a pistol which resulted in the death of a victim, constituting murder

The coroner's jury in the Clark case the saloon at the time of the shooting The evidence showed that Duckworth went he saloon, and that Clark spoke to Duckworth made no reply, and Clark picked up a pistol from the bar counter at Duckworth. The weapon was discharged and the bullet struck Duckworth in the abdomen. No motive was shown for The shooting, and the victim said that he did not want Clark prose-

The coroner's verdict was as follows:

"We, the jury impaneled and sworn to nquire into the éause of the death of H. R. Duckworth, now lying dead before us, and from the evidence of witnesses that he said H. R. Duckworth came to his leath from a wound inflicted on his person by a shot from a pistol in the hands of J. C. Clark, and in our opinion said J. C. Clark is guilty of manslaughter." The coroner's verdict was as follows:

### FOUND SEVENTY TRUE BILLS. Grand Jury Has Adjourned After a Busy Three Days' Session.

The grand jury adjourned yesterday after busy session of three days. Considerable usiness was transacted by the jury and a large number of indictments were for About seventy true bills were returned dur-ing the session. Yesterday a successor was elected to

Judge J. P. Poole, ex-officio justice of the peace for the South Bend district. His term of office will expire on September 30th and the grand jury adopted a recomme tion that J. W. Smith be appointed to the The recommendation was transmitted to

Judge Lumpkin in open court and he ap-proved the selection, appointing Judge

The grand jury also adopted a recom-mendation that Rev. E. L. Vaughan be appointed chaplain of the Fulton county convict camp. The appointment was made by the court afterwards. The grand jury has thereighly organized and it has begun has the orighly organized and it has liverk with earnestness. Committees appointed to look into the several deents of the grand jury work and when

# THIS POTATO FOR 16 TO 1.

Peculiar Natural Freak in Shape of a Red Potato.

Mr. B. F. Dewberry, an engineer on the Southern road who runs to Central, S. C., brought to The Constitution office vestera peculiar curiosity in the shape of a

Meriwether

Rockdale.

tewart

ilcox

Totals.. .. .. ..

Mr. Steffner Admitted.

Mr. John P. Steffner, of Virginia, who has been a resident in Atlanta for the past two

company of North America, was examined Company of North America, was examined yesterday for admission to the bar. The committee examining Mr. Steffner were Walter P. Andrews, W. W. Davies, W. D. Ellis, Jr., and W. H. Terrell. Mr. Steffner's examination proved him unusually well prepared for the practice of law. The committee examining him were unanimous in

mittee examining him were unanimous i their praise. He expects to locate in At lanta.

SCHOOL BOOKS. New and Secondhand,

And all kinds of school supplies. A useful present presented with each purchase, at JOHN M. MILLER'S.

30 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

connected with the Guarantee

The potato was larger than common. On one side as plainly as if it was written on a slate was traced "lô to 1." The figures and letters were about an inch in height nd could be plainly seen.

The number "16" and the word "to" were on one-line, while the figure "1" was on the line below. The letters were on the otato when it was taken from the ground ind it was only by accident that they were iscovered. Had not the extremely large discovered. Had not the extremely large lize of the potato attracted attention the etters would not have been discovered. The potato was raised by Rev. H. M. tilen, of Central. Pickens county, S. C., who discovered the inscription on it. Mr. Dewberry saw the potato while passing brough Central and brought it to The Constitution office to show it.

The potato will be carried back to Central today and will be sent to Candilate Villiam J. Bryan as a present from Dr. till in. It will be known as the "16 to 1" lotato.

### DR. LANDRUM LED THE MEETING Held His First Prayer Meeting at His

Church Last Night. A most impressive song service was held at the First Baptist church last night. A large audience was present to assist Dr. Landrum, the new pastor of the church, in pening his first Wednesday night "hour of prayer and song."
Dr. Landrum gave a five minutes' talk on the object of the Wednesday night meetings and good resulting. He stated that on next Wednesday night there would be a text meeting, and that all who were prominent in the meeting must salest of prayer and song. nent in the meeting must select some text to read and discourse on for a few min-

# on Friday night there will be a young people's meeting in the Sunday school room of the church. All young people are invited to attend. Still Another Paper.

Rome, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—The Floyd County Baptist association decided during its meeting last week to begin the during its meeting last week to begin the publication of The Floyd County Baptist, a monthly periodical devoted to the Baptist church, Sunday school and missionary work. Rev. Dr. R. B. Headden will be in charge of the paper. He is paster of the First Baptist church, a man of broad learning and much enterprise, and he will enter into the work with all the zeal and earnestness necessary to make a success of the undertaking. The first number will appear about the last of the month.

Mr. H. H. Smith Is Appointed.

Major King on yesterday appointed Mr. Henry H. Smith as one of the Atlanta commissioners to the Nashville exposition. Nashville is Mr Smith's old home and it was at the special request of his old friends that Mayor King named him. Mr. Smith attended the anniversary exercises last June and took great interest in the work.

This Year.

Figures Show the Returns Greater Than Those of Last Year.

HOW THE DIFFERENT COUNTIES SHOW UP

Value of Property Has Increased in the Rural Districts According to the Reports.

The full tax returns of the state of Georgia have been received and arranged by counties. Many of the counties have fallen short of the returns they sent in last year, and the returns in others have cen increased.

Taken altogether, the returns for this ear are decidedly better than those of last year as compared with the years previous. The total of tax returns for the tate for this year is \$369,991,098, which is \$748,423 less that of last year. The returns of last year were \$12,000,000

ess than those of the year before. This shows that the tax returns are on the increase and those of this year are better than have been returned for the past five It is noticed that the decrease of re-

arns is only in those counties in which the large cities are located. The increase is in the country countles. The value of the property in large cities depends on the farmer, and since he has no money to spend, the value of property in the cities naturally decreases. This causes the returns from the country countles to be etter than ever before. The poll tax for 1896 is \$11.617 more than that of last year. of this year as compared to those of last

or this year as compar	ed to tho	se of la
year:		
County.	1895.	1896.
Appling 3	1,338,261	\$ 1,350,2
Baker	531,106	508.8
Baldwin	1.509,933	1,479,9
Banks	911,830	924.5
Bartow	3,351,282	3,290,7
Berrien	2,342,629	2,475,9
Bibb	16,668,919	16,134,6
Brooks	2,423,682	2,446,3
Bryan	610,793	607.9
Bulloch	2,177,106	2,223.7
Burke	2,672,290	2,566,66
Butts	1,469,288	1,364.03
Calhoun	753,131	817.8
Camden	940,287	958.48
Campbell	1,410,761	1,370.5
Carroll	2,844,802	2,773.00
Catoosa	856,761	831.7
Charlton	459,077	522.6
Chatham	29,423,274	29,605,17
Chattahoochee	542,819	553.80
Chattooga	1,914,318	1.902.78
Cherokee	1,874,882	1.893.71
Clarke	6,387,690	6,310,60
Clay	843,348	888.5
Clayton	1,177,565	1,149,39
Clinch	848,177	793.76
Cobb	5,017,852	4.923.03
Coffee	1,829,693	1,830,50
Columbia	1,119,051	897.15
Colquitt	851,353	1,152,20
Coweta	4.286,785	4,288,47
Crawford	821,747	830.08
Dade	1,013,965	941,19
Dawson	597 736	586, 79
Decatur	3,103,545	3.083.24
DeKalb	5,599,469	5,552,12
Dodge	1,553,746	1.512.19
Dooly	2,944,965	3,127,87
Dougherty	3,340,149	3,635,98
Douglas	1,021,586	1,021,94
Early	1,565,110	
Echols	338,659	1,625,09
Effingham	1,046,635	337,14 1,013,28
Elbert	1,991,593	2.090.02
Emanuel		
Fannin	1,914,862	1,865,79
Pavette	629,431	632,47
Fayette	902,765	898,86

eers and firemen, by which a day's work a day's bread.

go into effect on March 1, 1894, but as soon as the schedule making the sweeping cur was published, the receivers at once say that they had taken a very heavy contract Nebraska and Wyoming divisions refused to accept the cut and the machinists and yard men employed in the Chevenne shor repared to strike It was at this juncture that Attorney Joh

the cut in wages and fighting the strike be judges and the receivers attempted to d

# Got an Injunction.

over that district ordered that the schedul should go into effect, and Thurston pre pared to secure an injunction preventing the men from striking.

The Colorado and Wyoming division, how ever, were under the jurisdiction of United States Judges Hallett and Riner, and here Thurston was shown up in his true colors The motion to make the cut in wages was argued before Judges Hallett and Riner in Denver on February 7, 1894. Thurston, he every art known to a subtle corporation attorney, presented arguments praying fo the reduction of the wages of 15,000 railroa men. He said that they were being paid i excess of wages paid employes on oth systems, which was not borne out by facts of the case. He claimed that the ceivership abrogated all existing contracts between the company and the men, and that their rights obtained by the work of twenty-five years, amounted to naught in his mind.

484,253

1,463,850

1,854,589

2,394,212 2,592,772 2,197,657 1,242,648 3,455,151 1,134,230 677,335

.\$370,739,521 \$369,931,423

road did not justify the cut in wages. John M. Thurston did not accept his de-feat meekly, but appealed to the United States circuit court, then sitting at St Louis, and once more he was turned down and this time corporation greed was plain by get forth by Judge Caldwell, who sustain ed the ruling of Judges Hallett and Riner, and finally prevented the wages of the Union Pacific employes from being cut.

These facts are known to every railroa man whose bread and butter Thurston atempted to take away. They do not deny his right to sell his talents for a me the coming election

senator by virtue of the influence of the Union Pacific bondholders to look afte their interests in Washington, and railroad men do not believe that he can serve two

The funeral of Mr. Charner J. Hancock will occur from the residence, 188 Courtland street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock

Construction Going On.

RECORD THURSTON'S WESTERN RECORD BUILDERS ARE ALL ACTIVE

His Efforts To Drive Down Wages Bondholders' Representative in the United States Senate. Office Buildings.

Denver, Col., September 9.-(Special.) Denver, Col., September 3.—(Special.)—
The expose of the labor record of Mark
Hanna, the McKinley boss, which has been
made by the labor unions of Cleveland,
has excited much comment here, and has
resulted in throwing the search light on
the record of another of the great McKinley bosses. This is Senator Thurston, of
Nebraska, who has been so conspicuous in Nebraska, who has been so conspicuous in this campaign. Thurston has, like Hanna, been most effusive in his expressions of love for the "dear" workingman, and that has set the workingman thinking. The Times prints an interesting article throwing light upon the Nebraska man's efforts

in another direction. It says: Senator John M. Thurston's recent ap-pearance as the special champion of the laboring man has aroused a great deal of amusement and some resentment in rail-road circles. This, taken in conjunction with his self-acknowledged false attacks on W. J. Bryan as being a hired attorney and the notorious attempts that are being made to coerce the employes of the Union Pacific to vote for Mark Hanna's man, Me Kinley, has placed the Nebraska statesman in a most ridiculous position before all who are acquainted with his record, for a more subservient tool of corporation interests never existed than John M. Thurston. The railroad men of the west do not dis

pute his right to draw \$25,000 a year as chief counsel for the Union Pacific bond-holders, but they do resent his assuming to pose as their champion and political adviser. Had he remained silent at the pie counter of plutocratic interests not a word of attack would be uttered against him during this campaign. His Love for Labor.

On January 30, 1894, John M. Thurston acting as attorney for the receivers of the Union Pacific system, prepared a new schedule of wages for the trainmen, operators and gangmen employed by this corporation. This schedule proposed a redu ion of wages all the way down the the salaries of the receivers and the chie counsel alone remaining at the top notch At that time the Union Pacific employe were working for wages lower than those paid on any other western railroad, but Thurston, who was drawing \$25,000 a year, decided that this reduction was the only

method for curtailing the operating ex-penses of the line. The schedule proposed the following re On the Nebraska division-Passenge brakemen, from \$70 to \$60 per month, and some as low as \$50 on minor branches; freight brakemen, from \$70 to \$60, and

freight conductors, from \$95 to \$90. On the Wyoming division—Freight brake-men, from \$85 to \$80; passenger brakemen, men, from \$85 to \$80; passenger brakemen, from \$75 to \$65; passenger conductors, from \$125 to \$120. Kansas division-Colored porters, from

\$55 to \$50; conductors, from \$100 to \$90 brakemen, from \$70 to \$60. Colorado division-Brakemen, from \$70 to \$60; conductors, from \$110 to \$100. The operators, whose salaries ranged from \$75 to \$60, were cut on a general average of 5.41 per cent, and some as low as

### It Reached Everybody. The new schedule proposed a rejuction of from 5 to 10 per cent on the wages of all

laborers and machinists employed in the In addition to this the "uns of the engl

was gauged, were increased on an average of ten miles, just to make them sweat for It was announced that there wages would

on their hands. The men on the Kansas M. Thurston stepped in and inaugurated that new form of government by United States court injunction. He recommended to the receiver that the burden of meeting

Thurston won the day in the Nebraska division, as the United States judge presiding

Thurston's argument lasted two days, and during this time he publicly showed that he was an avowed enemy of organized labor, and paraded his opposition to a corporation paying living wages to its employes.

### Judge Hallett's Judgement. The motion to place the schedule in effect

was overruled in no uncertain language by Judges Hallett and Riner. The court plain-ly stated that the financial interests of the

\$25,000 pottage, but they do deny his right to tell them which way they shall vote at John M. Thurston was elected a United

masters. Mr. Hancock's Funeral Today.

land street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The Masons will attend in a body and march with the remains to Oakland cemetery, where the interment will occur. Rev. E. H. Barnett will officiate at the ceremonies. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers, and will meet at Patterson's undertaking establishment at 2 o'clock: W. R. Dimmock, James A. Anderson, C. J. Simmons, Hugh Wilson, Charles Tyler and Robert Rushton. The escort will be Amos Fox and Robert Winship.

Many Residences Are Going Up as Well as a Number of Large

Atlanta is now enjoying a building boom of the kind that it has never before experienced in its history. More money is being expended for build-

ing purposes at present than was ever known before. While cities twice her size are suffering from the financial depression. and while their business is almost at a standstill. Atlanta is rapidly building up. There is not another city in the south in which as much building has been done this year as has been done in Atlanta. The year has been a great one for building, and many magnificent structures have been raised to Buildings that will cost \$770,000 are now in

the course of erection, and will be completed before the end of the year.

The buildings on which the amount is es timated are the Austell building, \$350,000; the Seaboard Air-Line depot, \$100,000; the Lowndes building, \$30,000; the new Commercial building, \$290,000; addition to the Atlan-ta cotton factory, \$25,000, and dwelling houses to the amount of \$100,000. If the cost of the Venable building, on which work will soon be commenced, was taken into consideration, the amount would reach

The large amount of building that has been going on for the past year is expected to continue and to get better. There is always a certain amount of building going on in Atlanta, but that at the present time will cost more than any ever done at one time in the city's history. The builders say that before the year is over work will be commenced on another twelve-story build-ing, and that inside of two years they will e common affairs in Atlanta.

There have been only about five or six large business and office buildings erected in Atlanta this year, but all of them have been magnificent structures, and have cost a large sum of money. The year has been a better one for residences than anything

The residences are all nice ones and cost from \$1,000 to \$5,000. The number of dwelling houses erected in a city is what shows its growth. The building inspector's report shows that Atlanta is growing all the time, and growing faster than any other city in the south. The architects and contractors are kept busy, and a large number of carpenters are given employment. The number of carpenters is, however, so large that some of them are always out of work, Those who have watched building matters losely say that there will be mo ext year than ever before in the history

# SILVER OR GOLD,

Better than either is a healthy liver. If the liver is O. K. the man is O. K. His blood is kept pure, his digestion perfect, and he can crioy life and act intelligently and patientupon the questions of the day, You all know what to take. You have known it for years. It is

# Simmons Liver Regulator.

For years you and your fathers have found it of sterling worth. It is and always has been put up only by J. H. Zeilin & Co. Take rene but the genuine. It has the Red Z on the front of wrapper, and nothing else is the same, and nothing so

# Notice to Good Swimmers and

Divers. \$100 Reward will be paid for the recovery of body of THOS. J. DEL-BRIDGE, if found between 6 o'clock a. m. to 6 p. m., September 10.

# BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED Boarders. Pleasant room and board at 258 Peachtree street. ROOMS AND BOARD-Two or three neat

Ellis street.

BÔARDERS WANTED-Large pleasant room, every convenience, the very best table board. Terms reasonable. No. 227 South Pryor street. sept2 6t eod NEW HOME, rooms 20x15, dressing rooms, baths, fine table, near Calhoun street school. 64 Forrest ave. sep 9 5t BOARDERS WANTED—Couples or gen-tlemen desiring best board and home comforts can be suited at 93 Auburn ave. sep 9 5t

WANTED—Two couples at private boarding house; terms reasonable. Also table boarders at \$2.50 per week; everything first-class. Mrs. R. Weingart, 143 South Forsyth street. THE NEW PARK HOTEL, first-class \$2 house, Macon. Ga. Free bus. aug13.

# MEDICAL.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal
Pills (Diamond Brand), are the best. Safe,
reliable. Take no other. Send 4c, stamps,
for particulars. "Relief for Ladies" in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Company, Philadelphia, Pa. ne21-15ct sun tues thur

# BUSINESS PERSONALS.

WE HAVE facilities for doing the very finest quality of typewriter-repairing at lowest prices consistent with the character of work. Have your machine repaired and made to do as good work as when new. All makes of typewriters repaired. W. T. Crenshaw, No. 13 East Alabama street. augl6-lm. WANTED-Money.

# WANTED—To borrow \$6,000 on property valued at \$16,000. Am not willing to insert gold clause, but will pay in lawful currency of the country. Want loan for five years. Address "Cash," box 435, Atlanta, Ga.

LOST. LOST-Between 71 Ivy street and the state capitol, a small gold watch. Return to the Franklin Printing and Publishing Company and receive a suitable reward. LOST-Wednesday, September 9th, on Washington and Pine street car, a small satchel containing several articles. Return to 60 West Ellis street and receive reward. LOST-At postoffice yesterday morning puckage of proof sheets, containing seven short stories. Can be of no possible value to finder. Will very much appreciate their return to The Sunny South Publishing Company, Constitution building. sep 8.2-t

### BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. \$85 AVERAGE weekly net income with \$250 invested: safe, conservative: prospectus, preofs free. F. Daly, 1293 Broadway, New York.

FOR SALE-Bicycles. FOR SALE-A brand new Columbia bleycle, latest 1836 model, used only ten days. Apply R. F. Maddox, Jr. sept10-2t Mr. A. H. Cransby, of 13 Kerr street, Memphis, Tenu-writes that his wife had cen-cer which had eaten two large holes in her breast and which the best physicians of the surrounding country treated, and pronounced in-curable. Her grandmother and aunt had died of

Gancer

and when told this, the most eminent specialists of New York, under whose treatment has he was placed, declared her case was hopeless. All treatment having failed, she was given up to die S. S. S. was recommended, and astonishing as it may seem, a few bottles cured her sound and well.

Our treatise on this discease will be sent free to any address.

Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,

If you will call a Messenger from the Southern Messenger Service he will take your advertisement to the Constitution office free charge. Phone 1814.

### HELP WANTED-Male.

WANTED-Reliable man to travel; meet merchants and manufacturers, McGreg-or, 1130 Caxton building, Chicago, Ill. WANTED-A good barber, who will buy an interest in the business. I. A. E. Shappell, Rochelle, Ga. sept10-3t WANTED AT ONCE—A first-class carriage trimmer. John M. Smith, 122 Auburn ave-

GOOD CANVASSERS for Alabama, Ten-nessee, South Carolina and Florida, can make from \$59 to \$75 per month; must give small bond. Linderman Company, 404 Gould building. sept10-3t Gould building.

ARTISTS and art workers of either sex, in all branches of art, whether professional or amateur, and irrespective of distance, or locality, are invited to engage space for examples of their work and to compete for premiums in the great international art exhibition to be held throughout the month of December, 1896, in the finest exhibition halls in America. The exhibition will be open more e-pecially to the following lines of genre: namely, oils and water colors in landscape, marine, figure, cattle, animal, portrait and nude studies; tapestries, pasteis, crayons, pen and link studies; china painting and decoration; sculpture, clay modeling, brass embossing, bas-reliefs, cameo-cutting, pottery and ceramic art, wood carving, wax work, paper work, etching, engraving, architectural designing, newspaper and magazine illustrating, photography, ilthography, studies in fresco, posters, labels, fashion designs, stained glass, mural decorations, designs for rugs, carpets, ceiling and wall paper, and many others too numerous to particularize. Space will also be allotted to industrial working

models if not too bulky or in excess of cwt. Exhibitors desiring to dispose amples of their work will find this a exceptional opportunity to do so as as to compete for premiums. Free trated pamphlet mailed on applicatio sonally or by letter to the International Art Exhibition, Grand Central Palace, New

\$60 TO \$150 and experses paid salesmen for cigars; experience unnecessary; extra in-ducements to customers. Charles C. Bishot & Co., St. Louis. sep 8 13-t tues thur sur TEACHERS unemployed call V. E. Orr AGENTS and branch managers, Salary of commission, Hunter Tailoring and Shirt Company, Cincinnati, O. july 14 4m tues thur sat men

WANTED—Good men to place Equitable
Building and Loan Association stock in
Georgia: loans promptly made; salary and
commission; reference, George A. Smith,
general manager, Exchange Bank building, Macon, Ga. sept5—14t MANTED—An idea. Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your deas; they may bring you wealth. Write John Wedderburn & Co., dept. A 12, patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize effer and list of inventions wanted.

A FEW good canvassers. V. E. Orr.

AN EXPERIENCED manager of canvass ers. V. E. Orr.

# HELP WANTED-Female

WANTED-Four ladies for Atlanta to ndle flavorings; exclusive territory. No petition. References. General Agent, WANTED—A woman of sufficient strength and capacity without children, beaux, or other encumbrance, to cook and do general housework for family of two. Apply at once at 478 Peachtree street.

AGENTS make \$35 weekly selling our "Big Six" and other specialties; big profits, quick sales, steady employment; terms, particulars, territory free, Central Supply Co., Cincinnati, O. sept6-8t wed sun ALL LADY ARTISTS should act upon an nouncement published today in hel-wanted columns dedicated to the opposit sex by applying for free illustrated pros-pectus to the International Art Exhibition Grand Central Palace, New York city, septile-2t thur sun LADIES—I pay good wages for light, easy work that can be done at home; no ex-perience necessary. For particulars, ad-dress Ruth Goldsmith, box 707, Chicago, Ill. sept6-156t sun tues thur

### CATHOLIC LADY or man, good seller V. E. Orr. SITUATIONS WANTED-Male.

AN ACTIVE, reliable young man want, work at anything. Last position as book keeper and cashier at Catawba gold mine Al references. Address C. W. Anderson care James G. West, City. A THOROUGHLY competent fertilized salesman, with long experience, in all cotto engagement in fertilizer busines other line. Address "Fertilizers," C tntion office.

# WANTED POSITION—By young, practical civil and nrechanical engineer; references given. Address A. L. Wayne, care Constitution. WANTED-Salesmen.

GOOD SCHOOL DESK and supply sales-man. V. E. Orr. 2t SUCCESSFUL SALESMEN call 226 Equi A THOROUGHLY competent fertilzer sales-SALESMEN to carry our lubricating oils as as a side line or exclusively; big money to hustlers. Address Austin & McGee, Cleve-

### PERSONAL. . A. MAUCK & CO., PAINTERS, 21 South Pryor St., 'Phone 322. aug26-1m

EDUCATIONAL Martin, principal. aug16-12t-

### FOR SALE-Machinery. SAW AND PLANING MILL outat, ten machines, practically good as new, must be sold at some price. Write Agent, P. O. box 56, Austell, Ga. sept6 2t sun wed

WANTED-Agents. AGENT WANTED with good security. Apply to 108-110 N. Forsyth, corner Peachtree street. New York tailor. AGENTS-Every silver man wants our campaign novelty; pushing agents selling from 300 to 400 daily. Samples prepaid 10c. Van Manufacturing Company, Syracuse,

WANTED-Live agencs for the Equitable Benefit Fraternity. Pays Sick, accident and death benefits, making cash distribu-tions at stated periods. Liberal contract with state and local agents. Call or ad-dress No. 359 Equitable building.

## FOR RENT-Furnished Rooms. NICELY FURNISHED rooms to rent at it Luckie street, between Forsyth and Peachtree streets. sun wed sun

# YOUR EYES

Are worth more than a fortune to you, and should have the best of care. If your glasses don't suit your eyes, we want you to see us at once. If you've never worn glasses, but can't see well, we will tell you why.

Julius R. Watts & Co. Opticians and Jewelers, 57 Whitehall-Cash Paid for Old Gold & Silver

# MONEY TO LOAN.

GECRGE S. MAY, private banker, 700 Temple Court. Loans on collateral and Atlanta real estate; principals only; apply direct to me; lowest rates; best terms.

WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate loans on city property at 6 and 7 per cent. Money ready for parties wanting quick loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building. WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can bor.
row what money you want from Atlanta
Discount Company. Office, fifth floor Temple Court. Joseph N. Moody. cashier.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farm lands. Gould building. Atlanta. SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate mortgan loans on property in or near Atlanta, dorower can pay back any way he please.

MONEY TO LOAN straight at 5, 5½ 6 and 7 per cent for five years on real estate he Fulton and DeKalb counties; also monthly payment plan; purchase money notes wanted. W. A. Poster, No. 2 North Broat street.

SHORT and long loans on easy terms, notes bought; money on hand; no delay, Sam C. Dean, attorney-at-law, rooms il-il 371/2 Whitehall street. STRAIGHT LOANS at lowest rates on in-proved Atlanta real estate, without con-missions; money in bank; no delay, Apply d'ect to E. S. McCandless, No. 9 East Alabama street.

W. T. CRENSHAW, No. 13 East Alabam street, does fire insurance, accident surance. Fidelity bonds insurance and Plate Glass insurance and lends mone, Also sells Remangton Standard typewriten and supplies. TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS to lend is sums of \$1,000 or more on improved of property; money in bank. D. P. Holian box 511.

# FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, Ite,

FOR RENT—An elegant new 7-r. house in two and a half blocks of the kragon with all modern appointments. A lower price will be given than it has ever before rented. No. 401 Kiser building. septil-4 FOR RENT-An elegant 7-room house, or corner lot, on north side, at a hard-lime price. Call 401 Kiser building. sep 8 % FOR RENT—The most desirable house in Atlanta, the Normandie hotel. Situated at the junction of Peachtree and West Peachtree streets; house heated with stem and open fireplaces; large dining room and two beautiful parlors; every room from no Peachtree or West Peachtree street; will lease to desirable tenant. Apply to Willis E. Ragan, corner Pryor and Wall streets. Streets.
MY 7-ROOM RESIDENCE, furnished, modern conveniences, near Peachtree, Cufrier street. W. C. Sayre.

# WANTED-Occupants.

WANTED—Four young men or two coups without children to occupy two nish furnished rooms. Private family. All ex-veniences. Terms reasonable. Addres South Sile, care Constitution. septio-3: thur fri sun WANTED-Houses.

WANTED-9 to 12-room house, well cated, within four blocks of Aragon, dress G. W., care Constitution. sep 9 TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES. WE HAVE very fine secon

W. T. Crenshaw, No. 13 E. Alabama street

WE REPAIR typewriters of all makes at very lowest possible prices, and guarante the work. W. T. Crenshaw, 13 East Al-hama street WE DO the finest typewriter repairing done

### T. Crenshaw, No. 13 E. Alabama street FIRE INSURANCE. FIRE INSURANCE.

WANTED-Miscellaneous. SCHOOL DESKS for sale cheap. V.E.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous.

### FOR SALE CHEAP-A kinetor ood condition, with batteries and for nes. S. D. Allison, Cartersville, Ga. ONE BILLIARD and one pool table, nearly new, for sale. 123 Whitehall street. sep6-12-sun tues thur

BUSINESS CHANCES. DO YOU SPECULATE? "Guide to Successful Speculation," mailed free. Wheat provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margin thoroughly explained; correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford

MONEY can always be had on good notes and collaterals. Checks and Drafts on city and out-of-town Banks cashed after regular banking hours. TOLLESON'S BANK, 21 and 25 SECOND FLOOR INMAN BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA

# FOR RENT

of the most desirable mine-room tenements in the city, beautifully finished and the oughly modern in every respect. The house is No. 266 Jackson street, corner Forres avenue; cars in front of the door and convenient to churches, schools, etc., further particulars, etc., address P. O. bas 32, city. 83, city.

For Rent by C. H. Girardeau, 8 Wil Street. S-r. hotel, Trinity ave., and Forsyth, 15 Upper floor 101; W. Mitchell . . . . . . . .

8-r. h., Forrest Woodward ave. Piedmont ave.. Piedmont ave... Crew street East Cain street

Store, Mason's crossing and Foote Store, 433 Marietta Office, woodyard, 58 N. Forsyth Office, connecting, 594, Peachtree Vacant lot, 50x100, 38 East Mirchel 6 rooms, 1042 N. Forsyth 1 Store, 216 Smith 1 Store, 118 W. Mitchell Store and foundry, 297 Marietta Store and 4-r, h. 144 West Peters Store, 160 Decatur

Says That the Si

SEABOARD Representatives pected To Att

LOCALS MAY

State Railroad Tuesday's Ra "Everything is and serenely as I St. John, vice I Air-Line, yesterd President Hoffi John and Judge

pany's general Portsmouth abou noon came into ference in the "Just some road." was the e coming. None length on the Mr. St. John ren be some demora by rates put . the next. He through rates New York and yesterday's Co ered yesterday line and were substituted for New York to

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> would be satis nounced officia Macon would hundred more E. Harri Freight Agen L. Hardeman Southern and attend today's reach here t of the Sout North Carolin and he could time if he ver Judge Allen be down in promises to stood that th under a late la The represent too, that it is ject, because Georgia merc too early to t that the rate

The associated adjust the rate that the left

Watts & Co. and Jewelers, Whitehall. r Old Gold & Silver

Y TO LOAN. private banker, 70

ESTATE you can bor-you want from Atlanta. Office, fifth floor Tem-N. Moody, cashier. LLEMAN negotiate loans estate and Georgia farm lding. Atlanta.

ouses, Cottages, Etc., legant new 7-r. house blocks of the Aragon appointments. A lower than it has ever before ser building. sept10-4t kiser building, septil-4t elegant 7-roum house, on orth side, at a hard-time ser building. sep 8 6t most desirable house in rmandie hotel. Situated of Peachtree and West house heated with steam s; large dining room and lors; every room fronts West Peachtree street; trable tenant. Apply to corner Pryor and Walt DENCE furnished met.

W. C. Sayre. sep 6-4t sun wed ED-Occupants. ng men or two coupl

ERS AND SUPPLIES.

aug16-1m st typewriter repairing done o. 13 E. Alabama street.

E INSURANCE.

No. 9 E. Alabama St. ED-Miscellaneous.

ESKS for sale cheap. V. E. LE-Miscellaneous.

CHEAP—A kinetophone in m. with batteries and four Allison, Cartersville, Ga. D and one pool table, nearly 123 Whitehall street.

tULATE? "Guide to Success-on," mailed free. Wheat, ton and stock speculation right thoroughly explained; solicited. Warren, Ford & reet. New York. ur sun

Y can always be had on good notes and collaterals. Checks and Drafts on city Banks cashed after regular TOLLESON'S BANK, 21 and 22. NMAN BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA.

C. H. Girardeau, 8 Wall Street.

ity ave., and Forsyth...125 00 W. Mitchell ..... 50 00 nd ave...

FOR RENT

sing and Foote ave. ta 58 N. Forsyth 50% Peachtree 0, 38 East Mitchell Forsyth

State Railroad Commissioners To Meet. fuesday's Rates Out of Line and Are Called In.

"Everything is moving along as smoothly and serenely as I could wish," said Mr. E. St. John, vice president of the Seaboard Air-Line, yesterday.

President Hoffman, Vice President St. John and Judge L. R. Watts, the company's general counsel, arrived from Portsmouth about noon. They spent some time out at Inman Park, and in the afternoon came into the city, and were in conference in the Equitable.

"Just some business connected with the to pay the amount, road." was the explanation given for their coming. None of them would talk at length on the situation for publication. Mr. St. John remarked that there seemed to be some demoralization abroad as evidenced by rates put out one day and withdrawn the next. He was referring to the new through rates from Boston, Providence, ered yesterday that they were all out of line and were called in, new tariffs being substituted for them. The latest rates are: New York to Atlanta, first class, per 100 pounds, 77 cents; sixth class, 35 cents. Boston and Portsmouth to Atlanta, first

Philadelphia to Atlanta, first class, 71 cents; sixth, 29 cents, This is an advance all along. New York was raised in yesterday's tariff 12 cents on first class; Boston and Providence advanced 6 cents, and Philadelphia jumped

up 8 cents.

Under the rates issued on Tuesday, Boston could ship freight to New York local

in South Carolina and North Carolina. The companies have taken this action, it is said, for the purpose of protecting their loand send it through to Atlanta from there for 79 cents, cutting under the association's through rate of 81 cents from Boston. That was one reason the rates had to be readjusted, the combination being lower

Rate making is complicated and it is dozen classes and numberless specials between hundreds of points. As Commissioner Haines says now and then, the rate adjustment is like a spider's web. You walk into the garden, Maud, in the morning ,the dew is glistening on the delicatelywrought web, and the spider is hiding up in a corner, waiting for a fly. You brush down one of the tiny threads supporting the network and the whole web quivers and the entire adjustment is disturbed. The Seaboard has torn down the rates from Baltimore, one of the main tottering. The web weavers, or rate makers, are trying to repair the damage and readjust it, but it is a task that requires comprehensive knowledge and infin-

te pains and care. Heretofore, New York, Boston, Providence and Philadelphia have all had the same rate to Atlanta—\$1.14 per hundred on first class. Now with Philadelphia 71, New that date has not been learned. York 77 and Boston and Providence 89, Philadelphia has an advantage of 6 cents over New York and 18 cents over Boston and

Providence. Baltimore still has a great advantage over all four of these ports. Baltimore and the west will sap the life out of Philadelphia, New York, Providence and Boston. Cincinnati, Chicago and other westtern cities will be enabled to undersell the east and will shoot their goods through Baltimore into the south. This will continue until the all-rail lines from the west reduce their rates to meet the competition,

or the lines from the east cut again. It looks now as if the whole rate situation east of the Mississippi and north to the lakes would be shaken up. The demoralization is spreading and it is costing the roads heavily now. And still there is no sign of peace.

NOW FOR THE LOCALS.

The State Commission Will Take Up the Question Today.

The state railroad commission takes up today the question of reducing local rates so that they will be relative to the through rates. Chairman Trammell wrote to the Seaboard and to the Southern States Freight Association in July, notifying them that if they cut through rates from the east, the commission would reduce the local rates in the state to correspond. Just about that time Judge Simonton enjoined the roads and the commission never got the subject up. Now, however, the roads are involved in a desperate war and are slashing freight rates from eastern ports. Macon, Rome and Columbus have complained that they are being discriminated against, Atlanta getting the benefit of reduced rates, while they have to pay much higher freight. The result is, they say, that Atlanta merchants and manufacturers can undersell them in their own towns, to say nothing of their territory. On Tuesday Columbus business men met and appointed a committee to come here today and appear before the com-

The associated lines have been trying to adjust the rates for Macon and Columbus to that the business men of those cities would be satisfied. No rates have been announced officially, but it is understood that Macon would be charged about 10 cents a hundred more than the rate to Atlanta. hundred more than the rate to Atlanta.

President H. M. Comer, of the Central;
N. E. Harris, counsel for the Southern at acon; General Manager J. Lane, Genera Freight Agent R. G. Stone, and Judge J. L. Hardeman, counsel for the Georgia Southern and Florida, arrived last night to attend today's meeting. Other officials will reach here this morning. Chairman Evans, of the South Carolina railroad commission, is also expected. Chairman Wilson, of the North Carolina commission, did want to come, but his board is to meet tomorrow and he could not get back to Raleigh in time if he were to remain here all day.

Judge Allen Fort came up from Americus last night. Commissioner, Creshaw relast night. Commissioner Crenshaw remained here and Chairman Trammell will be down in the morning. The meeting promises to be interesting. It is understood that the roads will oppose a reduction of the locals. They will maintain that the commission has no authority to do it the commission has no authority to do it under a late law which says that local rates cannot be made relative to through rates. The representatives of the companies argue,

ST. JOHN'S SARCASM

Says That the Situation is as Serene as

He Could Wish.

SEABOARD OFFICIALS HERE

Bepresentatives of Other Roads Expected To Attend Today's Meeting.

ICALS MAY BE ORDERED REDUCED

done. They admit that manufacturing and merchandising in Georgia is based on the freight rates from the north and west. A cut in the through rates gives the northern and western dealer that much advantage over the southern competitor, and it might be that home manufacturers would be driven out of business for a time. It is expected that the road will move for a post-missioners have about come to the commissioners have about come to the conclusion that the local rates in the state ought to be revised and they are going to take advantage of this rate war to readjust the whole tariff. Now that the rates are down the commissioners see a good chance to realign them, and before this warfare is ended the entire tariff will probably be pared down 25 per cent. And once they are reduced by the board they will stay as long as the commission stands.

WILL NOT PAY THEM

WILL NOT PAY THEM.

Purchasers of Central Refuse To Pay

S. and A. Receivers' Certificates. Savannah, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—Messrs. Thomas & Ryan, purchasers of the Central railroad, have refused, it is stated, to pay the \$40,000 receivers' certificates on the Savannah and Atlantic railroad, between Savannah and Tybee, and which, under the reorganization agreement, were to be paid off in cash. All of the certificates be paid off in cash. All of the certificates are owned here and the parties interested will take steps to enforce the payment of em at once. Judge Speer will be here the latter part of the week, when the parties in-terested will appear before him and endeavor to secure an order compelling them

SEABOARD'S NEW TARIFF

To Become Effective Next Saturday.

Southern's Rates. Baltimore, September 9.- The war in passenger and freight rates from Baltimore south took another turn today, when the Seaboard Air-Line issued a new tariff nam-New York and Philadelphia, announced in ing the combination of freight rates on Portsmouth, which has heretofore been confined to local business, as through rates from Baltimore to all stations on its line, both local and competitive. These rates will become effective next Saturday, and will apply to all classes. Under the new schedule the first-class rate per 100 pounds will be 54 cents, gainst \$1.07, the rate which prevailed before cutting began, and 72 cents, the rate now in effect. The rate on sixth class shipments will be 28 cents, against the prevailing rate of 31 cents, and 46 cents the original tariff.

The Southern Railway Company and the Atlantic Coast Line have issued a tariff ef-fective September 18th, increasing about 50 per cent the freight rate to certain points

Railway Earnings.

The Southern's statement for the fourt neek of August shows gross earnings. \$487,230, a decrease of \$52,552 from the corresponding week of last year. The gross earnings for the month of August were a science to readjust freight charges on a dozen classes and numberless specials belings for July and August were \$2.865.593. a decrease of \$86.862 from the earnings for the corresponding months of 1895. The mileage this year is 4.752 against 4.588 in

> Passenger Rate Men. The passenger rate committee finished its work yesterday afternoon and adjourned. It was stated that nothing except routine work was taken up. The Seaboard's cut rates and the two-thousand-imle book at 2 cents a mile were not discussed. Messrs. Turk, Haile, Atmore, MacDonald, McDonall and the other visiting men left for their homes last night.

Mr. Spencer Will Come. President Samuel Spencer, of the South-ern, has promised to appear before the state railroad commission and be examin reference to the ownership of the Central nd the Georgia Southern and Florida stock. The commission requested Mr. Spencer to come down on September 29th, if that date will suit him. Whether his engagements

Dinner to Officials.

The visiting Seaboard officials were last night at the Kimball house. Among those present were President R. C. Hoffman, Vice President Everett St. John, General Superintendent V. E. McBee, Judge Leigh Watts, general counsel, and Mr. J. J. Spalding, special counsel.

Railway Notes.

The appointment is announced of W. A. Miller, formerly commercial agent at Kansas City, as general live stock agent of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, to succeed A. R. Jones, resigned.

A dispatch from Phillipsburg says that the Jersey Central has discharged a num-ber of employes at that point and suspen-sions are to occur all along the line in New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

It is understood that there will soon be a change in the division points on the Chi-cago and Erie. It is probable that the eastern division terminal will be moved from Marion to Galion.

An official circular announces the appointment of W. W. Crittenden as general superintendent and David Rumsey as auditor and general freight and passenger agent of the New York and Pennsylvania. T. M. Gilbough has been appointed land and tax commissioner of the Gulf, Colo-rado and Santa Fe railroad, with head-quarters at Galveston, in place of Thomas W. Jackson, resigned.

Receiver King, of the Pittsburg and Western, has decided to cut down the pay roll of the company \$27,000 a month, and has issued orders for a general retrench-ment.

W. W. King, who for the last three vears has been traffic manager of the Chicago sugar refinery, has resigned his position, and, it is understood, will accept service with one of the leading western railroads. Mr. King for twenty years was connected with the Burlington system, and was regarded as one of the most capable and trustworthy officials in the Burlington's employ.

President Green, of the Texas Midland, is quoted as saying: "We will build just as soon as we can get the money, and the territory for our road. We first want to get into Memohis, Tenn.. when we will build to Fort Worth and Dallas. The line will be built to both cities at the same time. We will not build a road anywhere just to help a city or boom it, but simply as a business venture. It is probable that the Midland will be extended to Fort Worth in a few years."

G. B. Sherman, of Buffalo, general manager of the Red. White and Midland fast freight lines, died yesterday morning. He was well known in freight traffic circles. The Nickel Plate has drawn upon it the

censure of the board of managers of the Joint Traffic Association by selling tickets to the St. Paul Grand Army of the Republic encampment before the time set.

The earnings of the M'ssouri Pacific-Iron Mountain for the fourth week of August amounted to \$699,000, a decrease of \$101,000; Wabash, \$334 289, a decrease of \$89,869; Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City, \$61,757, an increase of \$4.993; Chesapeake and Ohio, \$202,833, an increase of \$33,845; Cotton Belt, \$120,200, a decrease of \$13,200.

The Boston and Maine, the Maine Central and the Grand Trunk have adopted the practice of burying ties under the rails instead of having one-third of the t'e exposed, as is customary on most roads. It is expected the ties will last one-fourth longer if buried in the ballast.

The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, The Faltimore and Ohio Southwestern, it is rumored in freight traffic circles, has been cutting the rates on lumber to east-ject, because if any injury is to result to Georgia merchants and manufacturers it is too early to tell the extent of it. They say that the rates ought to be allowed to operate for a time and see if any injustice is



The meeting called yesterday afternoon of the Children of the Confederacy brought together a band of enthusiastic little work-ers eager to make their association a success. Mrs. Albert Howell, Jr., of the Daughters of the Confederacy, organized the children's branch in April, and since that time the organization, including some fifty members, has flourished in its pa-

triotic interest.

Besides this patriotic motive for which the young people associated themselves they have another—that of studying south-ern history. They have had several de-lightful entertainments, at which extracts and essays on historical subjects by southern writers have been read, and greatly encouraged on the part of the members the study of history. The histories of Pro-fessor J. William Jones and Dr. D. J. Darby will be, at present, studied, since they treat southern history in an unprejudiced way and are written by well known south-

ern men.

Among the officers of the society are Miss Willie Motte Gale, president; aura McRae, vice president; Miss Rachel Milam, secretary, and Miss Annie Howell,

Among the members of the associatio are Mamie Campbell Annie D. Howell. Willie Motte Gale, LeRoy Gale, Laurie McRae, Rachel Milam, John Milam, Dan Howell and Katie Howell, Estelle Moody, Fannie Turner, Arthur Jones, Lucile, Mc-Rae, Gertrude Ingraham, Richard Joyner, Cap Joyner, Jr., Ralph Joyner, Bessie Woodward, Mary and Martha Woodward, Sadie Williamson, Lillie Guerrard, Guy Spratling, Frank Sloan, James Estes, Tom Kirkman, Arthur Ferguson, Venice Walker, Jennie May Parker, Wilson Burke, Loyd Fields, Orin Luke, Lucile Atkinson, Charles Green, Colie Laird, Phalia Keeling, Bertle McLester, James Keeling, Richard and John Milledge, Sarah Jim Carter, Andrew Holcombe, George Mills, William Hope, Willie Larned, Louis Larned, Hattie Mitchell, Mamie Wynn, Charles Tarver, Marga-ret Whitesides, Margaret, Waddell,, Louise Harris and Nellie eGntry.

Yesterday afternoon the Short Story lub met at the residence of the Misses Laird. A delightful musical programme was rendered, interspersed with recitations, and Miss Arline Scully, daughter of Major Scully, of the army, read a charming little story of army life. It was filled with many incidents of love and war and was beautifully and skillfully expressed. Among those present were Miss Gussie Parkhurst Miss Brent Whiteside, Mrs. Blackbourne Miss Byrd, Miss Haynes, Miss Jarret, Miss Scully Miss Kate Thomas, Miss Wheeler Misses Flynn and the Misses Laird.

Mrs. Joseph Thompson has returned Mrs. William Inman has returned from

Dr. George W. Harris and Mr. Thomas Hunter will go north soon. Miss Wheeler, of New Orleans, is th

guest of Mrs. Black. Miss Johnson and Miss Fontaine, of Co imbus, have returned from Lithia. Columbus, are the guests of Mrs. France Fontaine. Mrs. Fontaine and Mrs. Dozier Pou, o

Mrs. Hill, of Macon, is the guest o riends in the city. Miss Anne Shingleur, of Jackson, Miss. spent yesterday in the city, the guest of

friends. Mrs. W. W. Austell left yesterday fo Washington, where she will visit her sis ter, Mrs. Rice. Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carter have re-

turned home and are at the Hotel Marion, Mrs. James Jackson will return soon from Misses Jessie and Willie Refd have gone to the Lucy Cobb institute.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Inman have returned Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Knowles and Miss May are expected home the latter part of the month.

In the account in Sunday's paper of th attendants of the Parros Ray wedding, to occur the 28th, the names of Mr. Samuel Parrott, of Columbus, the best man, and Miss Laura Adair were unintentionally omitted.

The Albertoni-Altuzarri wedding to oc cur Friday evening will be the social event of the week. The beauty of the Cuban bride will be enhanced by the exquisite daintiness of her pure white wed ling gown, and her attendants, the Misses Pla, Poujond, Bridge, Todd, Porter and Altuzarra, will be charming in white organdies with sashes of red. The church decorations will be of red and white flowers, and the reception fol-lowing the ceremony will be a delightful

affair. Mr. Jose Diaz Albertoni, of Havana, Cuba, is the guest of his son in the city.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair will be delighted to learn that their little son, Forrest Adair, Jr., who has been

quite ill, is very much better Miss Mai Gober has returned to Queen's university to complete her junior course

She goes a week or two early to visit friends in New York and Thousand Islands.

A beautiful home wedding was solemnized vesterday at high noon at the home of the bride's parents, on Fair street. The contracting parties were Miss Mary Bun Wilson and Mr. William House, of Knoxville, Tenn. The bride was attired in a handsome street costume and carried a beautiful bouquet. She is a daughter of Mr. Christopher J. Wilson, formerly paymaster of the old East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway, and was one of Knoxville's most popular belles. The couple left on the noon train for eastern points, and will be at home to the

friends in Knoxville upon their return. Miss Mary Ethel Lively entertained large number of her young friends at her nome, 74 Hood street, last night. She leaves in a few days for Gainesville, where she will enter college. The young people en-joyed themselves until quite a late hour. Miss Lively is the charming young daughter of Mr. Joseph Lively.

Miss Lucile Milam is in Marietta attending a house party at the home of Mr. T. B. Brady.

Monroe, Ga., September 9.-(Special.)-A quiet wedding of interest to Atlanta society, was that of Miss Katherine Abbott, daughter of Mr. W. L. Abbott, of Atbott, daughter of Mr. W. L. Abbott, of Atlanta, to Mr. Frederick Lambert, of Richmond, Va. The marriage occurred at the beautiful country home of Mrs. J. F. Hester, sister of the bride, and was conducted by Rev. Ford McRae. Mr. and Mrs. Lambert will make their future home in Rich-mond and will be at home after November 15th.

Miss Addie Pharr and Mrs. Barry left yesterday at noon on the Southern vesti-buled for New York.

Mr. H. C. Bagley and family, who have for the past three years occupied the home of Hon. Hoke Smith on West Peachtree, have on account of his return to the city, eased and moved to the handsome new

McAfee cottage, corner of Sixth and Juni-per streets, pending the completion of their new residence on Pledmont avenue. Miss Eva Chamberlin, who has been for the past five weeks in Kentucky, will re-

turn home in a few days. Miss Marion May is at Hot Springs, Va. Mr. and Mrs. James L. Logan are now permanently located, having bought the house at No. 78 East North avenue, next door to Peachtree. They are now at home to their friends.

Dalton, Ga., September 9.—(Special.)—Mr. A. J. Cartwright and Miss Lena Smith, of this city, were married yesterday after-noon at the home of the bride, and left on the Southern railway for Washington, D. C. Mr. Cartwright is head of the big dry goods house of Cartwright Brothers here, and the bride is the daughter of Mr. J. L. Smith, traveling passenger agent of the Memphis and Charleston railroad. Miss Ruby Freeman, of Atlanta, and Mr. F. T. Reynolds attended the couple, while Rev. Z. M. McGhee, of Chattanooga, performed the ceremony.
Miss Mamie Fincher, of Tifton, is visit-

ing in the city.

Miss Hattle Clemons has returned from Jackson, Tenn Miss Annie Pruden has returned from Murphy, N. C.

Will Meet This Afternoon.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold a meeting in the stewards'

room of Trinity church this afternoon at 4 o'clock. An hour spent in studying the Bible will be one of the features of the meeting. A SPLENDID PERFORMANCE.

So Says The Richmond State of Al Field's Minstrels.

Al Field, a big favorite with Atlanta audiences, will make his annual bow next week at the Grand. We can best give an idea of Field's show by reproducing the criticism of the performance which appeared in The Richmond State a few days ago "There was a large audience to give the theatrical new year and Al G. Field's minstrels greeting. There were more ladies in the audience last night than the oldest playgoer in the pit ever saw at a minstrel sho

the audience last night than the oldest playgoer in the pit ever saw at a minstrel show
in Richmond before. The performers deserved this big turn-out of the fair sex, for
the first part, so often marred by coarseness and vulgarity, is made a model entertainment by Al Field, free from the taint
of susgestive songs and gags and the blemish of risque stories.
"Will Walling, the popular tenor, made
the hit of the musical programme when he
sang Miss Julia R. Henning's pretty baby
song, "Bye, Baby Bye-O." The song and
the singer were warmly received and Mr.
Walling was forced to respond to several
encores. Dan Quinian, who has been sitting in the middle of a minstrel circle beyond the memory of the oldest inhabitant
made his annual hit with a Richmond audience, and looked one year younger than
last season, while Nell O'Brien and Lew
Sully kept a whirlwind of fun in constant
motion. Harry Sheldon and J. W. Norton
united with Mr. Walling in supplying a
superior vocal programme, which was uniformly good in selection and rendition. Al
Field, merrier than ever, provoked continuous laughter on the end. The olio, which
embraces a number of high-class specialties, was clever from the opening to the
which takes the place of the conversational
afterpiece, fairly bristles with fun. It
proved a fitting finale and sent the big
audience home in the best of humor."

Walker Whiteside.

Walker Whiteside. It has been many a day since an actor, producing strictly legitimate plays, has created such a stir as Walker Whiteside. I hear from good authority that this now eminent young actor will soon make his first appearance before an Atlanta audi-

All the New York papers, who at first were inclined to ridicule him, are now unan-imous in their praise of his splendid work. Much interest is being manifested in his coming here, and he will doubtless draw the big houses he really deserves.

The Jolly Comedian Is Coming to the Lyceum Next Week. Frederic Bryton, in "Forgiven," closed his engagement at the Lyceum last night, playing to larger business than he did at the opening Tuesday. Tomorrow that well-known sensational drama, "Jim the Penman." will be at the Lyceum. The com-

ed by the veteran actor, Mr. Frank C

JOVIAL JOE HART.

Bangs. Jolly Joe Hart Coming. Jolly, jovial, joking Joe Hart, as he is called, is coming to the Lyceum next Mon-day and Tuesday in "A Gay Old Boy," a

creaming farce comedy. Mr. Hart has surrounded himself with a company that is said to be a most excellent one in every particular. "A Gay Old Boy" was born for fun making only, and is filling his mission in life right well, if reports of him be true, and there is no reason for doubting him. Carrie Demar, that charming little soubrette, pretty and pos-sessed of a fairy's form and a magnificent voice, is with "A Gay Old Boy."

THE PASSING THRONG. Hon. Thomas A. Atkinson, brother of the chief executive of the state, is registered at the Kimball. He will probably remain in

the city several days. Mr. O. F. Bane, of Chicago, president of the Georgia Marble Company, is in the city. Mr. Bane came down in the interest of his company, and will probably remain several

Rev. Henry Quigg, a prominent divine of onyers, Ga., is the guest of the Kimball. Mr. C. A. Reed and wife are at the Kimball. Mr Reed is a prominent mer-chant of Anderson, S. C., and is well known in Atlanta

Mr. J. A. Biebel, of Canton, Ga., is stopping at the Jackson. He is the owner of several large gold mines in the northern part of the state, and is now on his way to South America to settle up his mining terests there.

is the traveling passenger agent for the Plant system, and will probably be in the city several days. Mr. John D. Young, who is connected with

womb and kidney trouble in their

cured me of all my pains.

worst forms.

The Insurance Herald, of Louisville, is registered at the Aragon.

A CRY OF WARNING. "I suffered for years and years with

Vitalized Air 50 Cents.

We call the attention of the nervous and delicate to the painless method. It is ab-A. P. Mcinnis, L.D.S., D.D.S., Manager.

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—Maria Lynam, administratrix of Henry J. Lynan, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, augi3-3mo-thu

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—M. Harralson, as executor of Francis H. Kimbell, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust, W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

The New Season Is here; so are the proper

> wear. The merits of our Boys' Clothes carry weight with parents who appreciate good things at moderate prices.

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Add good Hats and Furnishings to the very best Boys' Clothing-with not a trace of cotton in any fabric used==and you have the secret of our success as Boys' Outfitters.

Clothes, Hats, Furnishings,

38 Whitehall Street.

RAILWAY: -: SCHEDULES.

Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City-Standard Time.

Southern Railway.

Central of Georgia Railway. Western and Atlantic Railroad.

70. ARRIVE FROM No. DEPART TO 3 Nashville. 7 00 am 1 6 Chattanoga. 12 10 pm 5 Chattanoga. 12 10 pm 7 2 Rome. 5 30 pm 1 Nashville. 7 30 pm 1 4 Nashville. 7 32 pm 1 4 Nashville. 8 20 pm Atlanta and West Point Railroad. Newnan ....... 7 35 am 135 Montgomery...

Georgia Railroad.

Seaboard Air-Line. Middle Georgia and Atlantic Ry. Co.

HOME-SEEKERS' **EXCURSION** 

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD ◆GREAT THROUGH LINE◆ Tickets will be sold September 1st, 15th and 29th; October 6th and

20th, good to rerurn 20 days from USED ON THIS PAPER TO DALLAS, TEXAS,

> ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD ONE FARE FOR ROUND TRIP.

> Tickets on sale September 17th, 18th and 19th, good to return October 10th. For further information write to GEORGE W. ALLEN, Trav. Pass. Agent. E. E. KIRBY, City Ticket Agent. 12 Kimball House, Atlanta. JOHN A. GEE, Gen. Pass. Agent.

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Free 'bus meets all trains. We cordially invite the patron. age of the best Business and Commercial Men and Tourists.

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office; August 12, 1896.—O. C. Gill, administrator of John Morgan Jackson, represent that he has fully discharged the duties ohis said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify a persons concerned, to show cause, if an they can, on or before the first Monda in November next, why said administrate should not be discharged from said trus should not be discharged from said trus W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.



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Jim the Penman.

Two Nights Only.

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july14-2months-tu thur sun ST. JOHNS college, Annapolis, Md. One hundred and eighth session begins 16th September. President Thomas Fell, Ph. D., LL D. aug 4 36-t tues thur sat mon

PETHEL MILITARY ACADEMY, Virginia, Walue \$100,060. Located 56 miles from Washington, in Northern Virginia. Prepares for advanced study and for business. Charges extremely low. Patronage from 22 states. Address for illustrated catalogue. Col. R. A. McIntyre, Bethel Academy, P. O., Va. june30-30t-tues thur sat FAUQUEIR INSTITUTE For Young Ladies The 36th year begins Sept. 17th. 1896. Situated in Piedmont region of Va.. on Southern R. R., 34 miles The 36th year begins Sept. 17th. 19 bedmont region of Va.. on Southern rom Washington. Number limited. ddress Geo. G. BULLER, A. M., Prin. July 18-26t sat tu thur

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RIVIERA ITALY, Nov. 7. Tour to the MEDITER
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of style looks absurd. But even style counts for nothing without a perfect fit. We wish to impress on you that in addition to selling "ready-made clothing" we have been making "clothing to measure" ever since we started in business and never yet have we had a garment left on our hands on account of an ill fit. Speaks pretty well for the work we've been turning out, doesn't it? We have just opened a beautiful line of imported and domestic Suitings and Trouserings and would be pleased to take your fall order. We don't want it unless we convince you that we save you Suits to Order \$15 TO \$40 See our window display.

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> disease, but you do not want YOU want to trust to luck if you are afflicted with are afflicted with disease in any form. It is better to employ skillfu physicians at once, as by so doing expense ime and suffering may be avoided. Un-

cians in the treatment of chronic and deli-

cate diseases of both sexes are Dr. Hatha-

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19 July9-ly-last page, 1st col

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Apollo Iron and Steel Company, Pittsburgh, Pa.



# A WISE ATHENIAN.

Increased His Estate \$4000 by Insuring With the Bankers' and Saved Over 50 Per Cent in Premiums.

SEE LETTER BELOW:

Athens, Ga., August 8 1896.—Col. W. A. Hemphill, President Bankers' Guarantee Fund Life Association, Atlanta, Ga. Dear Sir: In behalf of the beneficiaries of my deceased husband, Capt. C. G. Talmadge, who held a policy for \$4,000 in your association, I desire to thank you and all the officers and directors of your excellent company for the promptness with which this claim was paid. It is worthy of mention that this insurance cost only \$18.44 per \$1,000 per annum at age of fifty, while some of his insurance cost more than double this amount.

The south is to be congratulated in having such a prosperous home company furnishing insurance at such fair rates. Yours

truly, Mrs. C. G. Talmadge. For cost, etc., address Craig Cofield, Gen'l Mgr., 541 to 545 Equitable Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. augt 1m

### PETER LYNCH 95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sta.

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos, Hardware, Guns, Pistols. Cartridges and Ammunition; Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons. A Perfect Variety Store. Orders from city and country promptly filled at lowest market price, Terms cash.



BY COMPETENT MEN. WORK SOLICITED AND GUARANTEED. OFFICIAL WATCH INSPECTOR SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW

# BAPTIST GATHERING HOLINESS FOLK MEET

Stone Mountain Association Meets at | Yast Gathering of Southern Holiness Stone Mountain.

DR. JAMESON IS MODERATOR THOUSANDS PRESENT SUNDAY

He Is Chosen as the Presiding Officer of the Gathering-Sessions Will Continue Today.

Over three hundred people were gathered in the Baptist church at Stone Mountain yesterday, to witness the second day's sesion of the Southern Baptist convention. Crowds came from the surrounding secon in vehicles of every description. The

ittle church, that has a seating capacity of hree hundred, was crowded to its doors, pany standing at the windows listening to the workings of the convention.

Dr. Jameson, paster of the West End
Baptist church, was elected permanent

noderator at the morning session. Ragsdale, of Decatur, was elected clerk.

Delegates to the Southern Baptist con vention that will convene at Wilmington, N. C., next May, were selected. Delegates to the Georgia Baptist convention were also selected. This convention will meet at Gainesville, Ga., next April.

The morning mission sermon was preached by Rev. H. D. McDonald, pastor of the

Second Baptist church, of this city.

During the afternoon session education and home missions were discussed. A report on education was read by Rev. C. N. Donaldson. The discussion that followed was entered into by Dr. Ragsdale, of Convers; Dr. A. J. Beck, of Lithonia; William O. Mitchell, of Atlanta; J. L. D. Hillyer, Dr. McDonald and Dr. Landrum, of the First Baptist church, of this city. A report on home missions was read by Mr. J. D. Winchester, of Atlanta. It was

sed at length by Dr. L. Landrum. nember of the foreign missionary board of the Southern Baptist convention. Last night Dr. Ragsdale, of Conyers, delivered a sermon and made a great impression on his hearers. There was a general

nandshaking after the sermon.

The convention will hold a morning ses on today, and will continue throughout he afternoon if the business on hand is not The members of the convention who live

at Stone Mountain and their friends who have so generously taken charge of the delegates, are receiving the congratulations of the entire body of over a hundred delegates. The Stone Mountain Baptists and their friends threw open their homes to the visi-tors and have treated them with genuine Baptist hospitality.

Dr. Jameson, the newly elected moderator of the convention, is one of the most active workers in the state. He has always been at the helm when there is church work on foot, and out of the over forty churches epresented no better moderator could have een placed at the head of the convention, doctor has been pastor of the West End church since its organization, eight years ago. He came to West End from South Carolina, one of the youngest men in the pulpit. There he was the moderator of the state association for four years. His past experience at the head of large asso-ciations has prepared him for the very high honor he received yesterday at the converticn in session at Stone Mountain. Mr Ragsdale, of Decatur, is one of the mos prominent men in the county of DeKalb He is county treasurer, and is held in high esteem by his frinds and associates.

### AT TRINITY TONIGHT.

Epworth Leaguers To Take Up Their Literary Work Again.

The fall opening meeting of the literary department of the Trinity church Epworth League will take place tonight. The meeting will be held at 8 o'clock in the lecture room of the church.

A portion of the programme is given be Hymn-"All Hail the Power of Jesus" Name."
Scripture Reading and Prayer—D. E.
Luther. Address of Welcome-T. P. Bell. Response.

The Deacon's Last Raffle"- M. C. Hymn-"Blessed Assurance."
"Work Among the Sick"-Warren Rob-

erts.
A Few Sayings-By Colonel Seaborn
Smith, lecturer. Smith, lecturer.

Question Box—Conducted by President
Preston. Hymn-"Blest Be the Tie That Binds."
A cordial invitation is extended to all.
Christian Endeavorers, members of the
Baptist Union and Epworth Leaguers are
specially invited.

# TAXES COMING IN FAST.

Collector Payne Is Receipting for Sevcral Thousand Dollars Every Day. The city tax payers are thronging th flice of Collector Payne and a large sum s being collected daily. Several thousand ollars were collected yesterday and the ollectors were kept busy receipting for the money. There remains but about tendays for the payment of taxes without cost, and the property owners appear to be determined to settle up now and avoid the rush, which will be the case a few days before the 20th.

# MR. BELL NO BETTER.

Condition of the Councilman Yesterday Less Favorable Than Tuesday. The condition of Councilman W. S. Bell who is quite sick at his home on Capitol avenue, has not improved. Yesterday the symptoms showed a decline in his condi-tion and his family and friends are very uneasy as to the outcome of the illness of the councilman. Dr. U. O. Robinson is attending Mr. Bell.

Purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparila, which will give you an appetite, tone our stomach and strengthen your nerves.

Nothing contributes more towards sound digestion than the use of Dr. S gert's Angestura Bitters, the celebra

Weak and Sickly, System run down. Strength all gone. Sal low and don't care whether you live or die. You have dyspepsia. Take a few Joses of Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy and it will

cure you. It strengthens, and heaut the complexion. For sale everywhere. Full to Overflowing.

Hunter's school for boys is now full to its utmost capacity. Applicants admitted B. T. HUNTER, Prin.

Withdrawal Notice. On August 31st Mr. S. K. Dick, of Houston, Tex., retired from the firms of S. M. Inman & Co., Atlanta, Ga.; Inman & Co., Houston, Tex., and Inman, Sanders & Co., Bremen, Germany.

Comfortable at Tate. Splendid crowd at Tate Spring, E. Tenn., Special low rate for September, 200 fine place rooms. Write for pamphlet to Thomas Tominson, Tate Spring, Tenn. sep 9 7t .

'Ye Old Booke Shoppe," 23 Marietta Street. School books, new and second-hard. Books bought. sep 4-14t

People at Indian Spring.

The Meeting Will Adjourn Today-Is

the Annual Meeting-Big Crowds of the Past Week. The Holiness camp meeting, which has

been in session for the past ten days, breaks up today. The Indian Spring camp ground, where the meetings of the Holiness denomination have been held for several years past, is the cene of the good old time camp meeting. Here the various denominations are accus tomed to meet every year and have a united

The meeting that adjourns today has been most successful. Over eight thousand people were there on Sunday to join in the united devotions.

While the Methodists predominate at the

Holiness camp meetings there is a goodly number of nearly every denomination. The Baptists, Presbyterians, Episcopa-llans, Unitarians, members of the Christian and Catholic church were well represented at the meeting that adjourned today. The doctrine preached is that as taught by John Wesley, and in the revival of the teachings of this celebrated divine no denominationalsm prevails.

Every wooden tent at the camp grounds has been occupied during the ten days just past. The public house was full, and many were the cloth tents raised around the grounds. The large arbor or tabernacle was hardly large enough to hold the crowds, and on Sundays was useless.

Representatives from all over the south

have always been present at these meetings and this year found delegates from South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tenessee, Louisiana, Texas and Kentucky. The Indian Spring camp grounds are sit uated between Flovilla and the springs. I is the regular meeting place of the Holiness convention and for several years past has been the scene of the good old-time camp meeting style. Georgia sends the largest crowds to the

evivals. Rev. W. A. Dodge, president of the north Georgia Holiness convention, al-ways accompanies a large party of delegates, but owing to illness in his family, he was unable to attend. However, a large delegation of the north Georgia division at tended. Rev. George W. Matthews, president of

the South Georgia Holiness convention, was on hand with a large delegation. He brought a large crowd from southern Georgia and they were very prominent in the success of the meeting. The convention adjourns to-day and the delegates will return to their homes. A large party will pass this city. Atlanta had quite a large representation many of them returning yesterday. They all are of the opinion that it was the most successful of the many meetings that have been held on the old camp grounds. They say the entire ten days was spent in general rejoicing and hand-shaking.

### JONES MEETINGS BEGIN TODAY. The Annual Series Which Will Continue Ten Days To Start.

Sam Jones's tabernacle meetings, which have become a feature of Georgia religious life, will begin at the famous Sam Jones tabernacle, at Cartersville, today. These meetings will continue a week and will be conducted by Rev. Sam Jones, assisted by number of able Methodist ministers. Mr. Jones will preach about once a day, and his presence will attract a great rowd from north Georgia every day while he meeting is in progress. The personal crowd from north Georgia every day while the meeting is in progress. The personal popularity of the evangelist is always a strong element in the meetings. He always draws, even among the people of Bartow county, where he has been preaching a great many years. The tabernacle has a targe seating capacity and is nearly always filled during the progress of the meetings.

Mr. Jones will run down to Atlanta Sun-lay afternoon to participate in the cele-oration of the anniversary of the Barclay mission. He will speak at the mission an-niversary meeting Sunday night. This neeting is to be held at the Moody taber-lacle and will be a notable feature. Speech-s will be made by a number of prominent tentiemen in addition to Mr. Jones. gentiemen in addition to Mr. Jor

Cure Tobacco Habit for 25c. Ask your druggist for Sure Quit. It's a hewing gum for the tobacco habit. Re-tores normal action to the heart, stom-ch, kidneys and sexual organs. Booklet ree. Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich sart the thur

What Combined Capital Can Do. One man can accomplish but little with fty or one hundred dollars in investment Co., 35 Brondway, New York. They take the combined investment of their many customers and with that are able to govern fluctuations, to withstand temporary setbacks and to reap handsome profits. The sixth annual statement of that firm, just published in the shape of an elegant and highly interesting book, contains full information and convincing proofs and is sent free to investors. It takes years of experience and sharp observation to succeed on the speculative markets. E. S. Dean & Co. are brokers noted for these valuable qualities.

At the Scotia.

At the Scotia.

Miss Elizabeth McArthur, the popular and efficient music teacher, has taken rooms temporarily at the "Scotia," 28 Houston street. Her permanent address will be given within a few days. Her many friends sympathize with her in her sad bereavement over the loss of her sister, Miss Mary McArthur, who died a few days ago.

The King of Pills is Beecham's-BEECH.

Off for Virginia. Mrs. D. H. Stewart left yesterday morning for Boanoke, Va., with fifteen girls for the Virginia college. This S one of the most popular schools in Virginia and araws large petronage from this part of the country.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

New and Secondhand, And all kinds of school supplies. A useful present presented with each purchase, at JOHN M. MILLER'S, 39 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

Southern Pacific Co. "Sunset Route." Southern Pacific Co. "Sunset Route."

One fare to Dalias, Tex., and return, on account of the meeting of the sovereign grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, September 21, 1896. Tickets on sale September 17th, 18th and 19th, and good until October 1st. Quickest time, superior service, via New Orleans and the Southern Pacific Company. For further particulars, write or call on W. R. FAGAN, T. P. A.,

No. 18 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

Tickets will be extended to October 19th if deposited with ticket agent at Dalias prior to September 30th.

2023-19t

SCHOOL BOOKS,

New and Secondhand, And all kinds of school supplies. A useful present presented with each purchase, at JOHN M. MILLER'S.
39 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

# A Jackdaw Among Peacocks

That's the effect some men's Clothes have upon them when they mingle in a crowd of well dressed people-make them look like jackdaws among peacocks. Avoid the possibility of that undesirable distinction by selecting from our superb autumn styles. In grace and elegance, tone and quality our Suits rank equal with the best productions of ultra fashionable custom tailors and prices are less than half-frequently less

Our Clothing will never stamp you as a wearer of ready-made.



# We Lead the Procession.

Have us do your Plumbing, Gas Fitting, Sewer Pipe Work, Steam Fitting, Hot Air Furnaces, Hot Water Heating, Ornamental, Galvanized Iron Work, Tin and Slate Roofing.

We will do more work and furnish more material than any firm in the state, and for less money. We employ mechanics that are up in their profession-pride themselves on their work. We furnished and put up complete seventy-one water closets ready for use in the last seven days. Who can equal it?

We carry from 300 to 500 in stock all the time, and can put them in on short notice. You don't have to wait for your goods. We have always got them. Our prices on Mantels, Tile, Grates and Gas Fixtures speak for themselves. Nobody can sell them as cheap. Give us

We do the Plumbing for the people; our price gets it.



INDIA'S NUMEROUS DEVILS.

Queer Superstitions of the Asiatics. Of all places in the world, if one excludes its nether suburbs, India is the one in which the satanic race receives the greatest attegether with that of evil spirits, or devils. The non-Aryan races, however, are con-cerned especialy with the latter, for their religion consists more in the propitiating of evil spirits than in the pleasing of good ones to whom they may look for reward. Most of the famous Indian devils are souls of the departed who have died a natural death; nor is it necessary that the dead death; nor is it necessary that the dead should have been men of evil fame; even the saints of this world are looked upon as obnoxious after their demise. By far the most amusing demon in the peninsula is the spirit of a certain Captain Pole, who was mertally wounded at the taking of the Tra-vancore lines in 1809. Why he sould have been especially selected for such a distinction, I do not know, but he is even at the present time invoked by some of the Shan-ars, who place upon his altar spirituous li-quors and cheroots. Among the people I have mentioned it is the custom to con-struct a pe-koil, or devil-temple, in almost every village. This is sometimes a kind of hut built of bamboo and mud, but more com monly a pyramidal heap of clay, streaked with whitewash and red ochre, which serves for both devil and temple in Before it there is modeled a flattened heap temple is usually put under a large tree, beneath whose shade the worshipers assemble. A tale is told about a European who steadfastly declined to present a kid to the local satan, even though assured of a lucrative government appointment should he do so. Sometimes a number of bells are suspended near to a pe-koil, not for the purpose of frightening away its owner, but in order that the barbaric music may delight his ears. It is narrated in the Sanskrit Hitopadesa that a certain devil, who rejoiced in the name of Ghantakarna, mean-

ing bell-ear, had one of his pearls stolen by a sacrilegious thief, who, while making off with the bell, was surprised by a tiger. The missing musical instrument was dis-covered by a troop of monkeys, who persisted in ringing it so assiduously that the neighboring villagers, believing their dem-on to be seriously annoyed, and to be sounding his bell in protest, deserted their homes en masse in serious alarm. An old woman of the village had her own opinion on the subject. She approached the king with an offer to recover the bell from the demon, the and was promised the most liberal remuner-aws ation if she accomplished her purpose. Some fruit thrown upon the ground engaged the attention of the monkeys, during whose meal she was able to make off with their plaything, which was restored to the tem-ple immediately. The death of Shanar children is generally

put down to devils, especially in a family where many of them die. If a father loses his first two children, and the third should his first two children, and the third should be a boy, this last is dedicated to a devil from his birth, and is known as "Payen," or "The Devil's Own," a name at which we Englishmen cannot but smile, as being that of a collection of persons somewhat less innocent than the late acquisition of an Indian village, which innocent is decorated with a bracelet and a gold ring through the nose, as charms against the evil one, nor are these taken off until he reaches manhood.

CASTORIA. CASTORIA. 11 cm The fac-simile eignavire Chart Fletchers CASTORIA.

"Ye Old Booke Shoppe," 23 Marietta

# FAMOUS INSCRIPTION.

Carved on a Stone Marking the Great Fire of London.

From Spare Moments.
On August 20, 1876, was discovered in Pudding lane, where the great fire of Lonthe satance race receives the greatest action. Every Aryan and non-Aryan Hindoo and Buddhist race, as well as every race original English inscription that was placed of the Malayan and eastern archipelagoes, on the monument erected close by in mem-acknowledges the existence of good spirits, ory of that event. This great fire covered ory of that event. This great fire covered with ruins 396 acres, extending from the Tower westward to the Temple church, and from the northeast gate to Holborn bridge, destroying St. Paul's cathedral and eighty-seven other churches, the city gates, the Royal exchange, the custom house, Guild hall. Sion house, which was then by London wall, and many other public buildings, besides 13,200 private ho ing waste 400 streets. About 200,000 persons were forced to encamp in the fields of Islington and Highgate; but only eight deaths were reported as resulting from this

The monument was erected according to the design and direction of Sir Christopher Wren between the years 1671 and 1677. The pedestal is forty feet high, and the edifice altogether 202 feet, that being the distance of its base from the spot where the fire commenced which it commemorates. The taircase inside consists of 345 steps of black marble. It is the loftiest isolated column in the world, and therefore has proved a tempting position for persons of suicidal inclinations. In consequence o these fatalities a fence was placed round the railing of the gallery in 1839. But though this monument was rightly and worthily erected to commemorate the fire inasmuch as it led to so little loss of hu-man life, and, moreover, to the city being rebuilt on more favorable sanitary princription that the dread and suspicion with which Roman Catholics were then regarded caused to be placed upon it was, ow allow, a false and groundless accusa-

There were three other inscriptions in Latin, but it was the English one, cut in 1681, that propagated this slander. The words inscribed were as follows: "This pil-lar was set up in perpetual remembrance of the most dreadful burning of this Protestant city, begun and carried on by ye treachery and malice of ye popish faction in the beginning of September, in ye year of our Lord 1666, in order to ye carrying on their horrid plot for extinguishing ye Prot-estant religion and old English liberty, and ye introducing popery and slavery."
The burning at the stake for their religious opinions of 277 persons in England and Wales during the reign of Mary, the repeated plots by priests and other members of the Romish church to assassinate Queen Elizabeth, which occasioned the execution of Mary, queen of Scots; gunpowder plot, in the reign of James I, to destroy kings, lords and commons, all combined to make British Protestants dread popery: and ever if they did not suspect Charles II of being a Roman Catholic, which he was in truth, and avowed himself upon his deathbed, yet they knew that his brother, the duke of York, who would succeed him as James II, was professedly a member of that church, and therefore they had readily be lieved in that "popish plot," which was only a fiction of Titus Oates and others, but for which the aged Viscount Stafford was executed on December 29, 1680, besides seventeen other Roman Catholics. Naturally, this inscription was obliterated by James II, and though it was revived in the reign of William III, to assist in justi-

the reign of William III, to assist in justi-fying his taking the throne of that former sovereign, his father-in-law, yet it was finally, as a falsehood, removed by order of the common council of the city of Lon-don on January 26, 1831.

When you reach home worn out with overwork, or oppressed by the heat, bathe the face and hands, or whole person, with Pond's Extract and water. Nothing is so refreshing and invigorating. Beware of imitations.

Dr. J. Harvey Moore. will return October 1st and resume hi practice on diseases of the eye, ear, throa and nose at his offices, 307 and 308 Norcros building, Atlanta. sep 6-10t sun tues thur

FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY. 17 E. Alabama St. Examine our stock before buyi per cent. Repairing. Phone 230. New Fall **Tailoring Novelties** 

A brilliant display of early Fall and Winter Suitings in the newest effects, in Cheviots, Worsteds and all the latest weaves, for dress and business wear. Place your order for a Winter Suit with us and insure

> Correct Style Best Workmanship Perfect Fit

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R. F. MADDOX, J. W. RUCKER, Vice Presidents. 7. J. 11FFIFS, G. A. NICOISON, Cashier, Asst. Con. MADDOX=RUCKER BANKING CO.

Capital and Surplus \$200,000. : : : Stockholders' Liability \$320,000 Solicit accounts of individuals, firms, corporations and banks, upon favorable terms. No interest allowed on open accounts subject to check. In our Savings Department we furnish books and receive amounts from \$1.00 up to \$5,000, on which interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent per anum. For out of town customers we issue certificates of deposit, bearing interest at 4 per cent. Withdrawals can be made only on presentation of the book or certificate.



We have bought out the stock of the Southern Trunk & Bag Co. We will sell all Trunks and Traveling Bags at prime cost for next 30 days.

# NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY. LIEBERMAN.

92 WHITEHALL ST.

NORTHEN & DUNSON.

Real Estate and Loans. TO LOAN—Two sums, \$3,000 and \$1,200, in bank to loan from 1 to 5 years.
FOR RENT—Desk and space in our office, 400 Equitable building.
NEW HOUSE, Piedmont avenue, east front, lot well shaded, for sale at \$6,500. Make us an offer for it.
WASHINGTON ST.—8-room house, lot 54x 140, north of Richardson street, for \$5,500. KIMBALL ST.—7-room house, large lot, covered with oak grove, \$8,000.
BALTIMORE PLACE—New 7-room house, north front, reduced from \$7,000 to \$6,250.
BARGAIN in Intral property, near center of city, 50x200, alley side and in rear, for only \$20,000.
MONEY TO LOAN—6 and 8 per cent. Office 400 Equitable. Telephone 1208.



GORDON SCHOOL BUILDING.

Itable for Manufacturing Purposes. Gas,
Water and Steam heat. For terms apply to Roby Robinson, No. 12 Equitable
building.

# ANSLEY BROS. Real Estate Loans & Renting Agents

\$2,200—For an elegant lot in block and a half of Peachtree, on one of best cross streets, 50x143, very cheap.
\$5,000—Piedmont avenue house and lot, 8 rooms, cheap.
\$1,200—Store and 4-room house, Marietta street: rents for \$12.50 p.r month.
\$7,500—Beautiful Peachtree lot, must go. One of the prettiest on street.
\$1,000—5-room house on electric line, corner lot. \$2,250-For two elevated nice lots on paved

street, north side; splendid invest-ment. \$500—Decatur lot, three-quarters of an acre, TELEPHONE, 363. Office, 12 East Alabama

# FOR RENT OR LEASE.

The three-story building with basement, corner Alabama and Loyd Sts., formerly occupied Jack's Steam Bakery. It has a front of 50 feet on Alabama street, and will make a splendid wholesale house. Has railroad trackage. W.A. Hemphill. branches. Highest testimonials. 88 SPRING STREET, ATLANTA, GA-

ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON. Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree St.

Peachtree St.

Telephone 1075.

1,300 ACRES in Greene county; Georga railroad runs through this land for a half mile; one mile from depot; land lies perfect, not washed, about one-half cleared, balance original forest hard wood; would make a splendid stock farm or hay fields. In fact, you can raise anything that grows in this country on this land, and you can buy same at the sum of \$5 per acre. This is your chance to put your money away safely, no matter if silver or gold wins. Come and see us.

DO YOU WANT a home? If so, we have several bargains. A beautiful corner

Come and see us.

DO YOU WANT a home? If so, we have several bargains. A beautiful corner home on Whitehall street; an elegant home on Georgia avenue; a perfect ideal of a home on Juniper street; just the home you want in Inman Park. In fact, we have them all over the city and at prices that will suit your pocketbook.

WE HAVE a 5-r. cottage well built, stable, fine spring, young orchard, 9% acres of land in all; fronts Marietta road, which we can sell at a bargain, or trade for a home near Howell station.

WE HAVE some very cheap homes for sale or exchange, ranging from 3750 to \$2,500, in all parts of the city, on very easy terms. If you wish to buy or exchange, call and let us talk about the property we have to sell. We know we can do you good.

OUR RENT LIST is small, but we have a few nice homes yet to rent, and several good business houses; also offices and bedrooms. Should you be looking for either, call to see us. call to see us.
WE HAVE several amounts of money in
bank here to place, and if property if
bank here to place, and if you up al

# Real Estate Bargains

Three 2-room houses near W. Fair, \$500. 45x146 Merritts avenue, \$1,300.

4-r. h., paved st., 40x130; \$50 cash, \$15 per cent, \$1,250. Good nice Capitol avenue lot, east front, 50x200; terms to suit, \$1,000. 13½ acres 5 miles from carshed, to exchange, \$1,800.

G. W. ADAIR, FORREST ADAIR G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Renting Agent, 14 Wall St., Kimball House

FOR RENT

Three blocks from the union depot, is one of the best portions of the city, on the north side, and very near Peachtree

for rent. Every bedroom has a private spacious hallways and piazzas. I desire first-class tenant immediately.

Near in, in choice localities. I have also several smaller boarding houses of 12 rooms which are very desirable. Call or write me for particulars. G. W. Adair, 14 Wall at.

CHAS. H. SMITH,

VOL.

ANOTHER

Run on the Mut

OFFICERS CL

MUTUAL CALLS UPO

and Aid Treasury

New Orleans, National bank ing. The effect has been disc to be in a bad had loans and \$447.735; owed in had undivided other banks \$13,2 Shortly after

\$200,000. bank failed, a rui and the collapse appeared inevital started on Satu and Saturday be New Orleans, I of the sore-pre day it had a clearing bouse other banks of came to the re enough to meet a Monday. Large sums treasury was par as fast as possi

day the run The president has been mainta ing out their me The mexpecte National Wedne of depositors an on the Mutual. had, on the firs Mutual \$100,000, a which had bee Mutual tendered other lot of coll ther assistance This the clearing suspension of morning. The pr "The bank of which we have a for dollar." President Baldwi

"The officers of

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distress is expect ties of such a banks in lending curity offered by sidered the prop justify the clear loan and the ass The Mutual N was reduced In January, 1815 of the Traders last night the earnestly discuing house ban-checks more the in one day. A made by cert shall be receive ing house bank This step was Employers of the money to meet ertificates sim 1893. The saving prevent a run rule. This is A depositor mu his intention to There are no case of the 1 Chalaron is bit precipitate acti luson and wi There are all ors and one fo

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by telegraph \$

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Augustine tonig

RED-HOT SI

A 20-ROOM BOARDING HOUSE

Joe Allen quarr silver question. Weidman fatal len twice, causi Both men leave f politics.